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Wednesday 12 September 2018, at 1pm New York

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Front cover: Lot 1082 Back cover: Lot 1005

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Japanese and Korean works of art team

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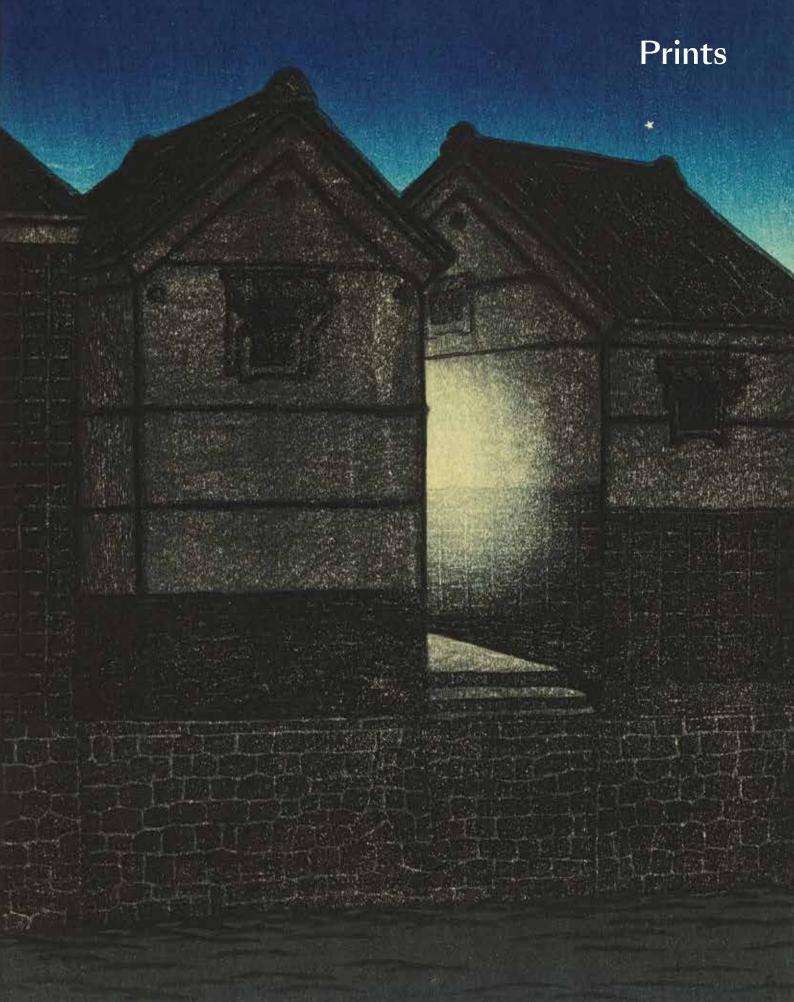


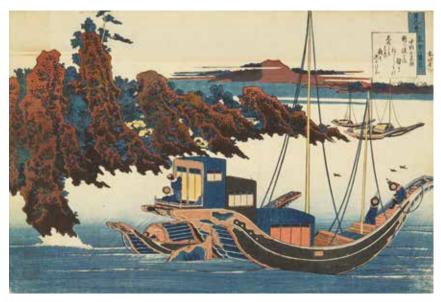
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1001



1002



1003

KATSUSHIKA HOKUSAI (1760-1849)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1835-1836

A *oban yoko-e* print of *Otomo no Yakamochi* (Poem by Chunagon Yakamochi), from the series *Hyakunin isshu uba ga etoki* (100 Poems Explained by the Nurse), circa 1835-1836, publisher Nishimura Yohachi (Eijudo), censor's seal *Kiwame*, signed *Saki no Hokusai Manji* 9 3/4 x 14 4/3in (25 x 37.5cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500

1002

TOTOYA HOKKEI (1870-1850)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1821

A surimono shikishi-ban print of Kaizukushi (Shell Hunting), circa 1821, signed Hokkei 8 7/16 x 7 1/8in (21.3 x 18.1cm)

\$800 - 1,200

1003

TORII KIYONAGA (1752-1815), UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858), AND SUZUKI HARUNOBU (1794-1770)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1770-1852

Two oban tate-e prints and a koban tate-e print; Kuma wo tenohira ni noseru Kintaro (Kitaro Holding a Bear on His Palm), circa early 19th century, published by Nishimuraya Yohachi (Eijudo), signed Kiyonaga ga; Beauty Feeding Sparrows, circa 1847-1852, published by Ibaya Senzaburo (Dansendo), censor's seals Kinugasa, Watanabe, signed Hiroshige ga; and Courtesan Playing Koto, from the series Seiro bijin awase (A Picture Book of Beautiful Women of the Green Houses) (framed), circa 1770 (3)

15 1/8 x 10 3/16 (38.5 x 26cm) 14 5/8 x 9 7/8in (37 x 25cm)

8 3/16 x 5 5/8in (20.8 x 14.3cm) print 11 1/8 x 8 1/2in (28.4 x 21.8cm) overall

\$1,000 - 1,500









1004 1005

1004

TOTOYA HOKKEI (1870-1850), AND KUBO SHUNMAN (1757-1820)

Edo period (1615-1868), early 19th century

Two surimono shikishiban; the first entitled Mieido ogi, from the series Edo meibutsu (Noted Products of Edo), circa 1824, signed Hokkei ga; Ohitsu, sasshi, hina-ningyo (The Doll Festival, Third Day of the Third Month), signed Sho sei(2) 7 7/8 x 7 1/4in (20 x 18.4cm)

8 1/4 x 7 3/8in (21 x 18.7cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500

Published

Mirviss, J, 1995, The Frank Lloyd Wright Collection of Surimono, Weatherhill, p. 215, #119, the first only

1005

TOTOYA HOKKEI (1870-1850), AND ANONYMOUS Edo period (1615-1868), early 19th century

Comprising four surimono prints, two shikishiban, a hosoban yoko-e, and a koban tate-e; the first entitled Santo no uchi, Edo Musashi abumi (Edo, Musashi, Stirrup), circa 1818-1830, signed Hokkei; the second depcting Ochoshi, Mizusashi and Iwaibashi (A Sake Pitcher, A Water Jar and Festive Chopsticks); the third with a cart holding books; the last with a woman with a festival banner (4)

8 1/8 x 7 3/16in (20.8 x 18.3cm) 7 5/8 x 7 1/16in (19.4 x 18cm) 5 5/8 x 11 1/16in (14.2 x 28cm) 7 3/8 x 3 5/16in (18.8 x 8.5cm)

\$2,000 - 3,000



1006



1007



1008

YASHIMA GAKUTEI (1786-1868), ISSHUSAI KUNIKAZU (1848-1868), UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864), UTAGAWA KUNISADA II (KUNIMASA III, TOYOKUNI IV, 1823-1880), AND UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE II (SHIGENOBU, 1826-1869)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1834-1864

Comprising two oban yoko-e, a chuban yoko-e and an oban tate-e print; Osaka Ajikawa Tenpozan Amayatori (Osaka's Aji River from the Rain Shelter on Mount Tenpo), circa 1834, signed Gogaku; Sagami, Actors Arashi Rikan III as Yamauba and Arashi Rikan II as Sakata Kintoki, from the series Dai Nippon rokuju-yo-shu (The 60-odd Provinces of Great Japan), circa 1862, signed Kunikazu ga; Sono sugata yukari no utsushi-e sanju-ku (No. 39 from the series Magic Lantern Slides of That Romantic Purple Figure), circa 1851, published by Izumiya Ichibei (Kansendo), censor's seals Kinugawa, Murata, signed Ichiyusai Toyokuni ga; and Wakamurasaki from the series Nise Genji gojuyo-jo (54 Chapters of the False Genji), circa 1864, published by Tsutaya Kichizo (Koeido), signed Bichoro Kunisada hitsu (on main image), Ryusai (on fan inset)(4) 9 13/16 x 14 3/4in (24.8 x 37.5cm) 7 3/8 x 9 3/8in (18.5 x 24cm) 10 1/8 x 14 3/4in (25.6 x 37.3cm) 14 1/4 x 9 1/2in (36.2 x 24cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

1007

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858) Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1833-1844

Comprising five oban yoko-e prints; Totsuka, Motomachi betsudo (Totsuka: Motomachi Fork), first version, circa 1833-1834, publisher Tsuruya Kiemon (Senkakudo), censor's seal Kiwame; Hara, Asa no Fuji (Hara: Mount Fuji in the Morning), circa 1833-1834; Odawara, Sakawagawa kachiwatashi (Odawara: Fording the Sakawa River), circa 1841-1844; Kuwana, Kaijo Shichiri no watashiguchi (Kuwana: Sea Ferry Terminal at Shichiri), circa 1841-1844; and Narumi, meibutsu Arimatsu shibori (Narumi: Famous Arimatsu Tie-Dyed Fabric), circa 1833-1834, publisher Takenouchi Magohachi (Hoeido); all from the series Tokaido gojusan tsugi no uchi (53 Stations of the Tokaido Road), each signed Hiroshige ga(5) 9 x 14in (22.8 x 35.5cm) each approximately

\$1,800 - 2,500

1008

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858) Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1843-1853

Comprising three aiban yoko-e and two oban yoko-e prints; Ishibe, Oiso, and Tsuchiyama, Suzukayama uchu no zu (Tsuchiyama: The Suzuka Mountains in the Rain), each from the series Tokaido gojusan tsugi no uchi (53 Stations of the Tokaido Road), circa 1843-1847, censor's seal Hama, signed Hiroshige ga; Asukayama hanami no zu (Cherry-blossom Viewing at Asuka Hill), censor's seals Kinugasa, Murata, Ushi machi, and Shin Yoshiwara Nihon-zutsumi mikaeri no yanagi (The Willow Tree of Farewells to Guests at Nihon Embankment in the New Yoshiwara), censor's seals Mera, Watanabe, Ushi juni, both from the series Edo meisho (Famous Places in Edo), circa 1853, published by Yamadaya Shojiro, signed Hiroshige ga(5) 8 3/8 x 12 1/2in (21 x 32cm) each approximately 9 3/4 x 13 7/8in (25 x 35.5cm) each approximately

\$1,200 - 1,800

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1843-1854

Comprising three oban yoko-e prints; the first entitled Nihonbashi yukibare no asa (Clear Morning After Snow at Nihonbashi Bridge), from the series Edo meisho (Famous Places in Edo), circa 1848-1849, published by Fujiokaya Keijiro (Shorindo), censor's seals Muramatsu, Yoshimura; the second entitled Ryogokubashi hanabi no zu (Fireworks at Ryogoku Bridge), from the series Toto meisho (Famous Places in the Eastern Capital), circa 1843-1847, published by Ezakiya Tatsuzo Sengyokudo; and the last entitled Akasaka Higashi Gomonzeki (Higashi Honganji Temple at Akasaka), from the series Edo meisho (Famous Places in Edo), circa 1854, published by Yamadaya Shojiro, censor's seals Aratame, Tora juichi; each signed Hiroshige ga (3)

9 7/8 x 14in (25.1 x 35.7cm) 8 5/8 x 13 1/4in (22 x 33.6cm) 9 1/2 x 14in (24.2 x 35.5cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

1010

RYUSAI MASAZUMI (ACTIVE CIRCA 1818-1854), AND **UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)**

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1843-1858

Comprising an aiban yoko-e, three oban tate-e, and a chuban yoko-e print; Jakko from the series Nikko meisho jukkei no uchi (Ten Famous Places in Nikko), circa 1843-1847, published by Takahashiya Takakichi (Bun'eido), censor's seal Tanaka, signed Ryusai Masazumi ga; Sagami Shichiri-ga-hama fuha (Wind-tossed Waves at Seven-Mile Beach in Sagami Province), from the series Fuji sanjurokkei (36 Views of Mount Fuji), circa 1852, published by Sanoya Kihei (Kikakudo), censor's seals Fuku, Muramatsu, signed Hiroshige; Mimasaka, Yamabushidani (Mimasaka Province: Yamabushi Valley), from the series Rokujuyoshu meisho zue (Famous Places in the 60-Odd Provinces), circa 1853, published by Koshimuraya Heizuke (Koshihei), censor's seals Aratame, Ushi juni, signed Hiroshige hitsu; Suruga Satta kaijo (The Sea off Satta in Suruga Province) and Shimosa Kogane hara (Shimosa Plain in Shimosa Province), from the series Fuji sanjurokkei (36 Views of Mount Fuji), both circa 1858, published by Tsutava Kichizo (Koeido), censor's seal Uma shi, signed Hiroshige ga (5)

9 x 13 5/8in (22.7 x 34.7cm) 7 1/16 x 9 5/8in (18 x 24.5cm) 14 3/4 x 10in (37.4 x 25.5cm) each approximately



UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1843-1857

Comprising an oban yoko-e and two oban tate-e prints; Ueno Toeizan (Toeizan Temple at Ueno), from the series Edo meisho (Famous Places in Edo), circa 1843-1847, published by Aritaya Seiemon, censor's seal Tanaka, signed Hiroshige ga; Tamagawa-zutsumi no hana (Cherry Blossoms on the Tama River Embankment), circa 1856, censor's seals Aratame, Tatsu ni; Kasumigaseki, circa 1857, censor's seals Aratame, Mi sho, both from the series, Meisho Edo Hyakkei (100 Famous Views of Edo) published by Uoya Eikichi, signed Hiroshige ga(3)

9 1/16 x 13 3/4in (23 x 34.8cm) 14 3/4 x 10 3/8in (37.5 x 26.4cm) 14 1/4 x 9 1/2in (36.2 x 24cm)



1009



1010



1011



1012



1014



1013

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858) Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1856-1857

Comprising four oban tate-e prints; Hakkeizaka Yoroikakematsu (The Armor-hanging Pine at Hakkeizaka), circa 1856, censor's seals Aratame, tatsu go; Oji Otonashigawa entai, sezoku Otaki to tonau (Dam on the Otonashi River at Oji, Popularly Known as "The Great Waterfall"), circa 1857, censor's seals Aratame, Mi ni; Yoroi no watashi Koami-cho (Yoroi Ferry, Koami-cho), circa 1857, censor's seals Aratame, Mi ju; and Meguro Taikobashi Yuhinooka (Meguro Drum Bridge and Sunset Hill), circa 1857; each from the series Meisho Edo hyakkei (100 Famous Views of Edo), published by Uoya Eikichi, signed Hiroshige ga (4)

14 1/4 x 9 9/16in (36.3 x 24.3cm) each approximately

\$1,500 - 2,500

1013

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1847-1857

Comprising three oban tate-e and two oban yoko-e prints; the first entitled Yanagishima, from the series Meisho Edo hyakkei (100 Famous Views of Edo), circa 1857, published by Uoya Eikichi, censor's seals Mi shi, Aratame, signed Hiroshige ga; Kanaya, Sakamichi yori Oigawa chobo (No. 25, Kanaya: View of the Oi River from the Uphill Road), and Akasaka, Nawatemichi nite Yajirobei Kitahachi o kitsune to omohite chochaku suru (No. 37, Akasaka: On the Nawate Road, Yajirobei Takes Kitahachi for a Fox and Beats Him), both from the series Gojusan tsugi meisho zue (Famous Sights of the 53 Stations), circa 1855, published by Tsutaya Kichizo, censor's seals Aratame, U shichi, signed Hiroshige hitsu; Meguro Fudoson (Sacred Fudo in Meguro), from the series Edo meisho (Famous Places in Edo), circa 1854, published by Yamadaya Shojiro, censor's seal Tora juichi, signed Hiroshige ga; the last entitled Saruwaka-machi shibai (Theater in Saruwaka-machi), from the series Toto meisho (Famous Places in the Eastern Capital), circa 1847-1852, published by Sanoya Kihei (Kikakudo), censor's seals Kinugawa, Watanabe, signed

14 1/4 x 9 5/8in (36 x 24.4cm) each approximately 9 3/4 x 14 3/16in (24.6 x 36.1cm) each approximately



1015

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), 1857

An oban tate-e print entitled Nihonbashi Edobashi (Nihonbashi Bridge and Edobashi Bridge), from the series Meisho Edo hyakkei (100 Famous Views of Edo), 1857, published by Uoya Eikichi, censor's seals Aratame, Mi juni, signed Hiroshige ga 14 5/8 x 9 15/16in (37.2 x 25.2cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

1015

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1856-1857

Comprising two oban tate-e prints; the first entitled Akasaka kiribatake (Paulownia Plantation at Akasaka), circa 1856, censor's seals Aratame, Tatsu shi; the second entitled Sumidagawa Hashiba no watashi kawaragama (Tile Kilns and Hashiba ferry, Sumida River), circa 1857, censor's seals Aratame, Mi shi; both from the series Meisho Edo hyakkei (100 Famous Views of Edo), published by Uoya Eikichi, signed Hiroshige ga(2)

14 1/4 x 9 5/8in (36 x 24.2cm) each approximately

\$1,000 - 1,500

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UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1857-1858

Comprising two oban tate-e prints; Meguro Jijigachaya (Grandpa's Teahouse, Meguro), circa 1857, censor's seals Aratame, Mi shi; Haneda no watashi Benten no yashiro (Haneda Ferry and Benten Shrine), circa 1858; both from the series Meisho Edo hyakkei (100 Famous Views of Edo), published by Uoya Eikichi, signed Hiroshige ga(2)

14 1/2 x 9 7/8in (37 x 25cm) 14 3/8 x 9 1/8in (35.5 x 23.2cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500

1017

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1856

An oban tate-e print entitled Fukagawa kiba (Fukagawa Lumberyards), from the series Meisho Edo hyakkei (100 Famous Views of Edo), circa 1856, published by Uoya Eikichi, censor's seals Aratame, Tatsu hachi, signed Hiroshige hitsu 14 1/8 x 9 15/16in (35.7 x 25.2cm)



1016



1017





1019



1020

1018

(TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864), TSUKIOKA YOSHITOSHI (1839-1892), AND UTAGAWA YOSHITORA (ACTIVE CIRCA 1836-1887) Edo period (1615-1868) to Meiji era (1868-1912), 1857-1878 Comprising eight oban tate-e prints; Oji Shozoku enoki omisoka no kitsunebi (New Year's Eve Foxfires at the Changing Tee, Oji), from the series Meisho Edo hyakkei (One Hundred Famous Views of Edo), 1857, published by Uoya Eikichi, censor's seals Aratame, Mi ku, signed Hiroshige ga; Actor Ichikawa Kodanji IV as Iwakawa and Actor Nakamura Fukusuke I as Shirafuji, both from the series Mitate shusse sumo (Imaginary Comparison of Rising Sumo Wrestlers), 1858, published by Otaya Takichi, censor's seal Ushi shichi; Sawamura Tanosuke III as Yaegaki-hime, 1861, published by Kagaya Kichiemon, censor's seal Tori ku aratame, each signed Toyokuni ga; two actor's prints from the series Kinsei suikoden (A Modern Shuihuzhuan), both 1862, published by Iseya Kanekichi, censor's seal Inu ni aratame, signed Kio Toyokuni ga; Motto furasetai (Want To Let It Snow More) from the series Mitate tai zukushi (A Collection of Women's Desires), 1878, published by Inoue Mohei, signed Oju Taiso Yoshitoshi; the last, Beauty under Willow, 1857, published by Yamadaya Shojiro, censor's seals Mi go, Aratame, signed Kinchoro Yoshitora ga(8) 14 5/8 x 9 3/4in (37 x 25cm) the largest

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858),UTAGAWA KUNISADA I

\$1,500 - 2,000

12 1/2 x 8 7/8in (32 x 22.5cm) the smallest

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), 1855

An oban tate-e print entitled Numazu, Ashigarayama Fuji no yukibare (Numazu: Fuji in Clear Weather after Snow, from the Ashigara Mountains), No. 13 from the series Gojusan tsugi meisho zue (Famous Sights of the 53 Stations), 1855, published by Tsutaya Kichizo (Koeido), censor's seals Aratame, U shichi, signed Hiroshige

14 1/8 x 9 7/16in (35.8 x 24.4cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

1020

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1833-1858

Comprising two oban tate-e and an oban yoko-e print; the first entitled Ise Futami-ga-ura (Futami-ga-ura in Ise Province), from the series Fuji sanjurokkei (36 Views of Mount Fuji), circa 1858, published by Tsutaya Kichizo (Koeido), censor's seal Uma shi; Hara, Aso no Fuji (Hara: Mount Fuji in the Morning), from the series Tokaido gojusan tsugi no uchi (53 Stations of the Tokaido Road), circa 1833-1834, published by Takenouchi Magohachi (Hoeido), censor's seal Kiwame, the text to the right of the title is an advertisement for Senjoko, a face powder; both signed Hiroshige ga; Hoki, Ono, Daisen enbo (Hoki Province: Ono, Distant View of Mount Daisen), from the series Rokujuyoshu meisho zue (Famous Places in the 60-odd Provices), circa 1853, published by Koshimuraya Heisuke (Koshihei), censor's seals Aratame, Ushi juni, signed Hiroshige hitsu(3) 14 x 9 3/4in (36 x 24cm) each approximately 9 1/4 x 14 1/8in (23.5 x 36cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

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UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1855-1858

Comprising three oban tate-e prints; the first entitled Sakanoshita, Gankutsu no Kannon (Sakanoshita: The Kannon in the Cave), from the series Gojusan tsugi meisho zue (Famous Sights of the 53 Stations), circa 1855, publisher Tsutaya Kichizo (Koeido), censor's seals Aratame, U shichi, signed Hiroshige hitsu; the second entitled Toto Tsukuda oki (The Sea at Tsukuda in Edo), from the series Fuji sanjurokkei (36 Views of Mount Fuji), circa 1858, publisher Tsutaya Kichizo (Koeido), censor's seal Uma shi, signed Hiroshige ga; the last entitled Shiba Shinmei Zojo-ji (Shiba Shinmei Shrine and Zojo-ji Temple, from the series Edo hyakkei yokyo (100 famous Views of Edo for Entertainment), circa 1858, publisher Uoya Eikichi, censor's seal Ushi shichi, signed Hiroshige ga(3) 14 5/8 x 9 7/8in (37 x 25cm)

13 7/8 x 9 1/4in (35.3 x 23.5cm) 14 5/8 x 10in (37 x 25.3cm)

\$1,200 - 1,800

1022

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858)

Edo period (1615-1868), mid-19th century

A chutanzaku print entitled Kaede ni kujaku (Peacock in a Maple Tree), signed Hiroshige hitsu 14 1/2 x 6 3/8in (37 x 16.2cm)

\$800 - 1,200

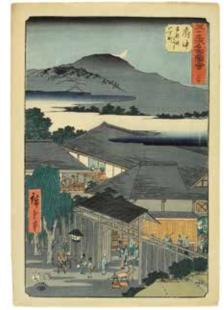


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1022







1023

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858), AND UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1833-1855 Comprising four oban tate-e prints; Hanaya nyobo Ofusa, circa 1855, published by Hayashiya Shogoro, censor's seals Aratame, U shichi; Actor Nakamura Tomijuro as Onnarokubu Myoten, from the story Umeyanagi sakigake zoshi, circa 1853, published by Hamadaya Tokube, censor's seals Aratame, Ushi juni, both signed Toyokuni ga; Totsuka Tabibito yadome (Totsuka: Traveller and Waitress at an Inn), from the series Sohitsu gojusan tsugi (53 Stations of the Tokaido Road by Two Brushes), circa 1854, published by Maruya Kyushiro, censor's seals Aratame. Tora shichi, signed Hiroshige hitsu (above), Toyokuni ga (below); and a print titled Poem by Fujiwara no Atsutada, No. 43, from the series Hyakunin isshu esho (A Pictorial Commentary on 100 Poems by 100 Poets). circa 1843-1847, published by Sanoya Kihei, censor's seal Hama, signed Ichiyusai Toyokuni ga(4)

14 5/16 x 10 1/8in (36.4 x 25.7cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200

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UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE I (1797-1858), AND UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1852-1855 Comprising three oban tate-e prints; Fuchu, Abekawa Miroku nichome (No. 20, Fuchu: Miroku 2-Chome, Abekawa), and Goyu, Motono-ga-hara Motozaka goe (No. 36, Goyu: Motono-ga-hara and Motozaka Pass), both from the series Gojusan tsugi meisho zue (Famous Sights of the 53 Stations), circa 1855, published by Tsutaya Kichizo, censor's seals Aratame, U shichi, signed Hiroshige hitsu; the last entitled Odawara: Actor Morita Kan'ya XI as linuma Katsugoro, from the series Tokaido gojusan tsugi no uchi (53 Stations of the Tokaido Road), circa 1852, published by Sumiyoshiya Masagoro, censor's seals Kinugawa, Murata, Ne shi, signed Toyokuni ga (3) 14 3/4 x 10 1/16in (37.3 x 25.6cm) each approximately

\$1,200 - 1,800

1025

UTAGAWA HIROSHIGE II (1826-1869) Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1859-1863

Comprising four oban tate-e prints; Taishu kaigan (The Coast in Tsushima Province), circa 1860, and Sasshu Makurazaki Kaimongatake Jusei odori (Dance of the Star of Longevity at Kaimongatake, Makurazaki, Satsuma Province), circa 1859, publisher Uoya Eikichi, censor's seal Hitsuji juni aratame, both from the series Shokoku meisho hyakkei (100 Famous Views in the Provinces); Kanda Myojin (The Myojin Shrine in Kanda), from the series Toto saniurokkei (36 Views of the Eastern Capital), circa 1862, published by Sagamiya Tokichi (Ai-To), censor's seal Inu ku aratame; and Hakkeizaka yubae (Sunset at Hakkeizaka), from the series Edo meisho zue (Views of Famous Places in Edo), circa 1863, published by Fujiokaya Keijiro, censor's seal I roku aratame; each signed Hiroshige ga (4) 14 1/2 x 9in (37 x 23cm) each approximately



1026





1027

1026

UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864) Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1855-1861

Comprising an oban tate-e triptych and an oban tate-e diptych; San choju jin (Three People Who Lived Long), circa 1855, published by Iseya Kanekichi, censor's seals Aratame, U san, signed O hanmoto koreni ju shichijussai Toyokuni shuku hitsu (on the left sheet); Actors Ichikawa Ichizo III as Kanja Yoshitake and Onoe Kikujiro II as Onna ryoshi (Fisherwoman), circa 1861, published by Hayashiya Shogoro, censor's seal Tori san aratame, signed Toyokuni ga (2) 14 5/8 x 30 1/8in (37.2 x 77cm) (three sheets joined) 14 1/8 x 19 5/8in (35.8 x 49.8cm) (two sheets joined)

\$1,200 - 1,800

1027

UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864) Edo period (1615-1868), 1856

A fan print depicting actor Iwai Kumezaburo as Ittomusume Oyae and actor Kataoka Gado as Ikoma Kojiro from the story Hitokanade kodakara Soga, published by Tsujiya Yasubei, censor's seals Aratame, Tatsu shi, signed Toyokuni ga 9 1/16 x 11 7/8in (23 x 30.1cm)

1028

UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864), AND UTAGAWA KUNISADA II (KUNIMASA III, TOYOKUNI IV, 1823-

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1820-1860

Comprising two oban tate-e prints and three chuban tate-e prints; Woman Playing with a Cat, from the series Haru no akebono, bijin awase (Spring Dawn: A Contest of Beauties), circa 1820s, published by Iseya Rihei (Kinjudo), censor's seal Kiwame, signed Gototei Kunisada ga; Maisaka no zu (View of Maisaka), Mariko no zu (View of Mariko), and Yui no zu (View of Yui), each from the series Tokaido gojusan tsugi no uchi (53 Stations of the Tokaido Road), circa 1838, published by Sanoya Kihei (Kikakudo), censor's seal Kiwame, signed Kochoro Kunisada ga; and left sheet of triptych titled Imayo Genji emaki Murasakinokata moke no tei e utsuritamau (Genji in the Modern Style: Murasakinokata Moves in Moke House), circa 1860, published by Tsutaya Kichizo, censor's seal Saru ku aratame(5) 13 7/8 x 9 3/4in (35.3 x 24.7cm) 9 7/8 x 7 1/4in (25 x 18.5cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200

14 3/16 x 9 1/4in (36 x 23.5cm)

\$800 - 1,200



1029



1030



1031

UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1852-1854 Comprising two oban tate-e triptych prints; the first entitled Shinkei (True View), from the series Asakusa okuyama shiki hanazono (Flower Garden of the Four Seasons in the Inner Precincts at Asakusa), circa 1852, published by Moriya Jihei (Kinshindo), censor's seals Kinugasa, Murata, Ne juni; the second depicting three actors, circa 1854, published by Maruya Seijiro, censor's seals Aratame, Tora shi; each signed Toyokuni ga(2)

14 3/16 x 29 3/16in (36.2 x 74.2cm) (three sheets joined) 14 3/8 x 30 1/8 (36.5 x 76.7cm) (three sheets joined)

\$1,500 - 2,500

1030

UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1854-1863 Comprising an oban tate-e triptych, and four oban tate-e prints; Actors Iwai Kumesaburo III as Aburaya Okon (inset), Nakayama Ichizo I as Nakai Manno, Nakamura Aizo I in an unidentified role (r), Kataoka Gado II as Fukuoka Mitsugi (c), Ichikawa Kodanji IV as Oba Omine (inset), and Otani Tokuji II as Aburaya Oshika (I), circa 1855, published by Ebisuya Shoshichi (Kinshodo), censor's seals, Aratame, U go; two actors, circa 1859, published by Ise Yoshi, censor's seal Hitsuji ku aratame; An actor sitting with a tabakobon, circa 1854, published by Otaya Takichi (Hori Takichi), censor's seals Aratame, Tora go, each signed Toyokuni ga; left sheet of a triptych titled Shimazoroi asahide no sekitori (Wrestlers in Checked Fabrics on New Year Morning), circa 1863, published by Otaya Takichi (Hori Takichi), censor's seal I roku aratame, signed Konomi ni makase nanajuhassai Toyokuni hitsu; Ono no Komachi, Ariwara no Narihira Ason, circa 1858, published by Enshuya Hikobei, censor's seal Uma juni, signed Ichiyosai Toyokuni hitsu(7) 14 1/8 x 9 3/4in (35.7 x 24.7cm) each

approximately

\$1,200 - 1,800

TOYOHARA KUNICHIKA (1835-1900), GOSOTEI HIROSADA (1826-1863), AND NAKAI YOSHITAKI (1841-1899)

Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1870-1893

Comprising four *oban tate-e* prints and three album page prints: the first entitled Kesa Gozen, from the series Zenaku sanjuroku bijin (36 Good and Evil Beauties), circa 1876; the second depicting actor Once Kikugoro as Misorogi Kokichi, circa 1893; both published by Fukuda Kumajiro, signed Toyohara Kunichika hitsu; Actor Sawamura Tosho as Sasaki Gennosuke and Nakamura Ganpachi as Hinin no Gan, circa 1870, signed Kunichika hitsu; three album pages, each signed Hirosada; Actor Otani Tomoemon IV as Miuranosuke, signed Ichiyotei Yoshitaki hitsu(7)

15 x 10 1/8in (38.3 x 25.7cm) each approximately 9 3/4 x 6 11/16in (24.8 x 17cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200

KIKUKAWA EIZAN (1787-1867), UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864), AND UTAGAWA KUNIYOSHI (1797-1861)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1830-1857

Comprising two otanzaku tate-e, and three oban tate-e prints; Umegae (Plum Branch), and Momijinoga (Colored Maple) (framed), both from the series Buyu nazorae Genji (Heroic Comparisons for the Chapters of Genii), circa 1843-1847, published by Ibaya Sensaburo, censor's seal Mera, signed Ichiyusai Kuniyoshi ga; Takeda Daizen no Tayu Jugoi ge and Shinano no Kami Harunobu Nyudo Shingen, from the series Koetsu yusho den, Takeda-ke (Courageous Generals of Kai and Echigo Province: The Takeda Clan)(framed), circa 1848-1849, published by Sumiyoshiya Masagoro (Horaido), censor's seals Yoshimura, Muramatsu, signed Ichiyusai Kuniyoshi ga; Toeizan hana (Flowers in Ueno Toeizan), from the series Furyu bijin soroi (Collection of Fashionable Beauties), published by Maruya Jinpachi (Enjudo), censor's seal Kiwame, signed Eizan hitsu; and Natsu (Summer), from the series Shiki no uchi (The Four Seasons), circa early 1830s, published by Kawaguchiya Uhei (Fukusendo), signed Kochoro Kunisada ga(5)

14 1/2 x 6 3/4in (37 x 17cm)

14 3/8 x 6 1/2in (36.5 x 16.5cm) print 22 1/8 x 13 1/4in (56 x

14 3/8 x 9 3/4in (36.5 x 24.7) print 22 x 16.5in (56 x 41.7cm) overall 13 3/4 x 9 (35 x 23cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200

UTAGAWA KUNISADA I (TOYOKUNI III, 1786-1864), UTAGAWA KUNISADA II (KUNIMASA III, TOYOKUNI IV, 1823-1880), HASEGAWA SADANOBU I (1809-1879), AND HOKUGAN (TOSHIKUNI, ACTIVE 1816-1832)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1815-1860

Comprising five oban tate-e prints and a shikishiban; Actor Onoe Ezaburo, published by Ezakiya Kichibei; Actor Bando Minosuke, both circa 1815-1840, censor's seal Kiwame, signed Gototei Kunisada ga; left sheet only of a triptych Toto Yanagishima zu (View of Yanagishima in the Eastern Capital), circa 1830s, published by Fujiokaya Hikotaro (Shogendo), censor's seal Kiwame, signed Kochoro Kunisada ga; Edo meisho Sumidagawa (Famous Views of Edo, Sumida River), circa 1847-1852, censor's seals Mera, Watanabe, signed Ichijusai Kunimasa ga; Three actors, signed Juyodo Toshikuni ga; and Dotonbori no shunkei (Spring View of Dotonbori), from the series Naniwa fuzoku uwakiuta bijin awase no uchi (Customs of Osaka: Frivolous Songs Matched with Beauties), circa 1844-1860, signed Hasegawa Sadanobu ga(6)

14 3/4 x 9 3/4in (37.5 x 26.5cm) each approximately 9 1/8 x 6 7/8in (23.3 x 17.4cm)

\$800 - 1,200



1032



1033



1034



1035

TSUKIOKA YOSHITOSHI (1839-1892)

Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1886-1888

Three oban tate-e prints from the Tsuki hyakushi (100 Aspects of the Moon) series; Keimeizan no tsuki, Zi Fang (Mount Ji Ming Moon, Zhang Liang), no. 31; Waisui no tsuki, Goshisho (Huai River moon, Wu Zixu), no. 48; and Joganden no tsuki, Minamoto no Tsunemoto (Joganden Moon, Minamoto no Tsunemoto), No. 67; published by Akiyama Buemon, each signed Yoshitoshi (3) 14 9/16 x 9 13/16in (37 x 24.8cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200

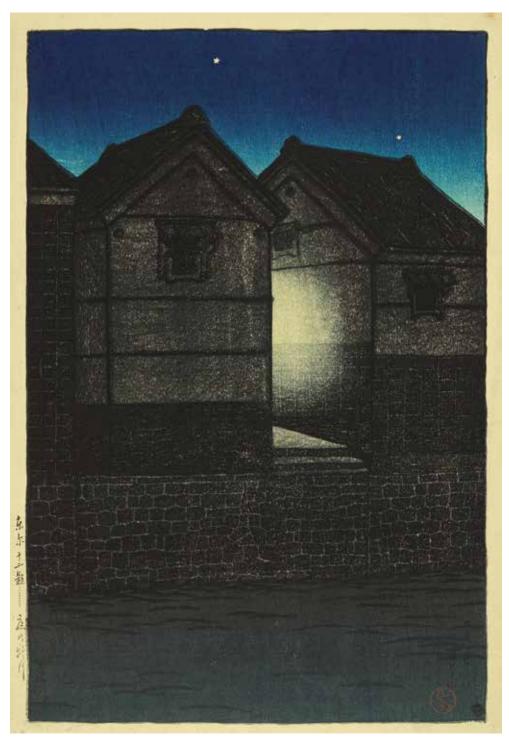
1035

TSUKIOKA YOSHITOSHI (1839-1892)

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1878-1889

Comprising 19 oban tate-e prints; the first entitled Gyokuto Songoku (Jade Rabbit, Sun Wukong), no.73, from the series Tsuki hyakushi (100 Aspects of the Moon), circa 1889, published by Akiyama Buemon Kokkei-do; and 18 prints from the series Dai Nihon meisho kagami (Mirror of Famous Generals of Great Japan); Oda Udaijin Taira Nobunaga; Saito Musashibo Benkei Onzohi Ushiwakamaru nochi no Iyo Minamoto no Kami Yoshitsune; Kusunoki Teii Tachibana Masashige; Ashikaga Takauji and Nitta Yoshizo; and Uesugi Terutora Nyudo Kenshin, each circa 1878; Higashiyama Yoshimasa; Sama no Kami Yoshitomo and Osada Shoji Kagemune; Minamoto Yoshimitsu; Minamoto Yorinobu; Nakatomi Kamatari and Oe no Oji; Hojo Yasutoki; Otomo Sadehiko and Sayohime; and Hojo Újiyasu, each circa 1879; Susanoo no Mikoto and Inada-hime, circa 1880; each published by Funatsu Chujiro; Yorimitsu; Jingu Kogo and Takeuchi no Sukune; and Toyotomi Hideyoshi and Kato Kazue no Kami Kiyomasa, each published by Kumagaya Shoshichi; and the last entitled Sakanoue Tamuramaro; each signed Yoshitoshi(19) 14 3/4 x 10in (37.5 x 25.5cm) each approximately

\$2,000 - 3,000



1036

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Taisho era (1912-1926), 1919

An oban tate-e print of Yoru no Shinkawa (Shinkawa at Night), from the series Tokyo junidai (12 Scenes of Tokyo), dated 1919, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Watanabe 6mm round seal), signed Hasui 15 3/8 x 10 3/8in (39 x 26.5cm)

\$3,000 - 5,000



1037



1038



1039

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Taisho (1912-1926) era, circa 1921

An *oban yoko-e* print entitled *Sado Nishimikawazaka* (Nishimikawazaka on Sado Island), from the series *Tabi miyage dai nishu* (Souvenirs of Travel II), circa 1921, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (*Watanabe* 6mm round seal), signed *Hasui* 10 1/4 x 15 1/2in (26 x 39.3cm)

\$2,000 - 4,000

1038

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Taisho (1912-1926) and Showa (1926-1989) era, 1925-1927 Comprising two *oban tate-e* prints; the first entitled *Shiba Zojo-ji* (Zojo-ji Temple in Shiba), from the series *Tokyo nijukei* (20 Views of Tokyo), dated 1925, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (with *Hanmoto Watanabe Hangaten* seal); the second entitled *Osaka Tenno-ji* (Tenno-ji Temple in Osaka), from the series *Tabi miyage dai sanshu* (Souvenirs of Travel III), dated 1927, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (with *Hanken shoyu Watanabe Shozaburo* seal); both signed *Hasui* (2)

15 1/8 x 10 1/8in (38.6 x 25.7cm) 15 1/4 x 10 5/16in (38.8 x 26.3cm)

\$2,000 - 3,000

1039

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Taisho era (1912-1926), circa 1926

An oban tate-e print of *Izumo, Yasugi Kiyomizu* (Yasugi Kiyomizu Temple, Izumo Province), from the series *Nihon fukei senshu* (Selected Views of Japan), dated 1926, signed *Hasui* 11 7/8 x 8 15/16in (30.1 x 22.7cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500



1040

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1927

An oban tate-e print of Daikon-gashi no asa (Morning on the Daikon Wharf), from the series Tokyo nijukei (20 Views of Tokyo), dated 1927, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Hanken shoyu Watanabe Shozaburo seal), signed Hasui 15 1/4 x 11 1/8in (38.7 x 26.5cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

1041

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1928

An oban tate-e print of Hoshizukiyo Miyajima (Starlit Night at Miyajima), dated 1928, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Hanken shoyu Watanabe Shozaburo seal), signed Hasui 15 1/8 x 10 1/4in (38.2 x 26cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

1042

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1930

An oban tate-e print of Umagome no tsuki (Moon at Umagome), from the series Tokyo nijukei (20 Views of Tokyo), dated 1930, signed Hasui

15 3/4 x 10 1/2in (40 x 26.5cm)

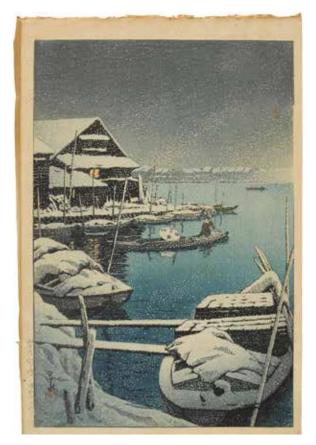
\$1,000 - 1,500



1041



1042



1043



1045



1044

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1930-1931

Comprising three oban tate-e prints; the first entitled Yuki no Mukojima (Snow at Mukojima), dated 1931; the second entitled Kobe Nagata Jinja Yakumobashi (Yakumo Bridge at Nagata Shrine in Kobe), from the series Nihon fukei shu II Kansai hen (collected views of Japan II, Kansai Edition, dated 1930; and Shato no yuki, Hinoedajinja (Snow at Hinoeda Shrine), dated 1931; each published by Watanabe Shozaburo (with Watanabe 6mm round seal), signed Hasui (3)

15 1/2 x 10 1/4in (39.3 x 26.2cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200

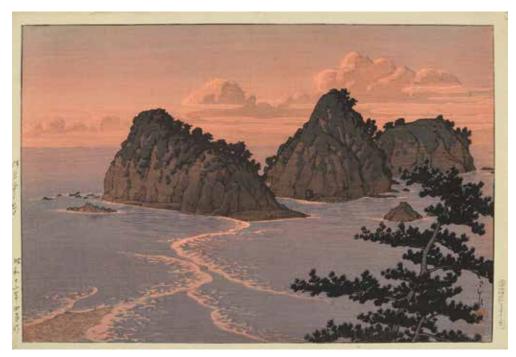
1044

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1932-1944

An oban tate-e and a chubosho yoko-e print; the first entitled Fuji no yukibare, Tagonoura (Tagonoura, Clear Weather After Snowfall on Mount Fuji), dated 1932, published by Doi Hangaten; the second entitled Yoshida no yukibare (Yoshida, Clear Weather After a Snowfall), dated 1944, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Suri Ono Gintaro seal); both signed Hasui (2) 15 1/2 x 10 9/16in (39 x 27cm)

14 1/2 x 19 1/2in (37 x 49.5cm)



1046

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1929-1933

Comprising an oban yoko-e and an oban tate-e print; the first entitled Shinobazu no ike no ame (Shinobazu Pond in Rain), dated 1929; the second entitled Matsushima Zaimokujima (Zaimoku Island at Matsushima), from the series Nihon fukeishu Higashi Nihon hen (Collected Views of Japan, Eastern Japan Edition), dated 1933, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Watanabe 6mm round seal); both signed Hasui (2)

10 3/8 x 15 1/2in (26.5 x 29.3cm) 15 1/4 x 10 1/4in (38.6 x 26.2cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

1046

KAWASE HASUI (1883-1957)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1937

An oban yoko-e print of Izu Dogashima (Dogashima Island in Izu District), dated 1937, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Hanken shoyu fukyo fukusei Watanabe Shozaburo seal), signed Hasui 10 13/16 x 15 3/4in (27.5 x 40cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

This is a sunset version of the print; there is also a midday version with an alternate blue-green palette.

1047

OHARA KOSON/SHOSON (1878-1945)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1926-1927

Comprising three oban tate-e prints; the first titled Egrets, and the second titled Swallows and Wisteria, both circa 1926, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (with Hanken shoyu Watanabe Shozaburo seal), and the last titled Cockatoo and Pomegranate, circa 1927, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (with Hanmoto Watanabe Hangaten seal); each signed Shoson(3)

15 x 10in (38 x 25.5cm) 15 3/16 x 10 5/16in (38.6 x 26.2cm) 15 1/8 x 10 3/16in (38.4 x 26cm)



1047



1048



1050



1049

OHARA KOSON/SHOSON (1878-1945)

Taisho (1912-1926) and Showa (1926-1989) era

Comprising three *otanzakuban* prints; Crow on Snowy Branch, circa 1915; Leaping Carp, both signed *Koson*; Firefly, circa 1934, signed *Shoson*(3)

14 1/8 x 7 3/8in (35.8 x 18.7cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200

1049

OHARA KOSON/SHOSON (1878-1945)

Showa era (1926-1989)

Comprising three *chuban yoko-e* and three *oban tate-e* prints; Flowering Coxcomb, signed *Shoson Ohara* in pencil; Swallows and Wisteria, circa 1926; both signed *Shoson*; Azalea, signed *Shoson Ohara* in pencil, signed *Shoson ga*; each published by Watanabe Shozaburo (with 6mm round seal); *Nishi Izu no hokakebune* (A Sailing Boat in Nishi Izu), and two other prints depicting landscape, each signed *Koson*(6)

15 3/16 x 10 1/16in (38.5 x 25.5cm) each approximately 8 1/4 x 10 1/2in (21 x 26.7cm) each approximately

\$1,000 - 1,500

1050

YOSHIDA HIROSHI (1876-1950), YOSHIDA TOSHI (1911-1995), AND PAUL JACOULET (1902-1960)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1930-1968

Comprising three oban tate-e prints, an oban yoko-e print and a vertical wood block print; Raicho (Snow Grouse), dated 1930, and Mimizuku (Eagle Owl), dated 1968, both signed in pencil Toshi Yoshida; Kasuga sando (Way to the Kasuga Shrine), dated 1938, and Shoro (In a Temple Yard), from the series Sakura hachi dai (Eight Scenes of Cherry Blossom), dated 1935, both signed Hiroshi Yoshida; Les Jades "Chinoise" (Jade Lady, Chinese), circa 1940, printed by Fujii Shunosuke, signed in pencil Paul Jacoulet, boat seal, with edition number 28/150 on verso (5)

10 3/4 x 16in (27.2 x 40.5cm) 15 7/8 x 11in (40.5 x 28cm)

15 7/8 x 10 5/8in (40.4 x 27.2cm)

15 7/8 x 10 5/8in (40.4 x 27.2cm)

17 5/8 x 14in (45 x 35.7cm)

YOSHIDA HIROSHI (1876-1950) Showa era (1926-1989), 1930

An oban yoko-e print entitled Shiomachi (Waiting for the Tide), from the series Setonaikai (The Inland Sea, Second Series), jizuri seal, dated Showa go (1930), signed Yoshida (in block), Hiroshi Yoshida (in pencil in lower right margin)

10 3/4 x 16in (27.3 x 40.4cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

1052

YOSHIDA HIROSHI (1876-1950) Taisho (1912-1926) and Showa (1926-1989) era, 1925-1935

Comprising two oban yoko-e and two oban tate-e prints; Shiraishi-jima (Shiraishi Island), from the series Seto Naikai (Inland Sea), dated 1930; Yasumi chaya (Tea House in Azalea Garden), dated 1925; Harusame (Spring Rain), from the series Sakura hachidai (Eight Scenes of Cherry Blossoms), dated 1935; and Himeji-jo yu (Himeji Castle, Evening), dated 1926; each with jizuri seal, signed Hiroshi Yoshida(4) 10 7/8 x 15 7/8in (27.5 x 40.5cm) each approximately 15 7/8 x 10 3/4in (40.3 x 27.4cm) each approximately

\$2,000 - 3,000

1053

YOSHIDA HIROSHI (1876-1950) Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1931-1932

Comprising an oban yoko-e and an oban tate-e print; the first entitled Udaipuuru no shima goten (Island Palaces in Udaipur), dated 1932, and the second entitled Jaipuuru no Ajumeru mon (Ajmer Gate, Jaipur), dated 1932, both from the series India and Southeast Asia, signed Yoshida (in block), Hiroshi Yoshida (romanized, in pencil in lower right margin), with Jizuri seal (2) 11 x 16in (27.8 x 40.5cm) 15 7/8 x 10 7/8in (40.2 x 27.5cm)

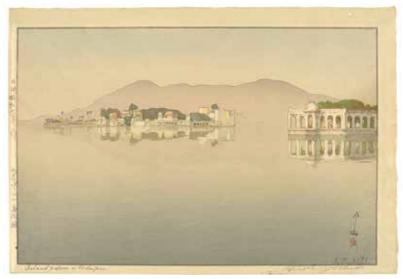
\$800 - 1,200



1051



1052



1053



1054



1056



1055

KASAMATSU SHIRO (1898-1991)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1932-1952

Comprising four oban tate-e prints; the first entitled Asagiri Nara Koen (Morning Fog at Nara Park), dated 1937, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Hanken shoyu Watanabe Shozaburo seal); Nikko Kegon no taki (Kegon Waterfall in Nikko), dated 1952, published by Unshodo; Ame ni kireru to, Tokyo, Yanaka (Pagoda in Rain at Nightfall, Yanaka, Tokyo), circa 1932; and Hakone Ashinoko no Fuji (Mount Fuji from Lake Ashinoko at Hakone), dated 1935, both published by Watanabe Shozaburo (Watanabe 6mm round seal); each signed Shiro(4)

15 1/2 x 10 1/2in (39.5 x 26.7cm) each approximately

\$1,000 - 1,500

1055

KASAMATSU SHIRO (1898-1991)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1954-1960

Comprising three oban tate-e prints; Negi no hana (Leek Flowers), dated 1958, with edition number 54/100; Toshodaiji (Toshodaiji Temple), circa 1960, with edition number 102/200; and Ikebana (Flower Arrangement), circa 1954; each signed Shiro Kasamatsu(3) 16 1/8 x 11 1/4in (41.3 x 28.5cm) 15 1/4 x 10 5/16in (28.7 x 26.3cm) 16 x 10 3/4in (40.7 x 27.2cm)

\$800 - 1,200

SAITO KIYOSHI (1907-1997)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1960s

Comprising three woodblock prints; the first entitled Miyoshin-ji Kyoto (A), dated 1961, edition number 44/200; the second depicting a three-storey pagoda; and the last depicting a peasant leading a calf in town; each signed Kiyoshi Saito(3) 23 2/4 x 17 5/8in (59 x 44.5cm)

17 1/4 x 11 1/2in (43.7 x 29.3cm) 11 1/4 x 17in (28.5 x 43cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

SAITO KIYOSHI (1907-1997)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1950-1970

Comprising four woodblock prints; the first entitled Winter in Aizu 70'(3), dated 1970, edition number 18/80; the second entitled Vincity of Aizu, circa 1953; and two prints depicting dachshund; each signed Kiyoshi Saito(4)

18 x 24in (46 x 61cm) 11 3/4 x 17 1/2in (29.7 x 44.3cm) 11 1/2 x 16 3/16in (29 x 43.5cm) 11 3/8 x 16 3/4in (29 x 42.5cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SALLIE WAGNER

1058

AOYAMA MASAHARU (1893-1969), KAWANO KAORU (1916-1965), AND SHIMA TAMAMI (1937-1999)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1959-1960

Comprising two obirobosho yoko-e, four dai-oban yoko-e, and one dai-oban tate-e print; three crows on a roof, tree trunks in snow, and haystacks, all circa 1959, signed in pencil Masaharu Aoyama; two kittens, and two lotus pods in the rain, both signed in pencil Kaoru Kawano; two obirobosho yoko-e prints, the first titled Urei no tori (Sorrowful Birds), circa 1959, edition number 18/50, and the other titled Hisho (Flight), circa 1960, edition number 21/100, both signed in pencil Tamami Shima (7)

11 1/4 x 16 3/4in (28.5 x 42.5cm) smallest 17 5/8 x 22 7/8in (45 x 58cm) largest

\$800 - 1,200

PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF R.L. CENTNER

1059

PAUL JACOULET (1902-1960)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1938-1948

Two vertical woodblock prints, the first titled La Nouvelle Robe, Metalanim, Ponape (The New Dress, Metalanim, Pohnpei), circa 1938, signed in pencil Paul Jacoulet, tea-jar seal, with edition number 53/150 on verso, the second titled Longévité, Corée-Moppo (Longevity, Moppo, Korea), circa 1948, printed by Fujii Shunosuke, signed in pencil Paul Jacoulet, peach seal, with edition number 27/350 on verso (2)

19 x 14 3/4in (48.5 x 37.4cm) each approximately

\$800 - 1,200



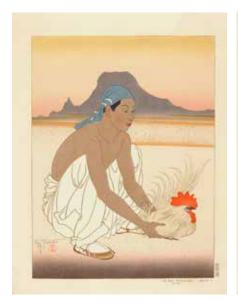
1057



1058



1059







1060 1060 1061



1062

PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1060

PAUL JACOULET (1902-1960)

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1950

Two woodblock prints, the first entitled *Les Deux Adversaires* (gauche), Corée (The Two Adversaries, left, Korea), with edition number 198/350 on verso, and the second entitled *Les Deux Adversaires* (droite), Corée (The Two Adversaries, right, Korea), with edition number 201/350 on verso, both circa 1950, printed by Honda Tetsunosuke, signed in pencil *Paul Jacoulet*, arrow seal(2) 19 3/4 x 14 1/8in (47.5 x 36cm) each approximately

\$1,200 - 1,800

106

JINBO TOMOYO (1902-1994), SHIMURA TATSUMI (1907-1980), ISHIDA WAKA (B.1922), AND DOMOTO INSHO (1891-1975) Showa era (1926-1989)

Comprising five woodblock prints; Jinbo Tomoyo hangashu, dai-nishu "Bikun" (Jinbo Tomoyo Print Collection Volume Two, Fragrance), dated 1939, published by Nakamura Sanjiro, signed Tomoyo ga, with edition number 93/200 on verso; Ayame (Iris), published by Yuyudo, signed Tatsumi, with edition number 379/450; Hatsuyuki (First Snow), and Shunshu (Spring Sentiment), both published by Yuyudo, signed Waka, Ishida Waka, with edition number 259/450; and Maiko no zu (Maiko), signed Domoto Insho(5) 15 1/2 x 11 5/8 in (44.5 x 29.5cm) smallest 21 5/8 x 15 7/8in (55 x 40.5cm) largest

\$1,200 - 1,800





1062

ITO SHINSUI (1898-1972)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1934

A woodblock print entitled Dressing the Hair, dated 1934, published by Watanabe Shozaburo (with Hanken shoyu Watanabe Shozaburo seal), signed Shinsui ga, with edition number 34/250 on verso 17 1/4 x 10 3/4in (43.8 x 27.2cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500

1063

ITO SHINSUI (1898-1972)

Taisho era (1912-1926), 1922

A dai oban tate-e print entitled Shoka no yoku (Bathing in Early Summer), from the series Shin bijin juni sugata (Twelve Images of Modern Beauties), published by Watanabe Shozaburo, signed and dated Taisho juichinen haru (Spring 1922) Shinsui saku 17 1/8 x 10 5/8in (43.5 x 27cm)

\$3,000 - 4,000

MUNAKATA SHIKO (1903-1975)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1975

Sumizuri-e woodcut of a hawk, signed in pencil Shiko in Japanese, and Munakata in Roman script, with a pine needle insignia, dated in pencil 1972.4.2. Kasho and sealed, framed and glazed 14 1/2 x 10 (36.7 x 25.4cm); 9 3/4 x 6 5/8 (24.8 x 16.8cm) image

\$4,000 - 5,000



1065



1066





HOSHI JOICHI (1913-1979)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1972-1978

Two woodblock prints (each framed); the first entitled *Kozue (aka)* (Treetop Red), dated 1972; the second entitled *Yugure* (Sunset), dated 1978, both signed *J. Hoshi* in pencil(2) 11 x 10 5/8in (27.7 x 27cm) print 16 1/4 x 15 3/8in (41.5 x 39.2cm) overall 5 9/16 x 7 15/16in (14 x 20.2cm) print 9 3/8 x 12 3/16in (23.8 x 31cm) overall

\$1,000 - 1,500

1066

HOSHI JOICHI (1913-1979)

Showa era (1926-1989), 1974-1977

Comprising five woodblock prints (each framed); Soshun (Early Spring), dated 1974; Taiju (iu) (Big Tree 10), dated 1975; Ao (Blue), dated 1977; Akebono (Dawn), dated 1977; and Yu no ki (ao) (Tree in Sunset, Blue); each signed J. Hoshi in pencil(5) 7 15/16 x 5 5/8in (20.2 x 14.2cm) print 14 5/16 x 11in (36.5 x 27.8cm) overall smallest 7 3/4 x 10 3/8in (19.7 x 26.3cm) print 15 1/16 x 17 1/4in (38.4 x 43.7cm) overall largest

\$1,500 - 2,000

1067

OKADA GYOKUZAN (1737-1812)

Edo period (1615-1868), 1805

Morokoshi meisho zue (Illustrated Description of Famous Sights of China), Volume one to six, each watoji (Japanese-style book binding) book with woodblock prints, depicting Chinese life during the Qing Dynasty, published by Kawachiya Kichibe <6>
10 x 7in (25.5 x 17.5cm) each approximately

\$3,000 - 5,000

1068

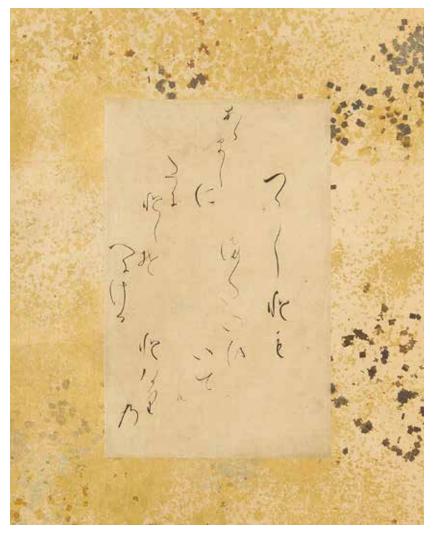
A SET OF 35 BOOKS RELATED TO UKIYO-E

20 1/2 x 17 x 3 1/8in (52 x 43 x 8cm) largest

Showa (1926-1989) to Heisei (1989-) era, mid to late 20th century Comprising 35 *Ukiyo-e* related books including; *Ukiyoe Taikei* vol.1-17 by Shueisha, circa 1974; *Japanese Prints and Drawings from the Vever Collection* vols.1-3 by Jack Hillier, circa 1976; *Kuniyoshi* vols.1-2 by Juzo Suzuki, circa 1992; *Hiroshige: The Collected Edo Landscape Prints* by Ganko Sakai, circa 1996; *Shutaisei Yokohama Ukiyoe* by Kanagawa Prefectural Museum of Cultural History, circa 1979; *The Art of Hiroshige* by Tsuneo Tamba, circa 1965; *The Japanese Pillar Print/ Hashira-e* by Jacob Pins, circa 1982; *The Clarence Buckingham Collection of Japanese Prints* by the Art Institute of Chicago, vol.1, circa 1955 and vol.2, circa 1965; and seven other books

\$1,200 - 1,800





1069











1069



ATTRIBUTED TO EMPEROR GO DAIGO (1288-1339)

Poem from the *Yoshinogire* Kamakura (1185-1333) or Nanbokucho period (1333-1392), 13th/14th century Album leaf, ink on paper, now set against gold-flecked paper and mounted as a hanging scroll; inscribed in elegant hiragana script with a classical poem With a wood tomobako inscribed Godaigo Tenno shinkan Yoshinogire (Yoshinogire written by Emperor Godaigo), a transcription of the poem, and papers attesting to its authenticity, including four slips bearing the seal *Kinzan*, that of a family of connoisseurs established by Kohitsu Ryosa (1582-1662) 9 x 5 3/4in (23 x 14.5cm) album leaf 51 1/4 x 18 7/8in (130 x 48cm)

\$10,000 - 15,000

This fragment of poetry is purportedly from a poem from the Yoshinogire, a compilation of works composed by Emperor Go Daiga.



1070

HAKUIN EKAKU (1685-1768)

Mamezo Hotei (Hotei in the Guise of a Street Performer) Edo period (1615-1868), mid-18th century

Hanging scroll, ink on paper; depicting Hotei standing on his bag and wearing a happy expression as he balances a pole in his teeth, inscribed In front of the Imperial Palace a seven-year-old maiden serves sake, with succession seal and two further seals, one reading Hakuin

With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed and authenticated by Yamakawa Koichi (1902-1977), the economist and prominent scholar of Zen painting

43 3/4 x 10 13/8in (111.3 x 26.5cm) 81 x 12 1/2in (206 x 32cm) overall

\$3,500 - 4,500

Provenance

John Stevens Collection

Hakuin painted Hotei several times in the guise of a late-seventeenthcentury beggar named Mamezo ("Beany") who was famed for his performances on the streets of Osaka, including bodily contortions, humorous banter, and feats of magic and juggling. Mamezo was best known for his plate-spinning on top of a long pole held in his teeth: the plate is invisible here, suggesting that it was tossed in the air before being caught on the top of the pole. While the severe Daruma cut himself off from the world and shut himself up in his cave to focus on meditation, Hakuin's Hotei is the exact opposite, living like Hakuin right in the middle of things, dispensing Buddhist wisdom symbolized by a big bag of goodies; Hotei not only enjoys entertainment, but also provides it for others. Since plate-spinning requires just as much concentration as deep Zen meditation. Hakuin is teaching us here that whatever we do, we must do it fully in the present, without slacking or daydreaming.



1071

1071

HAKUIN EKAKU (1685-1768)

Chigo Monju Bosatsu (The Bodhisattva Monju in the Guise of a Young Acolyte)

Edo period (1615-1868), mid-18th century

Hanging scroll, ink on paper; depicting Monju Bosatsu holding a long nyoi scepter in his right hand and a scroll in his left, seated in the "royal ease" posture on a lion with its eyes fixed on the viewer, with seals Hakuin and Ekaku

With wood tomobako storage box 34 7/8 x 11in (88.6 x 28.1cm)

\$2,500 - 3,500

Provenance

John Stevens Collection

Monju Bosatsu is a key figure in the Buddhist pantheon, the wisest of the Bodhisattvas and the one with the keenest intellect and most penetrating insight. In standard depictions, Monju wields a razor sharp sword (to cut through illusion) and a scroll (containing sutras of the highest wisdom), and sits on a lion whose roar represents the voice of the Buddhist Law. Hakuin's portravals of Monju ignore some of this traditional iconography and in this case the sword is replaced by a long nyoi (wish-granting) scepter; more significantly perhaps, Monju takes the form of an attractive adolescent boy of the type that acted as lovers for older Buddhist monks. There are many medieval "chigo stories" in which a young lover, revealed to be an incarnation of Kannon or Monju, leads an older monk to enlightenment through sex; see Gary P. Leupp, Male Colors: The Construction of Homosexuality in Tokugawa Japan, Berkeley: University of Chicago Press, 1995, pp. 38-42.



1072

HAKUIN EKAKU (1685-1786)

Hotei with a treasure sack Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century

Hanging scroll, ink on paper with Hotei holding his open treasure sack on which are inscribed the characters Fukuju kai muryo (A limitless ocean of good fortune and happiness), sealed Kokantei, Hakuin and Ekaku With a wood storage box

10 1/8 x 12 3/4in (25.7 x32.4cm)

\$10,000 - 15,000

The great priest and painter Hakuin probably depicted Daruma, the Indian founder of Zen Buddhism, more often than any other figure subject, but he was perhaps even fonder of Hotei ("Cloth Bag"), the jolly wandering Chinese monk who, in Hakuin's art, stands in part for Hakuin himself and in part for Everyman, with all his foibles and virtues. Here he is shown seated, mostly obscured by his immense treasure sack, which he holds wide open, clenching one edge between his teeth. On the bag is written the phrase Fukuju kai muryo, an expression meaning limitless happiness, and a reference to Hotei's open treasure bag endlessly dispenses good fortune in the form of gifts.



1073

KOGAN GENGEI (1748-1841) AND TANAKA TAISEKI (ACTIVE **LATE 19TH CENTURY)**

Three ink Paintings

Edo period (1615-1868), 18th/19th century

Hanging scrolls painted in ink on paper, the first depicting a reclining bull / in the form of an enso, with inscription and sealed Kogan and another seal; the second a calligraphy with the characters Shoryu, signed Nanajusano Taiseki and sealed Genchodo and Kokeshi, and another seal; the third depicting Hotei seated and leaning against his treasure sack, bearing an illegible seal

13 7/8 x 19 5/8in (35.3 x 49.8cm); 49 5/8 x 10 1/8in (126.1 x 25.7cm); 25 x 11in (63.5 x 27.9cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

1074

NAKAHARA NANTEMBO (1839-1925)

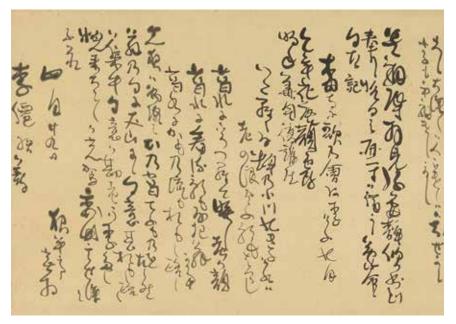
One-Stroke Daruma with Zen Inscription Taisho (1912-1926) era, circa 1920

Hanging scroll, ink on paper in silk mounts, depicting the outline of Daruma, founder of Zen Buddhism, seated in meditation before a wall, beneath an inscription Menpeki no soshi no sugata wa Yamashiro no Yawata no hata no uri ka nasubi ka (When he faced the wall, did our founder not look just like a melon or an eggplant growing in the Yawata fields of Yamashiro?); signed Hachijuichi-o Nantenbo Toju (Nantenbo Toju, aged 81); sealed at the beginning and end of the inscription Nantenbo, Hakugaikutsu and Toju; sealed within the painting with a skull-shaped seal and another reading Toju

50 x 11 5/8in (127 x 29.5cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500





1075



1075

YOSA BUSON (1716-1784) Calligraphy Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century A letter mounted as a hanging scroll, ink on paper With a wood storage box 10 1/2 x 15in (26.6 x 38.1cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

1076

TOSA SCHOOL Scenes from Genji monogatari

Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century
Album leaves, ink, colors, and gold on
paper, framed and glazed; depicting ten
scenes from the Genji momogatari (The
Tale of Gnji) in the Tosa style and with gold
moriage clouds, including scenes from the
following chapters: Kiritsubo (Chapter 1),
Hahakigi (Chapter 2), Utsusemi (Chapter
3), Wakamurasaki (Chapter 5), Miotsukushi
(Chapter 14), Yomogyu (Chapter 15),
Usugumo (Chapter 19), Kocho (Chapter 24),
Tokonatsu (Chapter 26); Umegae (Chapter
32)

11 x 9 1/4in (27.9cm x 23.5cm) dimensions of the album leaves

\$5,000 - 7,000

Provenance

Previously sold these Rooms, September 12, 2012. lot 3093.

1076







1077

KIYOHARA YUKINOBU (1643-1682)

Yaezakura (Double cherry blossom)
Edo period (1615-1868), 17th century
A set of three hanging scrolls painted in
ink and colors on silk with Heian beauties
enjoying poetry beneath blossoming cherry
trees and by a lotus pond, each inscribed
with a poem, signed Kiyohara shi onna
Yukinobu hitsu and sealed Kiyohara me
With a wood storage box bearing numerous With a wood storage box bearing numerous labels and attestations 43 x 19 1/4in (109.2 x 48.7cm)

\$2,000 - 3,000



CIRCLE OF HOKUSAI

Takashima Oiko and Saeki Ujinaga Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

A hanging scroll, ink and colors on silk depicting the wrestler Saeki assaulting the legendary strong woman Oiko, Mount Fuji towering in the distance, inscribed *Zen Hokusai iitsu hitsu* and bearing the seal *Hokusai*

With a wood storage box 36 1/2 x 14 1/8in (92.7 x 35.8cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500

The design for this painting is taken from an image originally produced in volume 9 of Hokusai's *manga* series *Denshin kaishu Hokusai manga* (Transmitting the Spirit, Revealing the Form of Things: Hokusai Sketchbooks), first published in 1819. The scene depicts an encounter between sumo wrestler Saeki Ujinaga of Echizen Province and Takashima Oiko, a young widow noted for her great strength. The painter here, likely one of Hokusai's followers working closely in his style, has placed the figures in a more developed setting than that of original *manga* design. In the distance, Mount Fuji rises above thatched cottages and distant clouds, adding a greater sense of depth to the composition.

MARUYAMA OKYO (1733-1795) Yang Guifei

Edo period (1615-1868), dated 1794

Hanging scroll, ink and colors on silk, depicting the Chinese beauty seated at a red-lacquer table by blossoming peonies and a willow, her pale skin set off against her luxuriously decorated robes, her hair gathered up on top of her head under a phoenix crown, the fan in her left decorated with a landscape and sailing vessel, dated Kinoe-tora chuto utsusu (Drawn in midwinter 1794), signed Okyo and sealed Okyo no in With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed on the inside of the lid Okyo hitsu shinseki soinai, (Genuine work by Okyo), dated Mizunoe-tatsu shoto (early winter, 1832), signed Seishukan Oritsu sho and sealed Oritsu, and with additional attestation dated and signed Maruyama Oshin tei, and sealed Oshin no in 53 1/4 x 27 3/8in (135.3 x 69.5cm)

\$12,000 - 18,000

Provenance

Acquired in the 1960s and thence by descent to the present owner

Okyo was known to have produced several paintings of Chinese beauties throughout his lifetime. According to Timothy Clark, there developed in the mid-18th century in Kyoto, a taste for paintings of classical Chinese beauties. Okyo and his followers capitalized on this receptive atmosphere and became well known for their Chinese beauty paintings, often of similar composition. For another example of a portrait of Yang Guifei by Okyo, see Hyogo Kenritsu Hakubutsukan, Maruyama Okyo ten (Special Exhibition: Maruyama Okyo), Hyogo Prefectural Museum of History, 1995, no. 31, and reproduced in Timothy Clark, "Japanese Paintings of Chinese Beauties in the Late Edo Period" in Miyako Murase and Judith G. Smith, eds., The Arts of Japan: An International Symposium, Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, 2000, fig. 3, p. 226.

The beauty Yang Guifei (719-756) was the favorite consort of the Tang dynasty Emperor Xuangong (r. 712-756). His infatuation with her and his subsequent neglect of his official duties were said to have led to the downfall of his court in 755.

Maruyama Oshin (1790-1783) and Maruyama Oritsu (1817-1875) were both grandsons of and painters in the style of Okyo. known for authenticating their grandfather's work.







1081

1080

UTAGAWA TOYOKUNI (1769-1825)

Beauties after the Bath Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Hanging scroll, painted in ink and color on silk depicting women after the bath and a high-ranking courtesan with attendants, signed *Utagawa Toyokuni ga* and sealed *Toyokuni* With a wood storage box

14 x 25 1/4in (3.5 x 64cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

1081

ANONYMOUS MACHI-ESHI

Figures in a Spring Landscape Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Six-panel folding screen, ink, colors and gold on paper, with *moriage* accents, depicting a group of six colorfully dressed male and female revelers around an outsize flowering cherry tree against a background of hills and other flowering plants; unsigned 41 1/2 x 109 1/2in (105.5 x 278.4cm)

\$4,000 - 6,000

Provenance

Purchased in Kyoto in 1975

Machi-eshi, literally "town painter," is a generic term for painters who worked independently in urban centers, not sponsored by a particular patron or official academy. Although some appear to have received training in established painting schools, such as the Tosa, Hasegawa or Kano, others were "outsider" artists, self-taught with a vigorous figural style and somewhat naive approach to classical themes. Working for newly rich merchants and craftsmen, their novel rendition of everyday scenes made an important contribution to the development of fuzokuga (genre painting) and the ukiyo-e tradition.





1082

1082

ANONYMOUS

Scenes from Genji monogatari (Tale of Genji) Edo period (1615-1868), 17th century

A pair of six-panels screens painted in ink, color, gold, and gold leaf on paper with 12 scenes from the Heian-period novel, the clouds separating the scenes raised in relief 62 x 139 1/4in (157.5 x 353.7cm)

\$30,000 - 50,000

The Tale of Genji, Murasaki Shikubu's masterpiece written in the eleventh century is considered one of the greatest works of Japanese literature. The story follows the life of a fictional prince, the son of an emperor but with no official rank of his own. Illustrations based on the narrative have been produced countless times across various media starting soon after the novel was first written. Early examples were in smaller formats such as hand scrolls and albums, but by the fifteenth century, folding screens featuring illustrations from the narrative began to appear and gradually, the

genre evolved until scenes were selected and painted specifically for folding screens. Typically, representations on folding screens feature vignettes from the various chapters arranged roughly in chronological order, starting in the top right of the right screen and continuing down each panel in turn from right to left. The current lot also follows this convention.

The right-most panels feature scenes from Kiritsubo (Chapter 1) in the top right corner with Wakamurasaki (Chapter 5) below. The middle panels are painted with scenes from Hatsune (Chapter 23) and Momiji no ga (Chapter 7). The left panels show scenes from Aoi (Chapter 9) and Utsusemi (Chapter 3).

The left screen is painted on the right panels with scenes from Miotsukushi (Chapter 14) and Suzumushi (Chapter 38). The central panels feature a different episode from Momoji no ga (Chapter 7). The left panels feature Tamakazura (Chapter 29), and the falconers from Miyuki (Chapter 29) in the lower left.



1083



1084

ANONYMOUS, TOSA SCHOOL

Scenes from Genji monogatari (The Tale of Genji) Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century

A large six-panel screen, ink, colors, gold, and gold leaf on paper, depicting three scenes from the Genji monogatari (The Tale of Genji), the right side featuring *Tokonatsu* (Chapter 26), *E-awase* (Chapter 17) in the center, and *Wakamurasaki* (Chapter 5) at the left, the vignettes punctuated by gold clouds in *moriage* relief, an attribution to the court artist Tosa Mitsunari (1646-1710) appears in Japanese on an old label affixed to one edge of the screen 54 3/4 x 144 3/4in (139 x 367.6cm)

\$7,000 - 9,000

Provenance

George H. Macy

Previously sold, these Rooms, September 13, 2011, lot 2288.

This screen is said to have been purchased in Japan by George H. Macy. For many years Macy ran a subsidiary of his family's company, Carter, Macy, and Co., which in the late nineteenth century was one

of the country's largest tea importers (the company began as Carter, Hawley & Co., grocers in New York City). George H. Macy was in charge of the company's foreign assets, including all the facilities along the Pacific Rim. Upon his death in 1917, the screen passed to one of his sons, was sold to family friends during the Depression, then returned to a Macy descendant years later.

1084

YUKIMINE (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A four-panel ornamental padded-textile screen Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

Made in the oshi-e (padded silk) technique, depicting a procession of a court noble beneath flying cranes, a high-ranking nobleman mounted on horseback leads from the front while others on foot accompany the palanquin, lower-ranking samurai and attendants carry all the paraphernalia, all on a gold-painted silk background, signed Yukimine and sealed Torin no in

67 x 83 (170.2 x 210.8cm) overall; 50 1/4 x 83in (127.6 x 210.8cm) (image only)

\$3,000 - 5,000





PROPERTY FROM THE ESTATE OF ARNO ZIESNITZ

1085

SIX PAIRS OF FUCHI-GASHIRA

Edo period (1615-1868), 18th/19th century

Comprising an Ishiguro-school shakudo nanako-ji pair decorated with autumn plants in iro-e takazogan and inlaid shell, inscribed Ishiguro Masatsuna and with a kao; a Hamano-school shakudo nanako-ji pair with scenes from the Genpei wars in gold takazogan, takabori and kebori, inscribed Hamano Naoyuki and with a kao; a Mino-school shakudo nanako-ji pair with Kan'u and Daruma in iro-e takazogan; a shakudo migaki-ji pair with Fukurokuju admiring a scroll, and a fly whisk and wood gong; an iron tsuchime-ji pair with a dragon and rocks by a stream, gold highlights, signed Tamagawa Yoshihide and with a kao; a shakudo migaki-ji fuchi decorated with a Minamoto warrior riding into the Uji River, signed Shiunken Norichika and a shakudo migaki-ji kashira with a warrior on horseback brandishing a halberd in iro-e takazogan and takabori (12)

1086

SIX PAIRS OF FUCHI-GASHIRA

Edo period (1615-1868), 18th/19th century

Comprising two shakudo migaki-ji pairs, one decorated with willows and a farmhouse in gold takazogan and takabori, the other with geese in flight over a river boat and a pine tree; a shakudo nanako-ji pair with coiling dragons in gold takazogan and takabori; a shakudo nanko-ji pair with scenes from the Genpei wars in iro-e takazogan and takabori; a shakudo migaki-ji fuchi with a pine tree and torii gate in gold takazogan and takabori, and a shakudo migaki-ji kashira carved with horses, the eyes in gold; a shakudo nanako-ji fuchi with armor in iro-e takazogan, and a shakudo migaki-ji kashira with cranes in bamboo in iro-e takazogan (12) 1 1/2in (3.8cm) wide (the largest)

\$1,000 - 1,500

\$1,500 - 2,500



A GROUP OF TEN KANAMONO (METAL FITTINGS) Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Comprising an oval shibuichi clasp with a carver working on the head of a nio sculpture in takabori and gold and silver takazogan; a rectangular shibuichi clasp with Enma-O with a fishing rod and basket in gold and shakudo takazogan and takabori; a shibuichi clasp formed as a reclining monkey trainer and his monkey, gilt details; three oval shakudo panels, two with sailing vessels before Mount Fuji and one with a pheasant beneath a cherry tree, all in iro-e takazogan; a shibuichi clasp formed as an elephant and two Chinese boys in silver, gold, and shakudo takazogan; three single menuki formed as a coiling snake, a group of puppies and a group of butterflies, all in iro-e takazogan (10) 2 3/8in (6cm) wide, the largest

\$800 - 1,200

1088

A GROUP OF 13 KANAMONO (METAL FITTINGS) Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Comprising a clasp fashioned from a silver ichibu coin; a silver clasp formed as Hotei reclining; a shakudo clasp formed as Kan'u by a bridge post, decorated in iro-e takazogan; a figure with a sack over his shoulder riding a horse through waves in copper and shakudo takazogan; a shinchu menuki formed as a pair of Kyogen masks; a shakudo menuki formed as a branch of mandarin oranges, decorated in gold and silver takazogan, fitted as a brooch; a pair of shibuichi menuki formed as poem cards with a swordsmith at work and an entertainer before a courtier, all in katakiri-bori, indistinctly signed [] [] Harukawa and with a kao; a shakudo menuki formed as Hotei in his treasure sack, decorated in gold and copper takazogan; a shakudo menuki formed as a writhing dragon, with gold highlights; a menuki formed as a flying crane in shakudo and gold; a shakudo menuki formed as a tethered horse; a cloisonné-enamel and gilt menuki formed as a spray of blossoms and tendrils (13) 1 7/8in (4.7cm) wide (the largest)

\$700 - 900



A GROUP OF 14 KANAMONO (METAL FITTINGS)

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Comprising an oval shibuichi clasp with a puppeteer in iro-e takazogan, takabori, and shishiai-bori, fitted as brooch; a rectangular shibuichi clasp with a woman raising a walking stick at two pheasants perched in a cherry tree in iro-e takazogan and takabori; a shakudo clasp formed as a cicada with gold highlights, contained within a silver frame, the reverse with an illegible seal; a small rounded rectangular silvered copper clasp with Hotei leaning on his treasure sack in iro-e takazogan; a small gilt-metal clasp formed as a fan and flute, decorated with a shakudo paulownia crest; a small shibuichi clasp formed as Daitoku holding a basket of flowers; a small clasp formed as a pair of paulownia blossoms in gold and shakudo; a small shakudo clasp formed as a figure holding a handscroll, with gilt highlights; a small iron clasp formed as Jurojin with a peach, with silver highlights; a clasp formed as a feather fan and a tea bowl in a brocade bag in shakudo and a gold and copper hirazogan; three shakudo menuki formed as a basket of flowers, a bundle of rice stalks, a phoenix, and a circular shakudo disc menuki carved with Monju, all with overlays of gold and silver, two of the menuki fitted as brooches (14)

2 1/8in (5.3cm) wide, the largest

\$800 - 1,200

1090

A GROUP OF SIX KANAMONO (METAL FITTINGS) FROM TOBACCO POUCHES

The fourth by Ryumin, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Comprising a rounded rectangular shakudo clasp decorated in iro-e takazogan with a woman offering a samurai a cup of tea as he arranges flowers, fashioned as a brooch; a rectangular shibuichi clasp with two Shojo and a vat of sake in iro-e takazogan; a rounded rectangular shakudo clasp with the immortal Bukan and his tiger in copper and gold takazogan, takabori, and kebori; a rectangular shibuichi clasp with a woman blackening her teeth before a mirror in iro-e takazogan and kebori, signed Ryumin and with a kao; an oval shibuichi clasp with Hotei and Benten in iro-e takazogan, illegibly signed; and an oval shibuichi clasp with a carver working on the head of a nio sculpture in copper and silver takazogan and takabori (6) 2 1/4in (5.7cm) wide, the largest

\$800 - 1,200

FOUR STAG-HORN NETSUKE AND THREE WOOD NETSUKE

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/early 20th century

Comprising a stylized stag-horn model of mallard duck; a stag antler standing figure of Kan'u holding his beard; a stylized staghorn model of a sparrow; a wood model of a puppy seated and looking to the left; a wood model of a puppy, its front paws resting on a large ball, the eyes inlaid; a wood model of a wild dog gnawing on a human skull, the eyes inlaid in bone and dark horn (6) 4 1/4in (10.8cm) long, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,500

1092

THREE STAG-HORN NETSUKE, THREE FRUIT-NUT NETSUKE, AND A LACQUER

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

Comprising a stag-horn model of a reclining ox, the eyes inlaid in dark horn, signed Taihei; a stag-horn model of a toad on top of a discarded bucket, indistinctly signed Ichimin[] to; a marine ivory rectangular netsuke carved on the surface with a kneeling beauty holding a fan beneath New-Year decorations, and a bird in flight; a fruit-nut netsuke carved with flowers and vines; a fruit-nut netsuke carved with lotus blossoms and leaves, illegibly signed; a fruit-nut netsuke carved with hares in crashing waves, signed Naoie; a redlacquer manju netsuke carved in relief with leafy vines (7)

2 1/8in (5.3cm) wide, the largest

\$1,000 - 1,500

1093

FIVE STAG-HORN NETSUKE AND A CARVED LACQUER NETSUKE

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/late 19th century

Comprising a hako netsuke carved with a landscape on the top surface and with the names of the 53 stations along the Tokaido road inscribed on the sides; a manju netsuke carved with a frog amongst a pile of seals; a ryusa netsuke pierce-carved with matsukawa-bishi (pine-bark lozenges); a netsuke carved as a snail crawling on a mushroom cap and hydrangea; a hasami netsuke carved as Ashinaga and Tenaga; a manju netsuke with a scholar and attendant fishing in black and red carved lacquer (6) 4 7/8in (12.4cm) high, the largest

\$1,000 - 1,500



1091







J94

1094

TWO SILVER AND BAMBOO KISERU (PIPES)

The first by Masayuki, Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century
The first carved with a dragon emerging from waves and ascending
a waterfall cascading from a rocky cliff, the stem lacquered with
crane and paulownia crests in gold hiramaki-e, signed Masayuki; the
second carved with flying cranes in shishiai-bori (2)
11 7/8in (30.2cm) long, the largest

\$2,000 - 3,000

1095

TWO SILVER AND BAMBOO KISERU (PIPES), AND AN IRON AND SILVER KISERU (PIPE)

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

The first decorated with a beauty beneath a willow tree in *katakiri-bori* and *shakudo hirazogan*, illegibly signed and impressed *Jungin* (Pure silver); the second decorated with a blossoming prunus in *kebori* and *shakudo hirazogan*; the third of *natamame* type decorated on the body with a cormorant fisherman holding a torch while his bird dives underwater, in *iro-e takazogan*, *takabori* and *shishiai-bori*, the mouthpiece and bowl silver (3) 7 1/2in (19cm) long, the largest

\$1,200 - 1,800



1096

A SILVER AND BAMBOO KISERU (PIPE) Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

Decorated in *katakiri-bori* and *shishiai-bori* with blossoming autumn plants, the bowl retro-fitted to hold a cigarette, inscribed Yamashiro 9 1/4in (23.4cm) long

\$800 - 1,200

1097

A SILVER AND GOLD KISERU, A SILVER AND BAMBOO KISERU, AN UNUSUAL SHINCHU AND BAMBOO KISERU, AND A CLOSONNE-ENAMEL AND SILVER KISERU

The second by Mizuguchi Yoshihisa, Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

The first decorated on the mouthpiece and bowl with orchid blossoms in katakiri-bori, the stem gold; the second carved with facets and decorated with paulownia and grasses and punctuated with bands of three rings, inscribed Ken'ei and with spurious date Tensho go (1577), and signed Mizuguchi Yoshihisa; the third constructed with a brass mouthpiece and bowl and with six bamboo stems encircling the central stem; the fourth worked in colored enamel and gilt wires with scrolling vines against a pale blue ground, the mouthpiece and bowl silver (4) 8 1/8in (20.6cm) long, the largest

\$1,200 - 1,800



1099

1098

TWO SILVER AND BAMBOO KISERU (PIPES)

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, early 20th century The first decorated in a simulated woven pattern; the second carved with chrysanthemums partially obscured by bands of clouds in shishiai-bori, the mouthpiece gilt (2) 8 1/2in (21.6cm) long, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,000

1099

A SHINCHU KISERU (PIPE) AND TWO SILVER AND BAMBOO KISERU (PIPES)

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

The first decorated on the body with snow-covered bamboo, a sedge hat, and a *minogame* (rain cape) in silver and gold *takazogan*, the mouthpiece and bowl silver; each of the second and third decorated in bold relief with dragons in swirling clouds in *takabori* and *kebori* (3) 10in (25.3cm) long, the largest

\$1,800 - 2,500



TWO STAG-HORN KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) WITH KISERU (PIPES)

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The first carved as a stalk of reishi fungus, the reverse carved with grasses in low relief, the pipe carved with lotus leaves in kebori the spotted bamboo stalk with natural variations in color; the second carved as a monkey in a hat, the bottom section of the case formed as the monkey's paw, the pipe of russet iron and bamboo decorated with matsukawa-bishi (pine-bark crests) in gold and silver hirazogan, the mouthpiece silver (2)

9in (22.9cm) long, the largest

\$800 - 1,200

1101

THREE STAG-HORN KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) WITH **KISERU (PIPES)**

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Each of senryu-zutsu type, the first carved as a fish, the scales and fins carved with fine lines, the shinchu and bamboo pipe decorated with panels of the animals of the zodiac cast in low relief and silvered; the second carved as a lotus leaf curled in on itself, the silver and bamboo pipe with gourds on the vine and a dragonfly in iro-e takazogan and kebori; the third carved as a lotus leaf curled in on itself, the silver and bamboo pipe decorated with blossoming wisteria vines and a butterfly in gold takazogan, kebori and shishiai-bori, sealed Tsune (3)

9in (22.8cm) long, the largest

\$1,200 - 1,800



TWO UMIMATSU KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) WITH KISERU (PIPES)

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Each of senryu-zutsu type fashioned from a branch of the coral, the first polished to enhance the natural patterns, with a silver and shakudo pipe decorated in alternating bands of silver and shakudo, the mouthpiece gilt; the second carved as a reishi fungus, with a simple shinchu one-piece pipe (2)

9in (22.8cm) long, the largest

\$1.000 - 1.500

1103

THREE STAG-HORN KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) AND A BAMBOO AND STAG-HORN KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASE) WITH KISERU (PIPE)

The first by Kanemitsu, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century Each of senryu-zutsu type, fashioned from a branch of stag horn resembling a tree trunk decorated with flowering vines in kebori, signed in a rectangular reserve Kanemitsu, with a silvered metal and bamboo pipe decorated with floral lozenges in katakiri-bori; the second carved with pomegranates in takabori, with a silver, shakudo and bamboo pipe decorated with birds and flowers in silver and gold takazogan; the third carved as an emaciated man, the corona of the stag horn utilized to represent his hat, the himotoshi formed as the man's raised right hand, with a shinchu and bamboo pipe decorated with the animals of the zodiac cast in relief; the fourth carved from a rhizome and fitted with a stag-horn knife and fork, the shinchu and bamboo pipe decorated with silver overlays (4) 9in (22.8cm) long, the largest

1104

A GROUP OF FIVE WOOD KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) WITH KISERU (PIPES)

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

Each of senryu-zutsu type, the first carved as a mythical beast with eyes of inlaid mother-of-pearl, the front decorated with a shaped panel with a stylized character and a feather fan above a reishi fungus inlaid in stag horn, the himotoshi formed by a space beneath the long nose, with a brass and bamboo pipe; the second carved as a snake with a frog held in its coils, both animals' eyes inlaid in light and dark horn, with a silver and bamboo pipe incised with scrolling vines; the third carved as a banana leaf with a snail climbing up the reverse, with a silvered metal and bamboo pipe carved with sparrows and bamboo in katakiri-bori; the fourth carved as a dragon fish with its jaws agape, with a silver and bamboo pipe incised with floral and geometric patterns; the fifth carved as a cluster of mushrooms, the bamboo and brass pipe cast with a various sea creatures (5)

9 1/2in (24.9cm) long, the largest

\$1,800 - 2,500

\$2,000 - 3,000







A SILVER KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASE) AND A SILVER AND COPPER KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASE)

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Each of *muso-zutsu* type, the first decorated with chrysanthemums in *takabori*, the stamens highlighted in gilt, stamped on the edge of the insert *Jungin* (Pure silver); the second silver on the obverse and copper on the reverse, with a pine tree and morning glories in *kebori* (2) *8in* (20.3cm) long, the largest

\$700 - 1,000

1106

THREE STAG-HORN KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES)

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Each of *otoshi-zutsu* type, the first carved in low relief with an exotic plant in a Chinese-style vase with a cracked-ice decoration, a tea pot and cup; the second carved in high and sunken relief with an exotic bird in flight above peonies and clouds; the third carved in low relief with a chrysanthemum and leafy vine, the *himotoshi* formed by one of the leaves (3)

8 1/4in (21cm) long, the largest

\$1,000 - 1,500

1107

A SET OF THREE STAG-HORN KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) The first after Ozaki Kokusai, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

The first carved as an *oni* with a mallet climbing on a pair of tongs, inscribed *Koku* in seal form; the second of *otoshi-zutsu* type carved in high relief with a Chinese scholar beneath a pine tree, the details highlighted in dark stain, illegibly signed and sealed; the third of *otoshi-zutsu* type carved in low relief with a *shishi* beneath a waterfall, the *himotoshi* formed by a crashing wave (3) 8 1/8in (20.6cm) long, the largest

\$1,200 - 1,800

1108

FIVE STAG-HORN KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

Comprising two of *muso-zutsu* and three of *otoshi-zutsu* type, the first carved in high relief with a cat on a game board knocking the pieces onto the floor, the *himotoshi* carved as a branch of cherry blossoms; the second carved with four registers containing Chinesestyle landscapes, inscribed *Omi no haikei*; the third carved in low relief with a bird in a willow tree; the fourth carved in low relief with a courtier standing on the stump of a pine tree before Mount Fuji, the *himotoshi* formed as a pine bough; the fifth carved in low and sunken relief with four registers containing landscapes and *meisho-e* (famous places), inscribed *Omi no haikei* (5)

9 1/4in (23.4cm) long, the largest

\$1,800 - 2,500







1109

THREE BAMBOO KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES) The first by Chikusen, the second by Yoshiyama, Edo period

(1615-1868) or Meiji era (1912-1926), 19th/20th century
The first of muso-zutsu type and carved with a Chinese scholar
holding a staff in shishiai-bori and a lengthy inscription, the collar
silver, signed [[[Chikusen to and with a kao; the second of musozutsu type and decorated with three ants in black takamaki-e
and incised with a lengthy inscription, the collar shakudo, signed
Yoshiyama Dojin koku and with a seal; the third, a simple bamboo
pipe case with a shakudo hinged top (3)

9 1/4in (23.4cm) long, the largest

\$800 - 1,200

1110

A BAMBOO KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASE) AND TWO LACQUER KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES)

The first by Kano Tessai (1845-1925), the second by Tokoku, Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, 19th/20th century Each of *muso-zutsu* type, the first a carved and painted in polychrome pigments with a porcelain beauty, the insert inscribed with a description of Tessai's inspiration, the collar gilt, signed *Tosei bijin o moshite Tessai* (Copy of a ceramic beauty by Tessai) and sealed; the second lacquered in mottled red and black, carved with a ribbed texture on the surface and decorated with a scholar in a pavilion beneath a willow tree, the insert incised with a poem, sealed *Tokoku* and another seal; the third lacquered in mottled dark brown and black (3)

8 1/2in (21.6cm) long, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,000

A LEATHER TABAKO-IRE (TOBACCO POUCH) AND KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASE), AND A BROCADE TABAKO-IRE (TOBACCO POUCH)

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912)

The first of textured leather, the large clasp formed as a lobster and shimekazari (straw decoration) in copper, gold and shakudo takazogan, the backplate indistinctly signed ///taka and with a kao, the shibuichi and bamboo pipe decorated with peony blossoms in high and sunken relief; the second, a silk brocade pouch woven with floral patterns, the gold clasp designed as a spray of peonies (2) 8 3/4in (22.2cm) long, the pipe case

\$1,000 - 1,500

1112

12 ASSORTED TABAKO-IRE (TOBACCO POUCHES)

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

Comprising a tooled and gilded Dutch-style leather pouch decorated with gourds and vines, the silver clasp formed as a finger citron and grapes on a leafy vine; a fabric pouch with a tooled and gilded Dutch-style leather flap decorated with a phoenix in paulownia, the clasp a gilt-metal shishi; a tooled leather pouch decorated with a dragon in swirling clouds in polychrome pigments, the large silver clasp formed as a coiled dragon, the backplate decorated with crashing waves in kebori, the interior of the pouch with stenciled crane patterns; a textured leather pouch with a gilt-metal clasp formed as a galloping horse; a textured leather pouch with a gilt-metal and shakudo clasp formed as three crickets; a polished leather pouch with a silveredmetal clasp formed as a chrysanthemum; a leather pouch with a shakudo and shibuichi clasp formed as an owl on an oar, with gilt highlights; a leather pouch constructed in a patchwork design with a shakudo clasp formed as a Foxes' wedding procession with gold highlights; a leather pouch scored with vertical lines on a blue-dyed ground, the russet-iron clasp formed as a pair of carp with gold-inlaid eyes; a doe skin pouch with a stenciled design of shishi in peony and a spurious date, the gilt clasp formed as an Okina mask in a storage box, the back plate stamped shingin; a woven blue and white cotton pouch in a checked pattern with a shibuichi clasp formed as a kirin and fitted with a fruit-nut ojime carved with the Seven Sages of the Bamboo Grove; a woven silk pouch with a design of a cottage in a mountainous landscape, the shakudo and silver clasp forming Hotei's treasure sack (12) 5 1/4in (13.3cm) wide, the largest

\$800 - 1,200



1111



1112



THREE TABAKO-IRE (TOBACCO POUCHES) WITH KISERUZUTSU (PIPE CASES), TWO WITH KISERU (PIPES) Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

The first an en-suite tooled Dutch-style leather tobacco pouch and pipe case decorated with fruiting grape vines and floral crests in gilt, the shakudo pouch clasp with a monkey seated on a tree stump in iroe-takazogan, the pipe case applied with a cloisonné-enamel and gilt-metal fitting with coiling vines supporting a suspension ring, fitted with a large stag-horn ojime pierced with a landscape and a stag-horn manju netsuke with a central roundel of a landscape surrounded by pierce-carved plum blossoms, the underside carved as a chrysanthemum blossom, the brass pipe decorated with the immortal poets in katakiri-bori, the mouthpiece silver; the second, a tooled Dutch-style leather tobacco pouch decorated with stylized blossoms and gilt horizontal bands of blue pigment, the clasp designed as a flower basket of camellias in copper and gold takazogan, the pipe case of woven ratan with a gilt-metal collar, with an impressed illegible gourd-shaped seal, fitted with a red-lacquer bead ojime carved with waves and inlaid with mother-of-pearl dots of foam; a textured leather tobacco pouch with a silver and shibichi clasp formed as Daitoku in a rickshaw being pulled by a rat, the wheel free-moving, the back plate carved with gate and lantern in kebori, the dark hardwood pipecase fitted with a bone collar and containing a silver and bamboo pipe decorated with geometric and floral patterns in gold hirazogan (3)

10 5/8in (27cm) long, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,500

1114

CHIKUSAI, ACTIVE EARLY 20TH CENTURY

A two-case wood tonkotsu (tobacco box) Taisho era (1912-1926), early 20th century

The first, a two-case tobacco box decorated with a panel containing confronted birds amongst stylized flowering plants carved in relief, the reverse with a stylized cloud-shaped reserve in sunken relief, the sides carved with blossoms and the top of the cover with a coiling dragon holding a flaming jewel, the interior cases lacquered red, signed *Chikusai*, fitted with a porcelain bead *ojime* and a burl-wood netsuke 3 3/4in (9.5cm) high

\$1,000 - 1,500

1115

TWO KINCHAKU (PURSES)

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The first constructed of vertical parallel bamboo strips bound together with horizontal bands of rattan, the upper section leather decorated with a stitched design of maple leaves and with a silvered metal hinged closure, fitted with a wood bead *ojime* and a staghorn *ryusa*-style netsuke; the second constructed from a section of coconut shell carved in relief with an oxherd playing a flute by a waterfall, the front applied with an expandable pouch and flap closure of tooled "Dutch-style" leather decorated with cranes and pine trees, fitted with an amber bead *ojime* and a section of narwhal tusk applied with a gilt metal hollyhock crest (2) 4 1/2in (11.6cm) wide, the largest

\$1,000 - 1,500





A GROUP OF THREE TONKOTSU (TOBACCO BOXES)

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, early 20th century

Comprising a woven bamboo box with an overhanging cover and *himotoshi* rings along the sides, fitted with a carved fruit-nut ojime and a woven bamboo netsuke; a tobacco box carved from a single node of bamboo and decorated on the exterior with Gama Sennin and his toad companion carved in relief, the cover hardwood, fitted with a carved fruit-nut ojime and a wood spherical netsuke pierce- carved with peonies, the top surface with a chrysanthemum blossom encircled by a stag-horn ring; a tobacco box carved from a single piece of burl wood, fitted with a wood ojime carved with concentric rings and a large burl-wood netsuke (3)

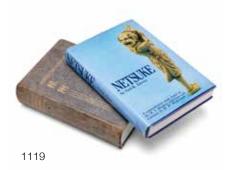
4 1/4in (10.8cm) wide, the largest

\$1,200 - 1,800









A TWO-VOLUME SET OF REFERENCE BOOKS ON NETSUKE

Lazarnick, George, Netsuke & Inro Artists and How to Read Their Signatures, Honolulu, Hawaii, Reed Publishers, 1982 (first published 1981), complete set of 2 volumes

\$800 - 1.200

1118

THREE VOLUMES ON NETSUKE

Comprising: Atchley Virginia and Davey, Neil The Virginia Atchley Collection of Japanese Miniature Arts, Chicago and Los Angeles, Art Media Resources, 2006; Albert, Shea (ed.), Hidden Treasures of Japanese Art, The Isaac Kaplan Collection, Cape Town, Kaplan Kushlick Foundation, 2004; Eskenazi Ltd. (London), Japanese Netsuke, Ojime and Inro from a Private European Collection, 1998 (3)

\$800 - 1,200

1119

TWO VOLUMES ON NETSUKE

Comprising Brockhaus, Albert, Netsuke: Versuch einer Geschichte der Japanischen Schnitzkunst [Essay on the History of Japanese Carving], Leipzig, F. A. Brockhaus, 1909 (second edition, first published 1905); and Davey, Neil K., Netsuke: A Comprehensive Study Based on the M. T. Hindson Collection, London, Faber & Faber & Sotheby Parke Bernet Publications, 1974 (first edition)(2)

\$800 - 1,200

1120

THREE VOLUMES OF REFERENCE BOOKS ON NESUKE

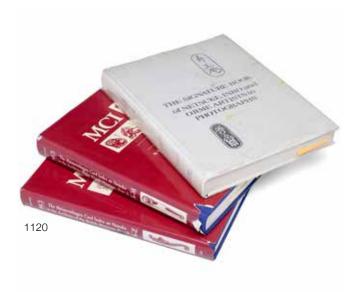
Comprising Lazarnick, George, The Signature Book of Netsuke, Inro and Ojime Artists in Photographs, Honolulu, Hawaii, Reed Publishers, 1976 (first edition, numbered edition no.222 of 500); Meinertzhagen, Frederick, The Meinertzhagen Card Index on Netsuke in the Archives of the British Museum, ed. George Lazarnick, New York, Alan R. Liss, Inc., 1986 (first edition), complete set of 2 volumes (3)

\$1,200 - 1,800

A COLLECTION OF REFERENCE BOOKS RELATED TO **SMOKING ARTICLES**

Comprising: Tobacco and Salt Museum, ed., Kiseru (Pipes), Tokyo, Tobacco and Salt Museum, 1988, (two copies); Senbaikosokai, ed., Ukiyo-e to kitsuengusen (Woodblock Prints and Smoking Utensils), Tokyo, Tojusha, 1978; Tobacco and Salt Museum, ed., *Tabakoire (Tobacco Containers)*, Tokyo, Tobacco and Salt Museum, 2005; Kakegawa Ninomaru Museum of Art, ed., Kakegawa Ninomaru bijutsukan meihinsen (Selected Masterpieces of the Kakegawa Ninomaru Museum), Kakegawa City, Kakegawa Ninomaru Museum of Art, 2012; Shimada City Museum, Daijusankai kaigaten, Kiseru to shokuninten (Pipes and Artisans, 13th Painting Exhibition), Shimada City, Shimada City Museum, 1996; Komatsu Taishu and Iwasaki Hitoshi, eds. Kitsuengu (Smoking Utensils) in Nihon no bijutsu 9, 2000 (9)

\$800 - 1,200



















PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1122

A WOOD NETSUKE OF A SNAKE AND SKULL

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

Carved as a human skull with a snake winding through the eye socket, cheek bone and up over the forehead, the serpent's eyes inlaid in dark horn

2 3/4in (7cm) wide

\$1,500 - 2,000

A FRUIT NUT NETSUKE AND A WOOD MASK NETSUKE The first by Hidari Issan, Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

The first, a double fruit-nut netsuke decorated with a shishi and a spray of peonies carved in low and sunken relief, signed Hidari Issan; the second carved as a Hannya mask, the eyes inlaid in brass 2in (5.1cm) long, the largest

\$800 - 1,200

1124

TWO WOOD NETSUKE

The first in the style of Toyomasa, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th

The first carved as Hondaka Sonja kneeling and watching as his companion dragon emerges from an alms bowl in a cloud of smoke, the dragon's eyes inlaid in translucent horn; the second carved as a blind masseur seated with his folded hands holding his right knee, the himotoshi added later (2)

2 1/8in (5.3cm) high, the largest

\$2,000 - 3,000

A LACQUERED METAL MINIATURE MATCHLOCK PISTOL Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

Cast as a matchlock pistol, the barrel lacquered russet brown, the stock black and the binding lacquered gold, applied with a suspension ring

3 3/4in (9.5cm) long

\$1,000 - 1,500

MASANAO OF ISE (ACTIVE 19TH CENTURY)

A large wood model of a toad

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

The toad shown seated on a discarded straw sandal, the surface finished to resemble the toad's skin, the eyes inlaid in dark horn, signed in a rectangular reserve *Masanao* 2 3/16in (5.6cm) wide

\$1,000 - 1,500

1127

MASAKATSU (1839-1899)

A wood netsuke of a salmon head

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

Carved as a mouse gnawing on the discarded head of a salmon, the fish's eyes inlaid in dark wood, signed *Masakatsu* and with a *kao* 1 3/4in (4.5cm) wide

\$1,500 - 2,000

1128

A TANBA SCHOOL WOOD NETSUKE

Style of Toyomasa, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Carved as a seated tiger, the head turned looking back over the left shoulder, the thick tail running up the right side of the animal's back, the eyes inlaid in translucent and dark horn 2in (5.1cm) wide

\$2,500 - 3,500

Provenance

Purchased Spink and Son, Ltd., London

1129

TWO WOOD NETSUKE

The first by Masayoshi, Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

The first carved as three *shishi* fighting over a brocade ball, the eyes inlaid in dark horn, signed *Masayoshi*; the second carved as a toad, its mouth open as if to catch a fly, the eyes inlaid in dark wood 2 1/8in (5.4cm) wide, the largest

\$1,200 - 1,800

1130

A WOOD NETSUKE OF AN ONI

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Carved as a seated *oni* grimacing as he struggles with a large pair of tongs

2 1/8in (5.4cm) wide

\$1,200 - 1,500

1131

A WOOD NETSUKE OF THREE RATS

After Tomokazu, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Carved as three rats in a pile, the eyes inlaid in dark horn, inscribed *Tomokazu*

1 7/8in (4.7cm) wide

\$1,000 - 1,500

1132

TWO NETSUKE OF UNUSUAL MATERIALS

Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

The first, adapted from the canine teeth and upper jaw of a predator left in its natural state; the second carved from a section of amber with two peaches and branches 2in (5.1cm) long, the largest

\$1,000 - 1,500



















THREE WOOD NETSUKE AND A BRASS NETSUKE

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/ 20th century

Comprising a wood mask netsuke carved as Hannya, the eyes inlaid in dark wood; a wood erotic netsuke of a couple embracing; a wood netsuke of a rat nibbling on a peanut, the eyes inlaid in dark horn; and a brass mask netsuke cast as Hannya 2 3/8in (6.1cm) long, the largest

\$1,000 - 1,500

1134

TOSHIO (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A stag-horn model of a toad Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

The animal shown in mid stride reaching to brush away a spider from its brow, the natural surface of the stag horn used to good effect to resemble the toad's bumpy skin, the eyes inlaid in dark horn, signed *Toshio* 5 3/4in (14.6cm) long

\$5,000 - 7,000



PROPERTY FROM THE ESTATE OF **JEFFREY S. KAUFMAN**

1135

KOMA KANSAI II (1767-1835)

A fine three-case lacquer inro Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century Decorated in several shades of gold and black takamaki-e, hiramaki-e and kirikane on a bright kinji ground with highlights of kinpun with a horse in a stable, its nose in a feed bucket, a paulownia tree nearby, the interior cases nashiji, signed Koma Kansai saku; fitted with a coral bead ojime 3 1/8in (7.9cm) long

\$3,000 - 4,000

1136

KANSHOSAI (ACTIVE LATE 18TH CENTURY)

A fine four-case lacquer inro Edo period (1615-1868), late 18th century Of lenticular section and lacquered in gold, brown, black, and silver hiramaki-e and takamaki-e with aogai and hirame highlights against a roiro-nuri ground with a group of horses beneath a willow tree, the interior cases nashiji, signed Kanshosai and with a kao; fitted with a wood bead ojime and a wood kagamibuta netsuke, the rectangular shakudo nanako plate decorated with galloping horses in gold and shakudo takazogan

3 1/8in (7.9cm) long

\$2,000 - 3,000





1135 (two views)





1137



1139 (two views)





A FOUR-CASE LACQUER INRO

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century Decorated with a group of children playing drums and dancing around a large New Year's festival decoration in gold, silver, and black takamaki-e and embellishments of aogai and gold foil on a ground of okibirame and roiro-nuri, the interior cases nashiji; fitted with a hard stone bead ojime 3 1/4in (8.3cm) long

\$1,500 - 2,500

1138

A FIVE-CASE SOMADA-STYLE INRO

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century Decorated in typical Somada-style inlays of iridescent shell and kirikane arranged in alternating bands of floral vines and geometric lozenge patterns, the cases in the top four tiers each divided on the interior and lacquered fundame; fitted with a carnelian bead ojime

3 1/8in (7.9cm) long

\$1,200 - 1,800

1139

A FOUR-CASE LACQUER INRO

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century Of lenticular section and with open cord runners along the middle cases, decorated in *iro-e takamaki-e* and *nashiji* on a dense *Gyobu-nashiji* ground with a Ranryo-o mask and its storage box, the interior cases *nashiji* 3 1/4in (8.3cm) long

\$1,200 - 1,800

KAJIKAWA FAMILY (19TH CENTURY)

A four-case lacquer inro Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Decorated in iro-e takamaki-e, togidashi-e, kirikane, and hirame on a roiro-nuri ground with two figures seated working before a farmhouse by a stream and pine and maple trees, the interior cases nashiji, signed Kajikawa saku and with a red jar seal; fitted with an an iron oval bead ojime decorated with a branch of prunus in silver hirazogan and a lacquer manju netsuke decorated with a peony blossom in gold hiramaki-e, signed Kajikawa saku and with a red jar seal 2 5/8in (6.7cm) long

\$2,000 - 3,000

1141

IIZUKA TOYO (ACTIVE LATE 18TH CENTURY)

A four-case lacquer inro Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century

The slender inro decorated in iro-e togidashi-e and silver hiramaki-e against a roiro-nuri ground with hirame with butterflies and ferns, the dew drops in inlaid gilt-metal, the interior cases nashiji, signed Toyo saku 3 1/4in (8.3cm) long

\$2,000 - 3,000

1142

A FOUR-CASE FACETED INRO

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

The small inro decorated with paulownia and chrysanthemum crests in silver togidashi-e on a roiro-nuri ground, the interior cases fundame 3in (7.6cm) long

\$800 - 1,200









1143 (two views)





1144 (two views)



BAITOKUSAI BAIRIN (ACTIVE 19TH CENTURY)

A five-case metal-inlaid lacquer inro Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century Decorated with a rolling hills and pine trees in gold *takamaki-e*, and gold and red *hiramaki-e* with profuse kirikane and inlaid with the Three and an attendant in gold, silver copper,

Sake Tasters (Laozi, Buddha, and Confucius), and shakudo takazogan, the interior cases nashiji, the top two cases partitioned, signed Baitokusai and with a kao; fitted with a large hardstone bead ojime 3 1/8in (7.9cm) long

\$3,500 - 4,500

1144

A FIVE-CASE METAL AND SHELL-INLAID

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

The slender inro decorated in gold, silver, red, and black takamaki-e with rolling waves on a beach with rocks and grasses, and inlaid with a standing crane in gold, copper, and shakudo takazogan, and several cranes in flight in mother-of-pearl and lacquer, the interiors nashiji; fitted with an iron bead ojime carved with flying cranes in waves highlighted

3 1/4in (8.3cm) long

\$3,000 - 4,000

A THREE-CASE LACQUER INRO

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Decorated in gold and silver takamaki-e, hiramaki-e and gold-foil and pewter inlays on a roiro-nuri ground lightly dusted with kinpun on the bottom case with blossoming plum trees beneath the moon and a man in a boat, the interior cases nashiji 3 1/8in (7.9cm) long

\$1,500 - 2,500

PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1146

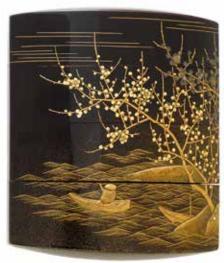
A GROUP OF SIX ASORTED INRO

The watch Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1860, the inro Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

The English watch produced by John Cooper and fitted with Japanese numerals on the face, the inner case decorated with scrolling vines and a wisteria crest in gold hiramaki-e on a silver-lacquer ground, a small drawer in the reverse containing a key, the outer metal sheath decorated with scrolling vines in gold hiramaki-e on a black-lacquer ground, the corners applied with gilt-metal hardware carved with foliate scroll; fitted with a glass bead ojime and a copper match-case netsuke decorated with maple leaves in kebori, with an old leather and silk storage bag, possibly original 2 7/8in (7.2cm) long

\$1,500 - 2,000





1145















1147

AGROUP OF SIX ASSORTED INRO Edo period (1651-1868), 19th century

Comprising: a two-case wood inro decorated in ceramic inlay and gold and silver hiramaki-e with a frog and a spider in a web and a poem, with two red seals; an unusual cylindrical three-case lacquer inro decorated with a spider in a web in stalks of bamboo in gold takamaki-e and black hiramaki-e, the interior cases nashiji; a four-case lacquer inro decorated in gold and silver takamaki-e and togidashi-e with highlights of hirame and kinpun with a figure nodding off by a stream in the landscape, nashiji interiors; a four-case lacquer inro decorated in gold and silver takamaki-e, hiramae, and e-nashiji with a rocky landscape and crashing waterfall; a four-case lacquer inro decorated in gold hiramaki-e on a roiro-nuri ground with a landscape and a bridge, with nashiji interiors, signed Yoyusai and with a kao; a three-case lacquer inro decorated in iro-e takamaki-e and hirame on a red-lacquer ground with a rabbit riding a fox, pursued by a monkey riding a stag, the interiors nashiji (6) 4 3/4in (12.1cm) high, the largest

\$2,500 - 3,500

A FOUR-CASE LACQUER INRO AND A LACQUERED WOOD NETSUKE

The inro by Chikanao, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century, the netsuke Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, early 20th century

The inro lacquered in gold and silver takamaki-e, hiramaki-e, and togidashi-e with a temple complex and rice fields before distant mountains, the interior cases nashiji, signed Chikanao and with a kao; the netsuke carved as a monkey kneeling with a young bamboo shoot resting on his shoulder, decorated in colored lacquer Inro: 3 1/8in (7.8cm) high; netsuke: 2in (5.1cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,000

A CASE FOR EYEGLASSES AND A **CHANGE PURSE**

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century The glasses case of dark hardwood and

decorated with a Sanbaso dancer carved in sunken relief and painted in polychrome pigments and gilt, the hinged cover shakudo with a gilt edge, the change purse textured leather with a wood front panel carved in low relief with Hotei's treasure sack, Daikoku's mallet, and Ebisu's basket containing a sea bream, painted in polychrome pigments, the clasp gilt and shakudo, illegibly signed 6 1/4in (15.7cm) long

\$1,000 - 1,500

1150

YAMADA JOKASAI (ACTIVE 19TH CENTURY)

A four-case lacquer inro Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Of rounded rectangular form, lacquered with a continuous

design of a mountainous Chinese landscape with a waterfall, and an inkstone, brush and fan resting on a rocky ledge to one side, in gold, silver and slight coloured takamaki-e with gold foil and kirikane highlights, the interior of nashiji with kinji edges, signed Jo'o and with a kao; fitted with a hardstone bead

3 9/16in (9.1cm) high

\$1,200 - 1,800

The abandoned Chinese-style inkstone, brush and fan are probably a reference to the scholar-official Bao Zheng (999-1062) who later became a popular hero in drama and fiction. When posted to Duanzhou, an area famous for its inkstones, he discovered that previous magistrates had always collected far more than they were allowed to but when his own period of office was over he "went home without taking a single stone." It is uncertain when and how this story reached Japan, but printed books may well have played a part.







A GROUP OF SEVEN ASSORTED YATATE (PORTABLE WRITING SETS)

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

Comprising an amusing example formed as a shamisen, inscribed Yamadai ju; an unusual bronze rectangular example; a brass example decorated with whirlpools on the ink reservoir and a shrimps tail on the hilt; a brass example decorated on the ink reservoir with a figure in iro-e takazogan and bamboo in kebori, indistinctly signed [Junsai saku; a lacquer example decorated with ferns in gold hiramaki-e against a roiro-nuri ground; a silvered bronze example decorated with scrolling vines in kebori; a silvered-brass example decorated with deeply carved flowering vines and fitted with a one-case silver inro-style ink reservoir (7) 8 1/4in (21cm) long, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,000

1152

A GROUP OF SEVEN ASSORTED YATATE (PORTABLE WRITING SETS)

Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

Comprising a miniature brass example decorated with foliate scroll in kebori; a bronze example decorated on the handle with a spider in silver takazogan, the web carved in kebori; a large silver example finished with an ishime surface and designed with a compartment for seal paste at the hilt, the clasp mechanism decorated in gilt; a lacquer example decorated with snowflakes in gold and silver hiramkiaki-e on a roiro-nuri ground; a silver example decorated with foliate scroll and a heraldic crest in kebori; a silver example with the ink reservoir and hilt formed as chrysanthemum florets: a staghorn example carved with flowering vines and simulated woven work (7) 8 1/4in (21cm) long, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,000

1153

A GROUP OF SEVEN ASSORTED YATATE (PORTABLE WRITING SETS)

The fourth by the Kajikawa studio, Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

Comprising a small silvered-brass set decorated with foliate scroll; a silver set designed with a ribbed handle and ink reservoir; a large brass set carved with flowering vines and a heraldic crest in kebori, fitted with a hinged netsuke for storing seal paste; a lacquer set decorated with cherry blossoms and pine needles in iro-e hiramaki-e on a roiro-nuri ground, signed Kajikawa saku and with a jar seal, fitted with a lacquer bead ojime; a bronze set decorated with keyfrets in gold hirazogan, fitted with a hardstone bead oiime and a silver waterdropper netsuke cast as a table supporting the attributes of the Seven Gods of Good Fortune, with a writing brush; a bronze set cast with dragons in clouds, fitted with a pewter water-dropper netsuke formed as a gourd, with a writing brush; a silver set decorated with scrolling vines in kebori, the ink reservoir attached by a linked chain, illegibly sealed, with a writing brush (7) 7 7/8in (20cm) long, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,000









1154 (detail)

1154

SHIBATA ZESHIN (1807-1891)

A yatate (portable writing set) with a lacquer one-case ink box Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The ink box black lacquer and decorated with blossoms and a pomegranate in black *takamaki-e* finished in *ishime* texture, the interior fitted with a pewter reservoir, signed *Zeshin* in "rat's-tooth" scratched manner, with a glass bead *ojime* with *shakudo-*ringed *himotoshi*, the bamboo brush holder carved with openwork resembling a Chinese-style table, the writing brush black-lacquer with mother-of-pearl inlays of flowering vines 7 3/8in (18.7cm) long

\$3,000 - 5,000



1155

A LACQUER KOBAKO (SMALL BOX)

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The cardioid-shaped box and cover decorated with musical instruments including the biwa (lute), sho (vertical panpipes), kotsuzumi (small drum for the Noh theater), and others in iroe-e takamaki-e and aogai against a ground of Gyobu-nashiji, the interior and underside nashiji

2 1/2in (6.3cm) wide

\$1,200 - 1,800

1156 No lot

1157

A LACQUER BOX AND COVER

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

In the form of three overlapping uchiwa (Chinese style fans), each decorated with a different design, the uppermost with ivy vines and momijij (autumn maple) growing along a river, the middle fan with a classical Japanese mansion overlooking a garden with a meandering stream, the lowermost featuring hagi(bush clover) bordering a waterway, all in gold and silver hiramaki-e, takamaki-e and kirikane on a kinji ground, the sides with an overall pattern of stylized chrysanthemum blossoms in gold and silver hiramaki-e and gold e-nashiji, the interior and base gold nashiji 4 1/4in (10.8cm) long

\$1,000 - 1,500

1158

A SMALL LACQUER BOX AND COVER

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The box in the form of two overlapping tsuba and decorated in iro-e takamaki-e, hiramaki-e, togidashi-e, nashiji, and fundame with embellishments of aogai and hirame against a ground of nashiji or kinji, the cover with chidori in flight over turbulent waves rendered in a combed pattern by pine-strewn islands, and fruiting grape vines, the sides with a continuous design of butterflies and blossoming flowers, the interior lacquered with a bamboo blind blowing in the evening breeze and autumn flowers, the rims fundame and the underside mura-nashiji

4 5/8in (11.7cm) wide

\$3,000 - 4,000



1157









A LOBED LACQUER KOBON (TRAY FOR INCENSE)

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Set on low feet and decorated in *iro-e hiramaki-e* and *takamaki-e* against a *hirame* ground with *tanzaku-*shaped reserves of blossoms and grasses of the four seasons, the sides decorated with maples leaves scattered on rushing waters

With a wood *tomobako* storage box

7 3/8 x 9 1/2 x 3/4in (18.7 x 24 x 1.9cm)

\$1,200 - 1,800

1160

A SMALL LACQUER BOX AND COVER WITH REMOVABLE TRAY

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Rectangular and decorated in gold and silver *hiramaki-e*, *takamaki-e*, and *togidashi-e* and *nashiji* highlights with open and closed *ehon* against a *mokume* ground, the interior *nashiji* 4 7/8 x 3 3/4 x 2 1/2in (12.5 x 9.5 x 6.4cm)

\$2,500 - 3,500

1161

A SMALL LACQUER BOX AND COVER

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

The curvilinear rectangular box decorated in *iro-e takamaki-e* and *sumi togidashi-e* with embellishments of *aogai* on a *Gyobu-nashiji* ground with battledore paddles in high relief and scattered maple leaves

4 x 3 1/4 x 1 1/4in (10.1 x 8.2 x 3.1cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

1162

A TWO-TIERED STACKING LACQUER BOX AND COVER Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

The lobed box decorated with a continuous design of a landscape with thatched cottages by running streams and bridges rendered in gold, silver and brown *hiramaki-e*, *togidashi-e* and *kirikane* against a *kinji* ground, the interiors *nashiji*, silver rim 6 3/4 x 8 7/8 x 5 5/8in (17.1 x 22.6 x 14.2cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500





SHIOMI MASANARI

A small lacquer writing box Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century The rectangular box with a flush-fitting cover, decorated in *iro-e togidashi-e* on a glossy roiro-nuri ground with a bamboo tray filled with autumn flowers, the interior with bell flowers obscured by mists by a stream, with hirame embellishments, the removable interior tray fitted with a kidney shaped ink stone and a silver crescent-moon shaped water dropper, silver rims, signed on the lower left corner of the removable tray Shiomi Masanari in red lacquer, with a gilded ink stick

With a wood storage box 6 1/2 x 5 7/8 x 1 1/4in (16.5 x 14.9 x 3.2cm)

\$4,000 - 6,000







A LACQUER WRITING BOX

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century
The rectangular box decorated on the exterior with a Buddhist monk, a Chinese scholar and an ascetic in iro-e takamaki-e and inlays of aogai against a ground of undecorated wood, the edges lacquered in nashiji, the interior of the cover decorated in iro-e takamaki-e, togidashi-e, and inlays of aogai with a tsuitate decorated with a landscape and constellations, and an incense burner, the interior of the box bearing a e-nashiji ground, fitted with a semi-spherical silver water dropper, a rectangular ink stone and removable inner trays
With a wood storage box
10 3/8 x 7 1/4 x 1 5/8in (26.3 x 18.4 x 4.1cm)

\$2,500 - 3,500

PROPERTY FROM THE ELIZABETH AND WILLARD CLARK COLLECTION

1165

A SMALL LACQUER TABLE

Edo period (1615-1868), 18th/19th century

Of square section, the top and upper shelf decorated in gold hiramaki-e and e-nashiji with flowering autumn plants and pine trees bordering on stream, trailing pine branches in gold *hiramaki-*e accenting the tall slender supports which flare slightly below the lower shelf

With an inscribed wood tomobako storage

19 5/8 x 10 1/2 x 9 1/2in (49.8 x 26.7 x 24.3cm)

\$3,000 - 5,000

Provenance

Purchased from Yanagi Shigehiko, Kyoto.

PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1166

AN ARMOR BOX AND COVER

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

Rectangular, set on six legs and decorated overall with deeply carved peonies and leaves painted in red, green, and yellow with gilt highlights, the edges black and fundame lacquer, the hardware gilt-copper carved with scrolling peonies on a nanako ground, the interior black lacquer

22 5/8 x 32 1/4 x 22 1/2in (57.5 x 81.9 x 57.2cm)

\$5,000 - 7,000











KUNIMITSU FOR THE NAMIKI WORKSHOP (ACTIVE EARLY 20TH CENTURY)

A lacquered metal panel Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1950

Rectangular and decorated in *iro-e takamaki-e* and *hiramakie-e* on a *kinji* ground with highlights of *hirame* and *nashiji* with a faithful recreation of Iwamurata, number 23 from the Kisokaido (*Kiso dochu*) by Keisai Eisen, published 1835-1838, the reverse inscribed in gold lacquer on a *hirame* ground *Nijusan Keisai Kisodochu Iwamurata* and signed *Kunimitsu e* and with a *kao* 4 1/4 x 6 1/2in (10.7 x 16.5cm)

\$8,000 - 10,000

PROPERTY FROM THE ELIZABETH AND WILLARD CLARK COLLECTION

1168

KOIWA MASAYO (1917-)

Two dry lacquer flower vases

Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century

The first of abstract curved rectangular form with a comma-shaped opening to the top, the body pierced with a large off-center aperture encircled by wave-like rings billowing out to either side, the base sealed *Masayo* in red lacquer; the second of irregular rectangular shape, the matte-black sides emulating a flowing stream contrasting with the top and base finished in *roiro* (mirror-black lacquer), the off-center top opening set between slightly raised flanges and long horizontal grooves, the base signed *Masayo* in red lacquer. The first with a wood *tomobako* storage box inscribed, signed, and sealed by the artist

16 x 20 x 10in (40.4 x 51 x 5.4cm) 14 x 19 1/4 x 6in (35.5 x 49 x 105cm)

\$1,200 - 2,500







1169

PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1169

HAYAKAWA SHOKOSAI I (1815-1897)

An Important Early Documentary Bamboo Basket for Tea Utensils

Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1886

Of stained madake bamboo, kanchiku bamboo root, and rattan, the cylindrical body and domed lid worked in vertical mat plaiting, the base in twill plaiting, the rim and foot-ring wrapped and knotted, the lid rising to a knotted fitting holding a bamboo ring, the two swing handles finished in wrapping and knotting, the interior lined with silk brocade, signed on the base Nanajuni-o Shokosai kore o tsukuru (made by Shokosai, aged 72)

With a tomobako wood storage box inscribed on the cover Kanchikukonsei maru chakago (Circular tea-utensil basket made from kanchiku bamboo root), inscribed inside Nanajuni-o Shokosai kore o tsukuru and sealed Shokosai and another seal, affixed with four photographs of exhibition medals 9in (22.8cm) high

\$3.000 - 4.000

Rightly regarded today as the founding father of Japanese bamboo art, at age 18 Hayakawa Shokosai abandoned his position in the service of a regional daimyo and wandered for several years acquiring new skills before eventually setting up a basketry business in Osaka in 1845. At first he wove baskets that were very close copies of Chinese originals, but over time he developed a new plaiting language and from as early as 1856 began to sign his work, gaining prominence on the national stage by receiving an award at the first Domestic Industrial Exhibition in 1877. The storage boxes for his works sometimes bear photographs of medals drawing attention to this and subsequent successes, as here; for further examples of this practice, see A+C VWG, Baskets: Masterpieces of Japanese Bamboo Art, 1850-2015, n.p. [Catalogue of the Naej Collection], cat. no. 028 and Melissa Rinne, Masters of Bamboo: Artistic Lineage in the Lloyd Cotsen Japanese Basket Collection, San Francisco: Asian Art Museum, 2007, p. 21.

In point of unusual materials, in this case the root of *kanchiku* (literally, "cold bamboo"), a mottled variety that emerges in the fall, unconventional plaiting techniques, and novel form the present lot is an outstanding example of the pioneering creativity of Shokosai I's later period.

1170

YAMASHITA KOCHIKUSAI (1876-1947)

A Handled Bamboo Flower Basket Taisho (1912-1926) or Showa (1926-1989) era, 1920s-1930s

Of smoked *madake* bamboo and rattan, the body worked in a combination of plaiting techniques including twining over diagonal plaiting under a framework of double verticals, the base in two layers of square plaiting, the handle formed from a piece of bamboo rhizome, the whole finished in wrapping and decorative knotting, signed on the base *Kochikusai* 16 1/2in (41.7cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,000

Little is known of the career of Yamashita Kochikusai (not to be confused with another artist named Kochikusai who used a different character for the syllable Ko), but he appears to have worked in Osaka and judging from the style of this lot was likely a pupil of Maeda Chikubosai 1 (1872-1850), who used similar rich combinations of plaiting techniques and often added handles made from bamboo root. An example of Kochikusai's work from the Cotsen Collection is in the Asian Art Museum of San Francisco (inv. no. 2006.3.325).





ARTIST UNKNOWN, KANSAI REGION

A Handled Bamboo Flower Basket Taisho (1912-1926) or Showa (1926-1989) era, 1920s-1930s Of finely split madake bamboo and rattan, the oval, short-sided basket worked in openwork hexagonal plaiting, twining, wrapping, knotting, and bending, the handle formed of two uprights forming an A-frame on each side connected by a single cross-piece, wrapped and elaborately knotted, with signature plaque underneath Nanajuroku-o Shokosai kore o tsukuru, with a hexagonal lacquered bamboo otoshi (water container)

12in (30.4cm) high; 15 5/8in (39.6cm) wide

\$2,000 - 3,000

1172

MORITA CHIKUYOSAI (DIED 1963)

A Handled Bamboo Flower Basket Showa era (1926-1989), mid-20th century

Of smoked madake bamboo and rattan, the gourd-form body worked in twining over diagonal plaiting, the base in double hexagonal plaiting, the tall handle wrapped with a spiral band, the body and handle with passages of decorative knotting, signed on the base Chikuyosai kore o tsukuru 18 3/4in (46.5cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,000

Morita Chikuyosai was based in Osaka and his baskets clearly reflect the style developed in the mid-20th century by other Osaka artists such as Tanabe Chikuunsai II (1910-2000) and Maeda Chikubosai I (1872-1950). For further examples of his work, compare a basket from the Cotsen Collection now in the Asian Art Museum of San Francisco and another sold at Christie's London, October 15, 2014, lot 41.





HONDA SHORYU (SYORYU, BORN 1951) A Bamboo Sculpture Heisei era (1989-), early 20th century Of stained and finely split *madake* and rattan, worked in twining technique (see below), signed *Shoryu* 14in (35.4cm) wide

\$3,000 - 4,000

Honda Shoryu (also spelled Syoryu) has virtually abandoned traditional ideas about the function of basketry acquired during his early training, choosing instead to create dramatic curvilinear sculptures from fine stained bamboo strips woven in *nawame* (twining) technique. Once a few rows of twining have been completed, he leaves the verticals exposed for several inches at both ends, uses hot water to soften the entire piece, and then kneads it into shape, pulling up some of the rows to form the gaps seen in the finished work. The free ends of the verticals are then plaited and secured with a binding of rattan.

1174

NAGAKURA KEN'ICHI (1952-2018) A Hanging Bamboo Flower Basket

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1985 Of madake bamboo, the container formed from a single stem of bamboo split into multiple strands leaving only a small part uncut, the strands woven with split bamboo in mat plaiting, the basket framed by an expressive free-form composition of bamboo stems, with a faceted lacquered bamboo otoshi (water container), signed on a lacquered bamboo plaque Chikurakuten With lacquered paper storage box with a paper label inscribed and signed Kago hanaire Issen chikko Nagakura Ken'ichi ("The Splendor of Bamboo in a Single Strand" bamboo basket flower container by Nagakura Ken'ichi) and sealed Chikurakuten, with a production number 1/0 0437 25 3/4in (65.3cm) long

\$1,500 - 2,000

The first recipient of the Cotsen Bamboo Prize in 2000, Nagakura Ken'ichi (who died earlier this year) studied under his grandfather but was mostly self-taught, drawing on a wide range of sources for his creative inspiration, from European sculpture through American pop art to traditional Japanese forms. On grounds of the style of both the basket and the handwritten label, as well as the use of the name Chikurakuten, the present lot can be assigned to the early years of Nagakura's career.

PROPERTY FROM THE ELIZABETH AND WILLARD CLARK COLLECTION

1175

UEMATSU CHIKUYU (1947-)

A large bamboo basket titled Wind Bag Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century

Of crescent form with open-work plaiting of wire-thin bamboo strips secured to radiating internal "ribs" in mushi-maki ("insect wrapping") technique and continuing upwards to form a braided loop handle, all with a dark brown lacquer finish, signed with an incised signature Chikuyu tsukuru in an oval plaque at the base of the handle 30 1/8 x 25 1/2 x 9 5/8in (76.5 x 65 x 24.5cm)

\$5,000 - 7,000

Provenance

Saito Masamitsu

Born in Tokyo, Uematsu Chikuyu is a graduate of Oita Prefecture Beppu Industrial Art Crafts Institute. For about fifteen years he wove flower baskets, but since 1990 he has concentrated on larger-scale sculptural works. Living in near-seclusion outside Tokyo, Uematsu is renowned both for his creativity and his perfectionism. Willard ("Bill") Clark was among his most enthustiastic patrons.

PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1176

A BAMBOO BRUSH POT

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

Carved from a single node of bamboo and decorated with Daruma carved in sunken relief and a lengthy poem, the surface smoked and stained 5in (12.7cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000





1176







A NOH MASK OF TSURIMANAKO
Edo period (1615-1868), 17th/18th century
Gilt lacquer, pigments and gesso over wood, representing the character Tsurimanako, the eyes applied with gilt metal, singed on the interior with a carved seal Deme Mitsushige
8 1/8in (20.6cm) high

\$5,000 - 6,000

A NOH MASK OF SANKO JO

Edo period (1651-1868), 18th century
Carved in wood and decorated in polychrome pigments over gesso and applied with hair, mustache and beard, gilt-metal eyes 8 1/2in (21.6cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,500





ANONYMOUS

Kujaku Myo-o
Muromachi period (1333-1573), 16th century
Large hanging scroll, ink, color and gold pigment on silk; the Wisdom King deity seated in meditation and wearing princely raiment while supported on the back of a peacock, his hands holding a lotus, peacock feathers, a pomegranate and red orb
45 5/8 x 26 3/8in (116 x 67.1cm) painting
76 1/2 x 34in (195 x 86.6cm) overall

\$5,000 - 8,000



ANONYMOUS

Gakko Bosatsu, Muromachi period (1333-1573), 15th/16th

Hanging scroll, ink, color, and gold on silk in silk mounts, depicting Gakko Bosatsu, the Bodhisattva of Moon-Radiance, standing on a lotus dais in flowing scarves and holding a gatsurin (lunar disc) in his left hand, inside which stands a white hare, a flaming mandorla frames the deity's head

With a double wood storage box 34 3/4 x 15 1/2in (88.3 x 39.4cm)

\$12,000 - 18,000

The best-known and earliest Japanese image of Gakko Bosatsu is an eight-century painted clay sculpture in the Sangatsudo, a structure within the precincts of the great Todaiji Temple in Nara, Japan's ancient capital. Gakko Bosatsu is regularly paired with Nikko Bosatsu, the Bodhisattva of Solar Radiance, and the two often appear as attendants to Yakushi Nyorai, the Medicine-Buddha of future times; the present lot likely once formed part of a triad made up of the three deities. Preserving the serenity of the early sculptural version and the elegance of later painted icons of Gakko, this hanging scroll shows the bodhisattva holding in his left hand a moon disk bearing an image of a hare pounding rice in a mortar, reflecting an association with its roots in ancient Chinese mythology.







1181

A PAIR OF GUARDIAN SCULPTURES

Kamakura period (1185-1333), 13th/14th century

Two of the Juni Shinsho (12 Divine Generals protecting Yakushi Nyorai) standing on rocks, each of carved and assembled wood, shown dressed in Chinese-style armor, one with a trident and a *vajra*, the hems of their garments and scarves flowing as if blown by wind, each bearing a fierce expression with inlaid glass eyes, the left figure with a rooster head on the crown of his helmet, identifying him as Shindara, the right figure with a flame-like hair surrounding the head of a dog, associated with Shotora, each with traces of pigment 26 3/8in (67cm), including stand, the largest

\$15,000 - 20,000

PROPERTY FROM THE ELIZABETH AND WILLARD CLARK COLLECTION

1182

A WOOD FIGURE OF AN ONI

Edo period (1615-1868), 17th/18th century

Carved and assembled in wood and painted in polychrome pigments in the form of an *oni* dressed in red britches held up by a rope, running and clutching a handscroll in his left hand, the eyes inlaid in reverse painted glass, fitted onto a simulated rock base 24 1/2 in (62.2cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000

1182







PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

A LARGE AND RARE WOOD FIGURE OF KICHIJOTEN (MAHASRI)

Kamakura period (1185-1333), 13th/14th century

The torso and head carved from a single block of wood, the arms separately carved and assembled, the goddess of beauty, fertility, and virtue shown in flowing Tang-dynasty-style robes, shoes, and head dress, the voluminous sleeves draped over her hands, the left hand raised to hold a wish-granting jewel (now lost), traces of bright red pigment still visible on the inside of the sleeves, the eyes inlaid in crystal; set on a later wood stand carved with rockwork 36 1/2in (92.7cm) high, figure only; 39 3/4in (100.9cm) high overall

\$30.000 - 50.000

First appearing in India as Lashmi, consort to the Hindu deity Vishnu, Kichijoten (also called Kudokuten) is usually represented in Japanese Buddhist sculpture as a finely dressed high-born lady of the Chinese Tang court, as befits her role as an icon of wealth, fertility, and good fortune, with her hands in the two gestures seen here; the "wish-granting" jewel that she normally holds distinguishes her from Benzaiten (another female deity of Indian origin). Worship of Kichijoten in Japan was already widespread in the eighth century and among the earliest and best preserved surviving sculptural examples of this iconography are a figure in the Taimadera Temple, Nara (normally on loan to Tokyo National Museum) dating from the tenth century, another of about the same date in the permanent collections of Tokyo National Museum (inv. no. C0055109) that was originally in the Omiya Shrine, Kyoto, and a third in the Horyuji Temple, Nara (1078). Later versions, seated rather than standing but otherwise closer stylistically closer to the present lot are in the Fukkoenji Temple, Yamanashi Prefecture (1231) and the Kofukuji Temple, Nara (by the sculptor Kankei, 1340).







1184

A GILT-BRONZE MODEL OF THE BUDDHA

Meiji era (1868-1912)

Cast as the Buddha at birth, the figure shown in flowing robes at the waist and pointing to heaven and earth, supported by a lotiform base, with traces of gilt 5 1/2in (14cm) high

\$1,200 - 1,800

1185

A BRONZE MODEL OF AMIDA IN A ZUSHI (PORABLE SHRINE) Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th/20th century

The figure shown standing square with his hands held in the *Raigo* gesture, the robes falling loosely across the shoulder and arms, the black-lacquer shrine with hinged doors in the front and rear and fitted with a lotus pedestal and hanging garlands 12 3/4in (32.3cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000

118

A STANDING FIGURE OF AMIDA BUDDHA

Momoyama (1573-1615) or Edo period (1615-1868), 17th century The figure shown standing with his hands in a *mudra* representing one of the nine levels of re-birth (*kubon*), the robes loosely draped across the torso and hanging at the sleeves, eyes, and *urna* inlaid in crystal or colored stone, with a later wood stand 38 1/4in (97.ccm) high (figure only)

\$15,000 - 25,000

1186









1189

1187

NOGAWA COMPANY (CIRCA 1890)

A pair of miniature mixed-metal vases Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Square sided and tapering to the foot, each decorated with blossoming plants of the four seasons in *iro-e hirazogan* against a *shakudo* ground signed on the underside with the mark of the Nogawa Company

4 1/2in (11.6cm) high

\$4,000 - 5,000

1188

NOGAWA COMPANY (CIRCA 1890)

A pair of bronze inlaid vases on stands Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Each of baluster form with stylized dragon handles and set into fitted bronze stands with bracket feet, all decorated in *iro-e hirazogan* with shaped panels of landscapes with Mount Fuji, and long tailed birds in blossoming prunus, the surrounding area with geometric patterns, the shoulder and neck with formal lappets bands, signed with the mark of the Nogawa Company 5 3/8in (13.6cm) high

\$2,500 - 3,500

1180

A PAIR OF SMALL INLAID-BRONZE VASES

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Of baluster form and decorated with sparrows flying among blossoming chrysanthemums in *iro-e takazogan* and *katakiri-bori* With a wood *tomobako* storage box 6in (15.2cm) high

\$1,800 - 2,500





1190

YOSHIDA YASUBEI (ACTIVE CIRCA 1880)

A pair of inlaid bronze vases Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The pear-shaped bottles heavily cast and decorated with nandina berries, bell flowers and flowering vines in iro-e takazogan, takabori, and shishiai-bori, signed on the underside Nihon Saikyo Yoshida Yasubei

10 3/4in (27.3cm)

\$3,000 - 4,000

Yoshida Yasubei is listed among the artists who presented their work at the 1876 International Exhibition at Philadelphia. His contribution is listed as a bronze vessel; the catalogue identifies him only as a Kyoto artist. See Imperial Japanese Commission to the International Exhibition, International Exhibition, 1876, Tokyo, 1876, p. 405.

1191

MITSUAKI (ACTIVE LATE 19TH CENTURY)

A pair of bronze vases Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The faceted bottle vases each with a slender neck flaring out to the mouth and set on a ring foot, applied with a bold serpentine dragon modeled in high relief, signed Mitsuaki 17 3/4in (45.1cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000







INOUE OF KYOTO (CIRCA 1880) A pair of inlaid bronze vases Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The elongated ovoid vases decorated with a thrush, a kingfisher and butterflies in leafy flowering vines in *iro-e takazogan* and *kebori*, signed on the underside in seal form *Inoue tsukuru*

8 3/4in (22.2cm) high

\$3,000 - 4,000

1193 [¤]

A PAIR OF INLAID BRONZE VASES

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century Cylindrical, tapering down to a flared foot and applied with stylized phoenix handles, the bodies decorated with sparrows in hibiscus and camellia in takabori, kebori and gold, copper and shakudo takazogan and hirazogan, the foot and neck each decorated with formal scrolls and lappets 17 3/8in 44.2cm) high

\$1,000 - 1,500

1194

NUMATA ICHIGA (1873-1954)

A bronze model of nesting herons Taisho (1912-1926) or Showa (1926-1989) era, early 20th century

Cast as an adult heron and chick roosting, patinated to a dark red-brown, signed on the underside *lchiga* 13 1/8in (33.3cm) wide

\$1,500 - 2,000





1195

A BRONZE INCENSE BURNER IN THE FORM OF A BIRD OF PREY

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century Cast as a kestrel perched on an old prunus stump, chiseled on the surface and finished to resemble the bird's feathers, the eyes finished in gilt and shakudo, a removable cover on the back 12 3/4in (32.3cm) high

\$3,000 - 4,000

1196

HIRAISHI ATSUCHIKA (ACTIVE CIRCA 1880)

An impressive inlaid bronze usubata (flower vase)

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century Cast in sections and decorated on the body with two recessed panels deeply carved with battling samurai in full armor, and courtiers seated by rock baskets admiring cranes in flight, the details in silver and gold takazogan and hirazogan, the wide basin with cranes in sunken relief among swirling clouds in silver hirazogan, the exterior with cherry blossoms, phoenixes under clouds and coiling vines, the base with crashing waves, strewn pine needles, clouds and willow trees with birds below three cabriole feet topped with leafy flourishes and wave patterns below a multiregister support decorated with cherry blossoms, wave, and clouds patterns, all in silver takazogan and hirazogan, signed Etchu no ju Hiraishi Atsuchika 22in (55.9cm) high

\$5,000 - 8,000









1197 [¤]

GENRYUSAI SEIYA (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A bronze model of a bull Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/early 20th century

The animal shown in mid stride looking to the left, signed in seal form *Genryusai Seiya kore o tsukuru* 15 1/2in (39.2cm) wide

\$1,500 - 2,500

1198 [¤]

A LARGE BRONZE BASIN WITH ANIMAL FIGURES

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, early 20th century Cast in bold relief with the faces of lions, monkeys and bulls, supported by the animals' feet and an aubergine clutched in the monkey's paw 22in (55.8cm) wide

\$1,000 - 1,500

1199

SEIYA WORKSHOP

A large bronze incense burner Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Cast as three elephants, their heads finished in realistic detail and their bodies converging to form a spherical basin, the cover surmounted with a finial cast as an adult and two young monkeys, signed on the underside of the basin *Seiya chu* 16 1/2in (42cm) high

\$4,000 - 5,000

1199

1197



1200

A PAIR OF LARGE BRONZE MODELS OF GUARDIANS

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Each shown standing *contraposto* dressed in Chinese-style armor under flowing robes with cloud and floral designs carved in *kebori*, one figure wearing a helmet modeled as a rooster, the other wearing a helmet designed as a shachi (mythical fish-like monster), each holding a separately cast halberd with dragon sockets, the details in gilt and *shakudo*, each with a fitted wood stand decorated with coiling vines in gold *hiramaki-e*

22 1/4in (56.5cm) high, the largest, figure only; 26 1/2in (67.3cm) high, including stand

\$20,000 - 25,000



MIYAO COMPANY

A pair of bronze figures of samurai Meiji period (1868-1912), circa 1900

The high-ranking warriors cast in two shades of bronze and highlighted in gilt, each shown wearing full armor decorated with dragon roundels on the cuirass, and with a *tachi* and a *tanto* thrust in their sash, one with a *saihai* (paper signal baton) suspended from his left arm, the holding a *gunpai* (signal fan) as he holds his sword, one signed on his left calf *Miyao*, each with a fitted wood stand decorated with scrolling vines and stylized phoenix in gold *hiramaki-e* 15 1/4in (38.7cm) high

\$25,000 - 35,000

1202

A SHAKUDO AND MIXED-METAL PANEL AND THREE COPPER AND MIXED-METAL PANELS

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/ early 20th century

All worked in shishiai-bori, kebori and katakiri-bori and inlaid with shakudo, gold and silver, the first decorated with a traveler on a stormy night, signed Yoshihide to; the second with a woodsman crossing a bridge carrying bundles of sticks, signed Yoshihide to; the third decorated with a supernatural figure riding an ox and attended by several figures, signed Shinya to; the fourth decorated with auspicious items for the New Year celebration and a poem, signed Nanajugosai Jitokusai Ichiya to and with a seal

The first two with tomobako wood storage boxes inscribed, signed and sealed by the artist (4)

8 3/8 x 7 1/8in (21.2 x 18.1cm)

\$2,000 - 3,000

This lot features the work of two generations of leading metalworkers: Sekiguchi Ichiya (1850-1933), and his son Sekiguchi Shinya (1877-circa 1932). Ichiya was trained under the last great Goto school master, Goto Ichijo (1791-1876) and considered himself to be a follower of the Goto tradition. Sekiya trained under his father, receiving instruction in chiseling and inlays, but it was during his apprenticeship with painter Hashimoto Gaho (1835-1908) that he developed his keen sense of pictorial design.

For works by both father and son, see Bonhams, *Birds and Flowers:* A Special Exhibition of Masterpieces of Japanese Art from a Private Collection, New York, 2018, nos. 17 and 21.



1202



1202

KOMAI COMPANY (CIRCA 1880)

An inlaid iron box and cover Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1880

The box with a flush-fitting cover in the form of a fan paper overlapping a gourd, decorated in gold and silver nunome-zogan with a scene of cottage and a yard, and a flower cart and birds in flight, the sides with floral crests and cloud-shaped reserves of geometric patterns, the rims silver, signed on the underside in a square reserve Nihon koku Saikyo no ju Komai sei 6 3/4in (17.2cm) wide

\$1,500 - 2,000

1204

KOMAI COMPANY (CIRCA 1880)

An inlaid iron tray Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1880

The rectangular tray set on four rounded feet and decorated in gold and silver nunome-zogan with a scene of a sculptor startled as a sculpture of a beauty comes to life, two cartouches inscribed with poems in the top right, the rim decorated with roundels of floral, animal, and landscape designs, bordered by gemoetric bands and a silver pipe rim, signed Nihon koku Kyoto no ju Komai sei With a wood storage box 6 1/8 x 8in (15.5 x 20.3cm)

\$2,000 - 3,000







A SET OF 11 TABLE KNIVES AND A SET OF SIX SILVER AND GILT SPOONS

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/ early 20th century $\,$

The steel blades set into soft-metal handles worked to imitate plaited bamboo and decorated with birds and flowers, insects, squirrels in a grape vine, and a cormorant fisherman in *iro-e takazogan*, each with the signature of the designer in a gold reserve, the blades all with an illegible hallmark, in a tooled-leather hinged storage case; the spoons with handles cast with flowering vines in low relief, topped with figures including a geisha in flowing robes, a musician, a maiden balancing a bundle of sticks on her head, and others, highlights in gilt (17)

9 1/2in (24.1cm) long, the knives

\$1,500 - 2,000

1206

A GROUP OF SILVER AND SHIBUICHI TABLE ARTICLES Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Comprising a set of *shibuichi* chopsticks and matching holder decorated with blossoming autumn flowers in *iro-e takazogan* and *hirazogan*, signed *Shogaku koku*; a pair of silver sake cups decorated with articles for the New Year in *kebori* and gold *hirazogan*, signed *Takatsugu saku*, with a wood *tomobako* storage box signed *Yamakawa Takatsugu saku* and sealed; a pair of silver sake cups decorated with chrysanthemums in *uchidashi* with gilt highlights on an *ishime* ground, with a wood storage box; a pair of silver cylindrical cups with birds in flight by a river bank in *katakiri-bori*, signed *Shuzan to* and with stamped mark *Jungin* (Pure silver), with a fitted box with a hinged cover (4) *8in* (20.3cm) long, the largest

\$2,000 - 3,000

1207 YOSHIAKI (ACTIVE EARLY 20TH CENTURY)

An inlaid silver box and cover

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, early 20th century The deep oval box constructed with double walls in the form of Hotei's treasure sack and decorated on the cover with the deity emerging from the interior of the sack rendered in high and sunken relief carving and gold, silver and copper takazogan, signed Yoshiaki and with a gold inlaid seal Hayashi 4 1/8in (10.5cm) wide; 480 grams

\$3,000 - 4,000

1208

HIROTO FOR THE HATTORI COMPANY (CIRCA 1900) A silver and mixed-metal tobacco box and trav Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1900

The rectangular box decorated on the top with Ariwara no Narihira and attendants before Mount Fuji in iro-e hirazogan, kebori, and katakiri-bori on a shibuichi ground, the sides silver and the interior nashiji lacquer, signed Hiroto koku and sealed in gold Ko (Hiro), stamped ginsei (silver) and with a hallmark on the bottom edge of the box, the tray nashiji with a raised silver rim and four bracket feet in silver With a wood storage box inscribed Gin tabako bako (Silver tobacco box) and with the label of the Hattori Watch Company of OsakaBox:

5 1/2 x 9 1/4 x 3 1/8in (13.9 x 23.5 x 7.8cm); tray: 8 1/8 x 11 7/8 x

\$6,000 - 8,000

7/8in (20.6 x 30.3 x 2.3cm)

1209

KOBAYASHI CHIKAMITSU (ACTIVE CIRCA 1930-1940)

A silver and mixed metal box for confectionery Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1938

Decorated on the cover in katakiri-bori with a lotus leaf, maple leaf, pine needles, and chrysanthemums on a shibuichi ground with details inlaid in gilt and silver, the circular body of silvered metal, carved all over with a basket-work design in low relief, the cover surmounted by a finial in the form of a bamboo node, the underside of the cover decorated with a bird in flight against a gilt ground, signed Chikamitsu to, stamped Jungin (Pure silver) on the underside of the box

With a wood storage box dated on the underside of the cover July 21, 1938 and with two seals 7 3/4in (19.7cm) diameter

\$4,000 - 6,000











KOBISAI YUKO

A large silver vase

Taisho (1912-1926) or Showa (1926-1989) era, early/mid 20th century

The elongated ovoid vase with a short neck decorated with three swimming carp executed in bold relief in *uchidashi* and carved on the surface in *kebori* and *takabori*, the fishes' eyes finished in gold and *shakudo takazogan*, signed *Heian ni oite Kobisai Yuko chokusen*, with gold inlaid seal *Yuko* and with chiseled seal on the underside, with a copper cylindrical liner and a fitted wood stand

With a wood *tomobako* storage box inscribed *Kabin* and *Mei: Heian Kobisai Yuko chokusen* 15in (38.1cm) high

\$4,000 - 6,000

121

MITSUNORI (ACTIVE 20TH CENTURY)

A large silver vase

Showa era (1926-1989), late 20th century

The globular vase decorated in *kebori, katakiri-bori, uchidashi,* and inlays of gold and *shibuichi* with sailing vessels near a rocky shoreline, a cottage and waterwheel, a temple and Mount Fuji in the distance, signed *Mitsunori* and sealed *Tani*, stamped on the underside *Jungin* (Pure silver), with a fitted wood stand 11 1/2in (29.2cm) high

\$3,000 - 5,000



A GROUP OF MIXED METAL OBJECTS

Meiji(1868-1912), Taisho (1912-1926), and showa (1926-1989) eras, late 19th-20th century

Comprising a shakudo paperweight modeled as a carp, signed Shuko saku; a pair of silver and enamel candlesticks modeled as lotus leaves and flowers, the pricket pierced with a chrysanthemum head; a gilt-metal tea scoop modeled as a leaf, signed Sen'yo saku The last with a wood tomobako storage box signed Sen'yo saku and sealed Sen'yo (4)

6 1/4in (15.7cm) long, the largest

\$2,000 - 3,000

1213

SHIBA TAKESHI (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A silver tsurigoro (hanging incense burner) Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1900

The spherical housing cast in two sections and pierce carved with paulownia flowers, leaves, and crane crests, and with chrysanthemum heads at the zenith and nadir, the horizontal joint decorated with keyfret bands in kebori and applied with three rings for suspension cords and a pierced floral ojime, the interior fitted with a removable silver ash cup suspended by a gimbal holding the cup upright irrespective of the movement of the outer sphere, the cup set on tripod feet and decorated with lobed roundels of landscape scenes, the cover pieced with a chrysanthemum and surmounted with a peony-bud finial, signed Tsuchiya Yamashiro no daijo Shiba Takeshi oite kore o tsukuru, with cords and tassels and a wood storage box

5 1/8in (13cm) diameter

\$10,000 - 15,000





HIRATSUKA MOHEI (1836-?)

A silver and silver filigree and cloisonné-enamel incense burner Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Set on three feet and flaring out to a central ridge and narrowing again to the shoulder and applied with stylized animal-form handles, the body decorated with two shaped panels worked in translucent enamels and gold wire, and silver openwork filigree with a *shishi* in peonies, and two mythical winged beasts in chrysanthemums, the surrounding areas decorated with chrysanthemum scroll in silver wire with gold overlay and translucent enamels, the domed cover decorated with silver chrysanthemum heads carved in high relief and in translucent enamels and gold wire, surmounted with a silver chrysanthemum finial, fitted with a removable silver liner, signed in gold in a gold reserve *Hiratsuka* 4 3/4in (12.1cm) high

\$25,000 - 30,000





HAYASHI KODENJI (1831-1915)

A fine cloisonné-enamel vase Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/early 20th century

The elongated ovoid vase set on a raised foot, all worked in silver and gold wires and polychrome enamels with birds alighted and in flight among autumn maples and chrysanthemums in blossom against a midnight blue ground, the neck decorated with a collar of chrysanthemum scroll on a mustard-yellow ground and the foot with a band of similar decoration below floral lappets, signed on the foot Aichi Hayashi saku

10 1/8in (25.8cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000

1216

ANDO JUBEI (1876-1953)

A cloisonné-enamel vase

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

The baluster vase worked in silver wires and colored enamels in standard and musen ("wireless") techniques with stands of chrysanthemums against a pale green ground, signed on the foot in a red reserve Ando sei on a brown ground, the foot stamped Jungin (Pure silver)

12 1/4in (31.1cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,500



A PAIR OF CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL VASES Attributed to the Ando workshop

Taisho era (1912-1926), circa 1920
The baluster vases decorated in standard and "wireless" colored enamels, worked in gold wire with swimming carp, their bodies partially or entirely submerged, all against a pale green ground, the ripples in the water indicated with paler streaks 12 1/4in (31.1cm) high

\$7,000 - 10,000





1218

ANDO JUBEI (1876-1953)

A fine *moriage* cloisonné-enamel vase Taisho era (1912-1926), circa 1920

Of meiping form and decorated in standard and musen ("wireless") cloisonné techniques in silver wire and brightly colored enamels with a persimmon tree with leafy branches heavy with fruit, the persimmons, leaves, and branches raised in relief, all silhouetted against a pale blue background, signed in an oval cartouche Ando sei in silver wires and red enamel on a brown enamel ground, the rim stamped Jungin (Pure silver); with an original fitted hardwood stand and original wood padded storage box with a hinged cover 12 1/8in (30.6cm) high

\$25,000 - 35,000





1219

ANDO JUBEI (1876-1953)

A pair of cloisonné-enamel vases Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/early 20th century

Cylindrical, tapering to the foot and with slightly everted mouth, each vase worked in silver wire and colored enamels with a rooster and hen in a bamboo grove, the bamboo stalks in the background in *musen* ("wireless") cloisonné technique, all against a pale green ground, signed with the silver-wire mark of the Ando company on a brown enamel ground; with original fitted hardwood stands With a tomobako wood storage box inscribed Gobutsu kabin ittsui and with several paper collection labels with similar inscriptions, one bearing a date of 1904 15 1/2in (39.3cm) high

\$8,000 - 10,000

Provenance

Purchased mid 1960s, thereupon to the present owner by descent







THREE CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL VESSELS Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

Comprising an egg-shaped box and cover decorated with butterflies amongst densely scrolling vines and flowers in silver wires and polychrome enamels on a white ground, set on four cabriole feet; a cylindrical incense burner set on three bracket feet and decorated in gilt wires and polychrome enamels with a variety of butterflies against a reddish-brown ground, the upper surface with chrysanthemum scrolls continuing onto the domed cover, surmounted by a gilt-metal blossom finial; a small lobed baluster vase decorated with carp amongst water weeds in translucent colored enamels over an incised silver foil substrate

5 7/8in (14.9cm) high, the largest

\$1,500 - 2,000

1221

TWO CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL VASES Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The first, a faceted bottle vase worked in silver wires, polychrome enamels, and aventurine with lappet-shaped panels of stylized dragons and phoenixes below a floral and geometric band, the neck with elongated floral panels, all on a light blue ground; the second of baluster form and worked in silver wires and polychrome enamels on a midnight- blue ground with a continuous design of a pheasant in a blossoming cherry tree and stands of flowers 12in (30.5cm) high each

\$1,000 - 1,500

1222

AN UNUSUAL CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL USUBATA (FLOWER VASE)

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Constructed in sections, the spherical base supported by tripod feet, the upper section with a wide basin and a deep bronze cylindrical water reservoir, all decorated in polychrome enamels and aventurine and worked in silver and gilt wires, the body decorated with lappet-shaped panels containing dragons, *shishi* and pomegranate below a register of phoenixes in paulownias, the surrounding areas with tasseled floral garlands, the collar decorated with rectangular panels of stylized mythical animals alternating with flowers banded by keyfrets, the feet enameled black with tightly scrolling cloisons, the interior of the basin decorated with goldfish surrounded by formal floral reserves, the exterior rim with keyfrets and the underside with flowering vines on an aventurine ground 8 1/8in (20.6cm) high; 9 7/8in (14.9cm) diameter

\$1.000 - 1.500





1223

A SMALL CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL VASE

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Set on a splayed foot and worked in silver wire and polychrome enamels with butterflies and pinks against a midnight-blue ground, the neck and foot with florets and vines on a gray-green ground, silvered rims

4 1/2in (11.6cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,500

1224

TWO CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL VASES

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The first a square-sided baluster vase set on a splayed foot and decorated in polychrome enamels and silver wire with four panels containing phoenixes and dragons against a mustard-colored ground, the surrounding areas decorated with flowering vines, the shoulder with a lappet collar containing floral designs; the second of elongated ovoid form and worked in silver wires and polychrome enamels on a mustard-colored ground with sparrows in flight above blossoming chrysanthemums, the shoulder with a band of swirling clouds and bats in flight, the neck decorated with a "comb-tooth" pattern

12 1/8in (30.6cm); 9 1/4in (23.4cm) high

\$1,200 - 1,800

1225

A PAIR OF CLOISONNÉ ENAMEL VASES

Meiii era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Each with compressed bodies and long, tapered necks flaring slightly at the mouth, decorated in polychrome enamels and silver wire on a midnight-blue ground with birds in trailing wisteria, the mouth decorated with floral garlands

12 1/4in (31.1cm) high



1225

\$2,500 - 3,500



1226



A CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL PLAQUE

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, early 20th century Worked in gold and silver wires in standard and musen ("wireless") techniques with a swimming carp, bearing an unidentified studio mark, framed

4 1/2 x 9 1/4in (11.3 x 23.4cm)

\$3,000 - 5,000

1227

A FACETED CLOISONNÉ-ENAMEL VASE

Style of Namikawa Sosuke (1847-1910) Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1900

The six sided body with a rounded shoulder and a splayed mouth worked in colored enamels and silver wire with a design of a pair of ducks on a pond by snow-covered reeds, all against a gray ground 12in (30.5cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,500



PROPERTY FROM A SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ESTATE

1228

KINKOZAN WORKSHOP (CIRCA 1900)

A fine Satsuma deep bowl

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

Painted in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear, crackled glaze with representations of each of the woodcut prints from Hiroshige's Tokaido gojusan tsugi (53 Stations of the Tokaido Road) scattered across the exterior surface and along the interior rim, the surrounding areas painted with chrysanthemum florets, the interior bottom decorated with a roundel containing a phoenix encircled by a geometric band, the rim and foot decorated with a band of keyfret, signed on the underside within a circular band of maple leaves Kinkozan tsukuru and impressed signature Kinkozan tsukru 5 1//4in (13.4cm) high

\$5,000 - 7,000

PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

KINKOZAN WORKSHOP (CIRCA 1900)

A Satsuma dish

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/early 20th century

Decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear, crackled or cobalt ground with a central petal-shaped panel with three geese beneath autumn grasses and plants bordered by chrysanthemum blossoms and scrolling vines, signed in gilt Kinkozan tsukuru 8 1/4in (21cm) diameter

\$2,500 - 3,500











TWO SATSUMA KOGO (INCENSE CONTAINERS)

The first by the Kinkozan workshop, Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Each decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt on a cobalt ground, the first circular and set on a ring foot, the cover painted with a high-ranking samurai receiving an audience in his pavilion, the interior decorated with a branch of camellia and tea utensils, the exterior of the bottom painted with geometric designs, signed in red enamel Kinkozan tsukuru; the second, spherical and painted with a fanshaped reserve of two samurai and an attendant seated before a campaign curtain, the surrounding area with ferns and cherry blossoms, the interior decorated with plum blossoms and tea utensils 3 3/8in (8.6cm) diameter, the largest

\$2,000 - 3,000

1231

KINKOZAN WORKSHOP (CIRCA 1900)

A small Satsuma vase

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Painted in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear, crackled ground with merchants carrying their wares suspended on yokes, a woman carrying a tea kettle and children, including one balancing a tray of sweets on his head, signed with impressed signature *Kinkozan tsukuru*

4in (10.1cm) high

\$1,000 - 1,500

1232

KINKOZAN WORKSHOP (CIRCA 1900)

A small Satsuma vase

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/early 20th century

The elongated ovoid vase painted in polychrome enamels and gilt with a rooster and hen in a grove of bamboo and chrysanthemums, impressed signature *Kinkozan tsukuru* and signed in gilt *Kinkozan 5 7/8in (14.9cm) high*

\$800 - 1,200





A SATSUMA BOWL

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Painted in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear, crackled ground with a spiral design with millefleur and butterflies on the interior, the exterior and rim painted with a band of floral chevrons punctuated with roundels of confronted phoenix, illegibly signed in gilt 5 1/8in (13cm) diameter

\$1,800 - 2,500

1234

KINKOZAN WORKSHOP (CIRCA 1900)

A small Satsuma vase

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/early 20th century

Painted in polychrome enamels and gilt with panels of samurai and beauties entertaining in an interior, the background painted with fan papers and maple leaves on a cobalt ground, signed in gilt Dai Nihon Kyoto Kinkozan tsukuru with impressed mark Kinkozan tsukuru 6 1/4in (15.7cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,000

1235

KINKOZAN WORKSHOP (CIRCA 1900)

A large cobalt Satsuma vase

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/ early 20th century Of baluster form decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt with a

high-ranking samurai receiving an audience of warriors, and a group of beauties and gentlemen on an outdoor excursion, the surrounding areas with floral and geometric designs and dragons in gilt, signed in gilt Dai Nihon Kinkozan

11 3/4in (29.8cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000



1233















1236

MEIZAN (ACTIVE CIRCA 1890-1900)

A pair of miniature Satsuma vases Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The elongated ovoid vases each with a short neck and splayed foot, decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt with scenes of courtiers in an interior, on a veranda and in the garden of a well-appointed villa, the shoulders painted with a collar of floral lappets against a geometric ground, and the foot with lozenge patterns above a keyfret band, signed in red enamel *Meizan sei* 3 1/2in (8.9cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,500

1237

MEIZAN (ACTIVE CIRCA 1890-1900)

A small Satsuma baluster vase Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1890

Decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear crackled ground with Raiko (Minamoto no Yorimitsu) and Watanabe no Tsuna about to slay the *tsuchigumo* (earth spider), with a gathering of immortals, the surrounding areas decorated with geometric and floral patterns, the neck painted with scrolling vines and the foot with a band of grasses, signed in gilt *Meizan* 7 1/8in (18.1cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,500

1238

MEIZAN (ACTIVE CIRCA 1890-1900)

A fine miniature Satsuma vase Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The elongated ovoid vase set on a splayed foot and decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt with a continuous scene of a festival procession and onlookers seated before a curtain, the neck and foot decorated with geometric and floral bands, signed in gilt *Meizan sei* 4 3/4in (12.2cm) high

\$1,000 - 1,500

1239

TANZAN (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A fine reticulated Satsuma box and cover Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/early 20th century

The circular box designed as a cricket cage, set on four cabriole feet and delicately pierced on the sides and cover and molded on the cover to resemble a knotted ribbon, painted in polychrome enamels and gilt with flower heads, floral lozenges and phoenix roundels, the underside and feet decorated with blossoming flowers and stylized waves, the interior with a *shodana* containing flower arrangements in Chinese-style vessels, signed in gilt on a square, black reserve *Dai Nihon Tanzan*

3 7/8in (9.8cm) diameter

\$3,000 - 4,000





1239A

TANZAN (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A small Satsuma vase Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The elongated ovoid vase painted in polychrome enamels and gilt with two large panels of warriors, =beauties, and gentlemen admiring carp in a pond, and smaller cardioid-shaped panels of vegetables, and articles for flower arranging beneath registers of children at play, the surrounding areas painted with floral brocade, signed in gilt Tanzan

5in (12.7cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,000

1240

HOZAN (ACTIVE LATE 19TH CENTURY)

A small Satsuma vase

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt over a clear crackled glaze with two panel reserves, one painted with Chinese figures outside of a mountain temple, the other with a birdcage, teapot and large vase in a garden with birds and flowers, flanked by two narrow vertical reserves painted with monkeys engaged in scholarly pursuits, the surrounding area decorated with stylized geometric patterns, the lip with florets on a teal-colored ground, signed in gilt Hozan 5 7/8in (14.9cm) high

\$3,000 - 4,000

1241

GYOZAN (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A Satsuma vase

Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1900

The spherical vase with a narrow neck flaring out at the rim and painted in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear, crackled ground with autumn maples, bamboo, chysanthemums, pinks, and irises, the neck painted with a collar of cherry blossoms on ground of a stylized waves, signed Gyozan

13 1/4in (33.6cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500









UNZAN (ACTIVE LATE 19TH CENTURY)

A Satsuma ewer

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The bulbous body with a tall neck and applied with a dragon wrapping around the vessel forming the handle and spout, decorated in polychrome enamels, gosu blue, and gilt with blossoming chrysanthemums and clouds, the domed cover pierced with a hole and surmounted with a chrysanthemum finial, signed in gilt Satsuma yaki Unzan and with the mark of the Shimazu family 6 7/8in (17.5cm) high

\$1,800 - 2,500

1243

JUZAN (ACTIVE LATE 19TH CENTURY)

A small and fine Satsuma vase Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt with shaped panels containing ascetics, immortals and their attendants, the surrounding areas painted with Daikoku looking out from behind one of the panels as he and several rats dressed in kimono struggle to move it, the remaining background decorated with swathes of brocade, the shoulder painted with a formal collar of geometric and fan-shaped reserves, signed in gilt Juzan

6 1/4in (15.7cm) high

\$3,000 - 4,000

1244

SHOZAN (ACTIVE CIRCA 1900)

A Satsuma vase

Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1900

The ovoid vase decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear, crackled ground with Kinko Sennin and Benten seated on the back of an enormous carp among clouds by a blossoming prunus, the reverse with a lone Chinese scholar by a grove of bamboo, the neck painted with chrysanthemum and scrolling vines, signed Satsuma Shozan tsukuru, with a kao and the mark of the Shimazu family 9 3/4in (24.7cm) high

\$1,800 - 2,500







A SATSUMA BOWL

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

The deep bowl decorated in polychrome enamels and gild with an overall design of millefleur, illegibly signed in gilt on a black, rectangular reserve

4 1/4in (10.7cm) diameter

\$1,000 - 1,500

1246

HANKIZAN WORKSHOP

A Satsuma cup and saucer Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th

Delicately painted in polychrome enamels and gilt , he cup decorated on the exterior with a continuous procession of children carrying banners and toys, the rim and foot with floral patterns, the interior decorated with butterflies and chrysanthemum blossoms, signed on the underside Hankizan tsukuru, the saucer decorated in the well with three beauties before a screen and a koto, the body decorated with a stand of blossoming flowers and birds, the rim with a floral band, the reverse painted with additional bird sand flowers and the foot painted to match that of the cup, signed in a black reserve with gilt highlights Hankizan tsukuru

3 3/8in (8.6cm) diameter, the cup; 5 1/8in (13cm) diameter, the saucer

\$2,500 - 3,500

YABU MEIZAN (1853-1934)

A Satsuma cup and saucer

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

Painted in polychrome enamels and gilt, the cup decorated with two shaped reserves containing scenes of women and children playing karuta (cards), and people watching a trained monkey perform, all against a ground of chrysanthemum heads, the rim with a chevron band, signed Yabu Meizan, the saucer decorated to match with a ground of chrysanthemum heads, signed Yabu Meizan 3 1/2in (8.9cm) diameter, the cup; 5 1/4in (13.3cm) diameter, the



1246



\$3,000 - 4,000

saucer





YABU MEIZAN (1853-1934) A fine Satsuma dish Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1900

The circular dish slightly concave and decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt on a clear crackled ground with chrysanthemum blossoms arranged in a sunburst pattern, the surrounding areas painted with cherry blossoms, the rim decorated with a keyfret band, the underside decorated with stylized phoenix and flowering vines, signed Yabu Meizan

8 3/8in (21.2cm) diameter

\$6,000 - 8,000

PROPERTY FROM AN ARIZONA ESTATE

1249

YABU MEIZAN (1853-1934)

A fine Satsuma dish Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century Decorated in polychrome enamels and gilt over a clear, crackled glaze with beauties and attendants engaged in various activities including tea ceremony, karuta (cards), flower arranging, and other elegant pastimes, the rim painted with a floral and geometric band, signed in gilt Yabu Meizan 8 1/4in (20.9cm) diameter

\$10,000 - 15,000



PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1250

YABU MEIZAN (1853-1934)

A fine Satsuma incense burner Meiji era (1868-1912), circa 1900

The compressed ovoid vessel set on tripod bracket feet and fitted with a dome cover pierced with cherry-blossom florets and painted with spirals of chrysanthemum or iris blossoms, the body decorated with eight lappet-shaped panels containing scenes of figures at play or engaged in elegant pastimes, birds and flowers, and landscapes with Mount Fuji, the lower body banded by stands of iris, the feet painted with cherry blossoms, signed in gilt Yabu Meizan 5in (12.7cm) diameter; 2 5/8in (6.6cm) high

\$25,000 - 30,000







1251 [¤]

A TETSUBIN (IRON TEAPOT FOR SENCHA)

Edo period (1615–1868) or Meiji era (1868–1912), 19th century Cast in iron and finished with a rough, pitted

Cast in iron and finished with a rough, pitted surface, the cover fitted with a pierced bronze finial, the handle in polished iron 8 1/4in (20.9cm) high; 8in (20.3cm) wide

\$1,800 - 2,500

1252

A STONEWARE TEA STORAGE JAR Bizen ware, Muromachi period (1333-1573), 16th century

The elongated ovoid vase tapering to the foot and with a tall neck finishing in a rolled lip, the body showing a variety of colors including a deep reddish brown, and gray with flashes of black, the shoulder splashed with natural olive-green ash glaze and copious kiln encrustations 16 3/4in (42.5cm) high

\$3,500 - 4,500

A STONEWARE TEABOWL

Mino ware, Nezumi Shino type, Edo period (1615-1868) or Meiji era (1868-1912), 19th century

The wide bowl set on a ring foot and decorated with a foot bridge and three chevrons

With a wood storage box inscribed in gold lacquer Nezumi Shino chawan 5 1/2in (14cm) diameter

\$2,000 - 3,000

The decoration on this bowl was achieved by first covering the white clay body in ironrich slip, and then incising the decoration. The bowl was then covered in a thick white feldspathic glaze. Upon firing the areas of incised design show white while the rest of the areas covered in the slip turned gray or red where the glaze was thin.

1254

KONISHI HEINAI II (BORN 1928)

A red Raku tea bowl Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century

The large rounded bowl set on a small ring foot and covered in a red glaze with white and gray patches, sealed on the underside by the artist

With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed Akajawan and signed Taiko gama Nidai Heinai

5 1/8in (13cm) diameter

\$2,500 - 3,500

1255

KONISHI HEINAI II (BORN 1928)

A red Raku tea bowl Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century

The wide body tapering gently to a slightly inward-turning rim, the narrow ring foot with three firing marks, covered with a mottled red and black glaze with numerous surface bubbles, with the impressed seal of the artist With a wood storage box indistinctly inscribed [] chawan Taiko gama Taiko gama 5in (12.7cm) diameter

\$2,500 - 3,500













1257





1256

A STONEWARE TEA BOWL

Meiji (1868-1912) or Taisho (1912-1926) era, late 19th/early 20th century

The deep cylindrical bowl set on a low ring foot cut on one side and covered in a thick brown glaze with running green in drips With a wood storage box 4 18in (10.7cm) diameter

\$2,000 - 3,000

1257

A HAGI-STYLE TEA BOWL

Showa era (1926-1989), mid-20th century

The stoneware bowl flaring out slightly at the rim and set on a high foot with a deep cut-away, covered in a translucent glaze showing pinkish orange and with a fine crackle With a wood storage box

5 3/8in (13.6cm) diameter

\$1,000 - 1,500

1258

A KAKIEMON HEXAGONAL BOX AND COVER WITH FRENCH **ORMOLU MOUNTS**

Hizen ware, Kakiemon type, Edo period (1615-1868), late 17th century, the mounts 19th century

The porcelain decorated in underglaze cobalt, green enamel, red iron oxide, and gilt with bamboo, prunus, and maple trees among rocks, the cover fitted with a simple loop handle, fitted with a gilt-metal rim pierced with linked coils and set into a stand supported by six lion feet below leafy flourishes, the mounts signed Escalier de Cristal, Paris 5 1//4in (13.4cm) high, including mounts

\$1,500 - 2,000



AN OCTAGONAL KAKIEMON BOWL Hizen ware, Kakiemon type, Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century

Set on a ring foot and painted in blue, green, and yellow enamels, and red iron oxide, decorated on the interior with dragons, phoenix, prunus, and pine trees below a band of floral scroll and a brown iron-oxide rim, the cavetto decorated with a single chrysanthemum blossom, the exterior painted with scattered chrysanthemum and paulownia blossoms

\$1,000 - 1,500

8 1/4in (21cm) wide

1260

A PORCELAIN INCENSE BURNER Hizen ware, Kakiemon type Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century

Modeled as a minogame (bushy-tailed tortoise) standing on a pedestal supported by four cabriole legs, the animal looking to the left with its mouth open in a roar, the removable cover worked to resemble the surface of a tortoise shell and pierced with clouds, the porcelain edges of the cover gilded, the pedestal painted with flowers and scrolling vines in polychrome enamels and

6in (15.2cm) wide

\$8,000 - 12,000

1261

A PORCELAIN OKIMONO OF A PAIR OF SHISHI

Hirado ware, Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Modeled as a pair of shishi playfully wrestling, the details in underglaze blue 6 1/2in (16.5cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000











MAKUZU KOZAN WORKSHOP (CIRCA 1900)

A porcelain ewer

Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th/20th century

Molded on the sides of the body with large sea bream in waves, the spout and handle in the form of a dragon, painted in polychrome enamels and gilt, the cover with a loop finial and with two faces, signed *Kozan* in red iron oxide 8 1/4in (21cm) wide

\$2,500 - 3,500

1060

A PORCELAIN OKIMONO OF A GROUP OF SHISHI

Hirado ware, Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century

Modeled as a pair of adult *shishi* with three playful cubs, the manes and tails highlighted in underglaze blue and the eyes and claws left unglazed

7 3/4in (19.7cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000

1264

A PORCELAIN VASE

Hizen ware, Hirado type, Meiji era (1868-1912), late 19th century Set on a splayed foot and with an elongated neck and an everted rim molded to resemble flower petals and applied with two dragons coiled around the shoulder and neck, molded around the foot with a standing leaf band, painted in underglaze cobalt with a mountainous landscape and sailing vessels near a rocky coastline, the foot painted with stylized waves, the rim painted with flower petals 13 3/4in (34.9cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000

Modern and Contemporary Ceramics









KAWAI KANJIRO (1890-1966)

A stoneware flower vase Showa era (1926-1989), mid-20th century

Of square section with a stepped neck, decorated in underglaze iron-oxide, copper red, green, and cobalt blue with stylized floral designs

With a wood *tomobako* storage box inscribed *Hana no henko* (Flat flower vessel), signed *Kan*, and sealed *Kawai no in* 7 3/4in (19.7cm) high

\$1,200 - 1,800

1266

HAMADA SHOJI (1894-1978)

A stoneware dish

Showa era (1926-1989), mid-20th century

The deep square dish decorated in iron, the interior painted with an abstract design of grasses against a white ground, the glaze becoming blue where it pools With a wood storage box 9 1/4 x 9 1/4 x 2 1/8in (23.4 x 23.4 x 5.2cm)

\$2,000 - 3,000

PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SALLIE WAGNER

1267

HAMADA SHOJI (1894-1978)

A set of four stoneware dishes Showa era (1926-1989), 20th century Each decorated with a wax-resist design of grasses on a persimmon glaze 10 1/2in (26.6cm) diameter

\$2,000 - 3,000

Provenance

Purchased directly from the artist

HAMADA SHOJI (1894-1978)

A stoneware flower vase

Showa era (1926-1989), mid-20th century

The ovoid vase with an elongated neck a wide rim decorated in underglaze iron oxide with stylized branches With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed Tetsu-e kabin (Flower vase with iron design), signed Shoji and sealed Sho

11in (27.9cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000

PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF JOEL M. BARISH

1269

HAMADA SHOJI (1894-1978)

A stoneware tea bowl

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1960

The deep conical bowl set on a high foot and decorated in a fingerscraped green glaze, with an impressed seal indicating the first firing

With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed Shoji saku yubigaki chawan, Mashiko hatsugama (Finger decorated tea bowl by Shoji, First Firing of the new year, Mashiko kiln), and with a paper cover inscribed Shoji yubigaki

5 3/4in (14.6cm) diameter

\$2,000 - 3,000

Provenance

Previously sold, Phillips, New York, May 17, 2000, lot 11.

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish" March-April, 2008.

1270

HAMADA SHOJI (1894-1978)

A stoneware flower vase

Showa era (1926-1989), mid-20th century

Cylindrical with a rolled lid, the sides incised with striations and covered in a thick, mottled glaze

With a wood tomobako storage box titledMon uchikake awase kabin, signed Shoji, and sealed Sho 5 3/4in (14.6cm) high

\$3,000 - 4,000

Provenance Previously sold Bonhams, London, November 13, 2001, lot 21.

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.







1270







KAWAI KANJIRO (1890-1966)

A stoneware *chaire* (container for tea) Showa era (1926-1989), mid-late 20th century

The square box decorated in underglaze blue, red and green with stylized flowers 2 7/8 x 2 7/8 in (7.2 x 7.2 x 7.2cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500

Provenance

Ex-Claude Horan collection

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.

Claude Horan (1917-2014), served as the head of the ceramics program at the University of Hawaii from 1967 to 1978.

1979

SHIMAOKA TATSUZO (1919-2007)

A stoneware dish

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1990

The square dish decorated in iron oxide and blue glaze with roundels of stylized blossoms, the body with slip-inlaid impressed rope pattern, signed on the underside with impressed seal in *katakana*, *Ta* With a wood *tomobako* storage box inscribed *Ji uwagusuri zogan Jomon kakuzara* (Glazed rope-impressed square dish), signed and sealed *Tatsuzo* 8 5/8 x 8 5/8in (21.9 x 21.9cm)

\$1,000 - 1,500

Provenance

Purchased in 1990 from the artist's studio by Jasper Bond, one of the artist's apprentices and later acquired by the current owner

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.

1273

KITAOJI ROSANJIN (1883-1959)

A Shino-style dish

Showa era (1926-1989), circa 1950

The circular stoneware dish decorated with autumn grasses in underglaze iron, covered in a creamy feldspathic glaze, signed on the underside in *katakana*, *Ro*

With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed E-Shino hirazara ichi (One decorated E-Shino flat dish), signed Rosanjin and sealed Mukyo 7 3/8in (18.7cm) diameter

\$2,000 - 3,000

Provenance

Sidney Cardozo Previously sold, Christie's, New York, October 15, 2001, lot 96

Published

Kozo Yoshida and Elise Grilli, *The Ceramic Art of Kitaoji Rosanjin: Three American Collections*, Kyoto, Benrido, 1964, no. 36.

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.

TSUKAMOTO KAIJI (1912-1990)

Five porcelain dishes

Showa era (1926-1989), late 20th century

Each circular with a barbed rim and carved on the interior with flowering vines, impressed seal Tsukamoto

With a wood tomobako storage box indistinctly titled Seihakuji karakusa mon [] hanazara (Celadon flower shaped dishes with Chinese grasses design), signed Kaiji tsukuru and sealed Tsukayama

7 3/8in (18.7cm) diameter

\$1,500 - 2,500

Provenance

Purchased from Ryuanjin Gallery, Kyoto.

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.

1275

TSUKAMOTO KAIJI (1912-1990)

A porcelain gosu (box and cover) Showa era (1926-1989), late 20th century

The circular box with a flush-fitting cover decorated on the top with a carved design of a magnolia blossom, covered with a light blue transparent glaze

With a wood tomobako storage box titled Seihakuji taizanbokumon gosu (<i>Qingbai</ i> covered box with magnolia design), signed and sealed Kaiji on the underside of the lid With a paper slip inscribed with the the same title as on the box and dated Showa gojuroku nen saku (made in 1981) 3 7/8in (9.8cm) diameter

\$1,200 - 1,800

Provenance

Previously sold, Christie's, New York, June 5, 2002, lot 249.

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.

1276

TSUKAMOTO KAIJI (1912-1990)

A porcelain bowl

Showa era (1926-1989), late 20th century

With an undulating rim and decorated in the interior with an incised design of flowering branches, all covered in a light blue-green celadon glaze, incised signature Kai on the underside

With a wood tomobako storage box titled Seihakuji hanakarakusamon bachi (Celadon bowl with flowers and Chinese grasses design), signed and sealed Kaiji 8 1/2in (21.6cm) wide

\$1,800 - 2,500

Provenance

Purchased Tobo Hinata gallery, Mashiko, Japan.

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.













1278

ISHIGURO MUNEMARO (1893-1968)

A stoneware tea bowl

Showa era (1926-1989), mid-20th century

The wide bowl tapering to a small ring foot and covered in a thick tenmoku glaze

With a lacquered wood outer *tomobako* storage box and a wood *tomobako* storage box inscribed on the lid *Tenmoku yu chawan Ishiguro Munemaro saku* (Teabowl with tenmoku glaze by Ishiguro Munemaro) and signed and sealed by the artist 6 1/2in (16.5cm) diameter

\$1,000 - 1,500

Provenance

Previously sold Phillips, New York, May 17, 2000, lot 74.

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.

1278

TOKUDA YASOKICHI III (1933-2009)

A porcelain flower vase

Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-), late 20th century

The cylindrical vase tapering to the gently everted rim and covered in a blue-green glaze transforming to purple toward the bottom, signed on a carved reserve *Masahiko*

With a wood *tomobako* storage box inscribed on the cover *Hanaire*, signed *Kutani Masahiko*, and sealed *Masahiko* 9 1/8in (23.2cm) high

\$1,000 - 1,500

Exhibited

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish," March-April, 2008.

TOKUDA YASOKICHI III (1933-2009)

A porcelain vase

Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century

The bulbous vase with a narrow neck ending in a dramatically flared mouth and covered in a blue-green, and purple glaze, signed on the foot in a carved reserve Kutani Masahiko

With a wood tomobako storage box titled Hekimei yu tsubo (Bright blue-green vase), signed Kutani Masahiko and sealed Masahiko 10 7/8in (27.7cm) high



Provenance

Previously sold, Bonhams, London, November 13, 2001, lot 102.

Nevada Museum of Art, Reno, "Subtle Beauty: Modern Japanese Ceramics from the Collection of Joel Barish" March-April, 2008.

PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1280

TSUJI SEIMEI (1927-2008)

A Shigaraki sakazuki (sake cup)

Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century

The cylindrical cup on a low foot, decorated with a natural ash glaze, signed on the side

With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed Shigaraki sakazuki, signed and sealed Seimei 2 6/16in (6.2cm) diameter

\$1,000 - 1,500

1281

KUSUBE YAICHI (1897-1984)

A porcelain vase

Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century

The cylindrical vase tapering to the foot, decorated with eight roundels in high relief and covered in a blue glaze, impressed seal Ya With a wood tomobako storage box inscribed Heigyokuyu kashin kabin (Jasper glaze stamen flower vase) signed Yaichi saku and sealed

12 1/4in (31.1cm) high

\$1,000 - 1,500







PROPERTY FROM THE ELIZABETH AND WILLARD CLARK COLLECTION

1282

UEMATSU EIJI (1949-)

Two Shigaraki-style stoneware vases Heisei era (1989-), circa 2000

The first, a boat-shaped flower vessel the triangular body of warm orange hue with embedded quartz flecks and partially covered with a mottled ash glaze, irregular scratch marks to the interior, the base with artist's mark and six circular *geta okoshi* (kiln supports); the second, a large wall vase, the thin rectangular body with an overall plain, rough orange-hued surface scattered with quartz inclusions, fashioned with five interior dividers and four pierced hanging supports, incised *artist's mark* to the reverse

Each with a wood *tomobako* storage box, the first inscribed *Fune hanaire*, the second *Kabekake-hana*, each signed and sealed *Eiji* 6 5/8 x 15 3/8 x 6in (17 x 39 x 15.3cm) 13 3/8 x 10 1/4 x 2in (33.7 x 26.1 x 5.1cm)

\$1,500 - 2,500

Provenance Maezaki Shin'ya 1283

THREE STUDIO CERAMICS

Showa (1926-1989) or Heisei (1989-) era, late 20th century Yoshida Jiro (attributed): a stoneware slab vase of irregular, tapering leaf-shape, the textured cream-colored exterior with rough dark vertical streaks, the interior flat black

Tanino Akio (attributed): an elliptical stoneware vase, the exterior decorated with stalks of bamboo outlined in green slip and reserved on a dark-brown ground, the base with the artist's mark Nakai Kazuhito (attributed): an ash-glazed Bizen flower container with a central angular opening and rounded base, each side of the clam-like silhouette accented with incised lines and two small raised bosses, the base with impressed artist's seal

10 1/2, 10 3/8 and 6 1/4in (26.5, 26.5 and 16cm) high

\$1,500 - 2,500





PROPERTY FROM A PRIVATE COLLECTION, SOLD TO BENEFIT THE WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, PORTLAND, OREGON

1284

A KOTO KATANA AND A SHINTO KATANA

The first Muromachi period (1333-1573), 16th century, the second by Masayoshi, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century The first, honzukuri, iorimune, slight koshizori, chu-gissaki forged in mokume hada with copious jinie, the tempered edge gunome midare with utsuri, finishing in a midarekomi boshi, the tang o-suriage with sujikai file marks and four holes (two filled), one-piece silver-foil habaki, 26 1/2in (67.2cm) long, in a shirasaya (wood storage scabbard); the second honzukuri, iorimune, shallow toriizori, chu-gissaki forged in ko-itame hada and with a ko-choji midare tempered edge executed in nie and nioi, the boshi ko-maru, machiokuri ubu tang with katte sagari file marks, two holes and signed Ushu Masayoshi, onepiece copper habaki, 26 3/4in (67.8cm) long, in a shirasaya (wood storage scabbard)

\$3,500 - 4,500

1285

A LATER BIZEN BOY'S SWORD Attributed to Norimitsu, Muromachi perid (1333-1573), 15th century)

The slender blade honzukuri, iorimune, slight koshizori, and ko-gissaki, the forging pattern ko-itame and the tempered edge gunome midare in nie with ko-nie, ashi, tobiyaki, utsuri and sunagashi, the boshi ko-maru, both sides carved with bohi, machiokuri, ubu tang with two holes and indistinct signature Bi(shu) [] [] and dated []gatsu hi; one piece gilt-copper habaki; 17 1/4in (43.8cm) long; in a shirasaya (wood storage scabbard)

\$1,500 - 2,500

1286

A SHINTO WAKIZASHI

By Sadahiro, Edo period (1615-1868), 17th century

Honzukuri, iorimune, chu-gissaki, toriizori, forged in ko-itame hada with hints of mokume hada, the tempered edge gentle notare of nioi and nie and with a ko-maru boshi, the tang ubu, slightly machiokuri, with one hole, katte sagari file marks and signed Fujiwara Sadahiro saku; two-piece copper habaki, 16 5/Slin (42.2cm) long; in a shirasaya (wood storage scabbard)

\$1,500 - 2,500

A MISHINA KATANA IN MOUNTS AND A YAMATO SHINTO KATANA

The first after Kinmichi, the second after Terukuni, Edo period (1615-1868), 19th

century
The first honzukuri, iorimune, chu-gissaki, shallow toriizori, forged in itame hada, the tempered edge notare and toranba with nie and nioi and a sanpin boshi, machiokuri suriage tang with kessho file marks, two holes and inscribed Dai Hoshi Hokkyo Rai Kinmichi, one-piece silvered habaki, 27 1/4in (69.2cm) long, the koshirae comprising a black-lacquer saya, the tsuka fitted with iron tsuchimeji fuchi-gashira carved with dragons in clouds in katakiri-bori, the menuki formed as dragons, an iron Satsuma sukashi tsuba carved with radishes; the second honzukuri, iorimune, chu-gissaki, koshizori, forged in running itame hada in jinie and forged in a bold choji midare mixded with gunome midare with ashi, saka-ashi, tobiyaki, muneyaki and a midarekomi boshi, the tang machiokuri, ubu, with one hole, kessho file marks and inscribed Tsutsui Etchu no kami Terukuni Nyudo Kiju, 25 1/4in (64.1cm) long, in a shirasaya (wood storage scabbard)

\$3,500 - 4,500

1288

A MINO SEKI WAKIZASHI

Possibly by Terukado, Edo period (1615-1868), 17th century

Honzukuri, iorimune, chu-gissaki, toriizori forged in flowing itame hada mixed with mokume hada in fine jinie, the gunome midare hamon executed in nioi and nie with inazuma and chikei and a midarekomi boshi, the tang o-suriage with one hole, kiri file marks with a truncated signature Tanba no kami Fujwara Teru[], one-piece silver habaki, 17 3/8in (44.1cm) long, in a shirasaya (wood storage scabbard)

\$2,000 - 3,000



1287





PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1289

A SET OF FIVE YANONE (ARROWHEADS) IN A PRESENTATION STAND

Edo period (1615-1868), 18th/19th century

Comprising a yanagiba type pierced with a cherry blossom and petal in sukashibori, inscribed Raita haku, and four shikaku-type points, all mounted on a wood stand decorated with flourishes of cranes in flight and pine and bamboo carved in the round, the apron decorated with crashing waves and minogame in low relief and applied with a shakudo roundel with ginger root in gold hiramezogan, the slots to hole the arrows secured by silvered-metal hinges carved as pine boughs

6 5/8in (16.9cm) (largest arrowhead); 9 5/8 x 4 1/8in (24.3 x 10.4cm) (stand)

\$1,200 - 1,800

PROPERTY FROM THE ELIZABETH AND WILLARD CLARK COLLECTION

1290

A FOLDING WOOD SWORD STAND WITH PAINTED DECORATION

Edo period (1615-1868), 19th century

The center wood panel carved to the top with an oval carrying handle and hinged on the sides to a pair of shorter wood pieces with carved indentations for three long swords, the front and sides decorated with a herd of frolicking horses painted in ink and color on a gold-foil applied paper ground 14 1/4 x 40 3/4in (36.3 x 103.5cm)

\$1,000 - 2,000



PROPERTY OF VARIOUS OWNERS

1291

AN AKODA-NARI SUJI KABUTO

Muromachi period (1333-1573), 16th century Constructed of 44 iron plates lacquered black and mounted with shinodare on the front and rear central plates, the koshi-maki and mabizashi edged with gilt-copper fukurin, the crown fitted with a five-stage gilt-metal, copper, and shakudo tehen kanamono, the kuwagata-dai pierce carved with chrysanthemums and fitted with gilt-copper kuwagata, the bowl fitted with a later five-stage shikoro lacquered black and laced in blue and orange ending in *fukigaeshi* decorated with gilt-metal *manji* heraldic crests and trimmed in gold lacquer

\$15,000 - 20,000





1292

BAMEN TOMONARI (ACTIVE 18TH CENTURY) An iron hoshi kabuto

Edo period (1615-1869), 18th century

Constructed of eight russet-iron plates, each with seven rounded rivets, the helmet profile swelling slightly at the rear of the crown and with a medial ridge at the top of the front plate, the three-stage gilt-metal tehen kanamomo formed as a chrysanthemum, the wide mabizashi with two large standing rivets, signed horizontally across the front interior of the bowl Echizen no kuni Toyohara no ju Bamen Tomonari saku, fitted with a five-stage Hineno-style shikoro lacquered black and laced in blue, the bottom edge of the lowest lame trimmed in doe-skin

With Tokubetsu kicho shiryo (Especially Important Material) certificate no. 1672, issued by the Nihon Katchu Bugu Kenkyu Hozonkai (Society for the Preservation of Japanese Armor) dated November 12, 2017

\$15,000 - 20,000

The front edges of each plate are scalloped, visible only on the interior of the bowl.





A KOBOSHI KABUTO

Edo period (1615-1868), 18th/19th century

The 62-plate bowl with 30 small, standing rivets on each plate, the area around the gilt tehen kanamono without rivets, the steep mabizashi mounted with a gilt-bronze kuwagata-dai pierce-carved with chrysanthemum scrolls and fitted with later gilt-metal kuwagata, the five-lame shikoro lacquered black and laced in blue sugake style, the fukigaeshi with stencilled leather and gilt-bronze crests of crossed hawk feathers

\$5,000 - 7,000

1294

AN IRON SUJI-KABUTO HELMET

Edo period (1615-1868), circa 1800

The russet-iron 64-plate helmet finished with a five-stage tehen kanamono and a four-lame shikoro lacquered black, ending in small leather-covered fukigaeshi banded in shakudo fukurin, laced in blue sugake lacing with orange and white highlights

\$6,000 - 8,000





A GOLD-LACQUER ARMOR WITH A KAWARI KABUTO Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century

The suit laced in white and green and the component parts lacquered gold or black and comprising a *zunari kabuto* covered with black boar's fur and fitted with a black-lacquer *mabizashi* decorated with a gold-lacquer simulated rope trim, the small *fukigaeshi* lacquered gold, the bowl fitted with a four-lame solid *shikoro*, the bowl mounted with a simple gilt-bronze chrysanthemum *maedate*; the *menpo* lacquered black and applied with a thick boar's-fur moustache, the lips lacquered red and the teeth silvered, fitted with a four-lame *yodarekake*; the *ni-mai* okegawa do lacquered black at the top and trimmed with gold-lacquer simulated rope trim and fitted with six sections of five-lame *kusazuri*; *chu-sode*; chain mail and gourd-plate *gote*; chain-mail and plate *haidate*; *shino suneate*; holder for a flag; one storage box; one armor stand

\$5,000 - 8,000

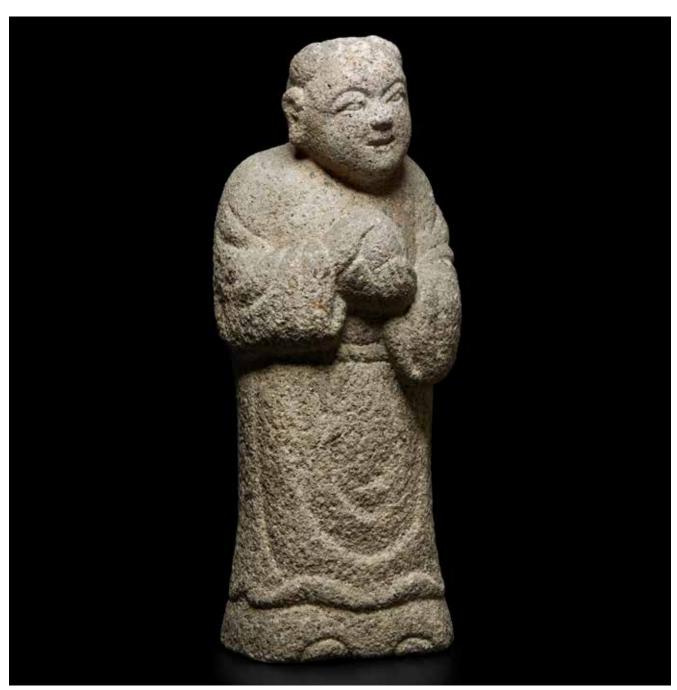
1296

A BLUE-LACED ARMOR WITH A MYOCHIN HELMET

The helmet by Nagamichi, Edo period (1615-1868), 18th century The components lacquered black and laced in blue and comprising a russet-iron 62-plate suji-kabuto, the rivet heads visible, running down the center of each plate, the crown of the bowl finished with a four-stage gilt-copper and shakudo tehen kanamono, the shallow mabizashi banded by a gilt-copper fukurin below a large gilt-bronze hollyhock maedate, signed on the interior rear of the bowl Nagamichi, the bowl fitted with a four-lame wide shikoro laced in sugake style, the fukigaeshi silvered-copper pierce-carved hollyhocks; the russet-iron menpo with a bulbous nose and prominent wrinkles on the cheeks, applied with a boar's bristle-mustache, chin tuft and with red-lacquer lips and silvered teeth, the four-lame yodarekake lacquered gold; the nimai okegawa do applied with three decorative rings and gilt-bronze hollyhock crests, fitted with seven sections of five-lame kusazuri, the lowest lame pierced with inome; chu-sode; shino gote; kawara haidate; shino suneate; boar-fur boots; jinbaori; paper saihai; one armor storage box; no armor stand

\$12,000 - 15,000





1297

A GRANITE FIGURE OF A BOY ATTENDANT (DONGJA)

Joseon Dynasty (1392-1897), 18th/19th century
Standing in a long Chinese-inspired court costume and holding "the
Peach of Immortality" in both hands to the front, his youthful face
with a gentle expression and wearing the traditional plaited coiffure of two chignons

22 3/8in (57cm) high

\$20,000 - 30,000

A PORCELAIN WATER DROPPER

Joseon dynasty (1392-1910), 19th century Rectangular and molded on the surface with a blossom surrounded by coiling vines and decorated in underglaze cobalt and copper, with later traces of gilding, illegibly signed on the underside in gilt

3 x 2 1/8 x 1in (7.9 x 5.2 x 2.5cm)

\$1,500 - 2,000

1299

AN IRON-DECORATED PORCELAIN JAR Joseon dynasty (1392-1897), 18th/19th century

The faceted jar of compressed ovoid form with a rolled rim, boldly painted in underglaze iron with a pair of phoenixes in flight, showing in patches of reddish brown where the glaze is thin

5 3/8in (13.6cm) high

\$2,000 - 3,000

Exhibited

On loan to the Denver Art Museum, January 1998 to October 2008.

1300

A PORCELAIN VASE

Joseon dynasty (1392-1897), 19th century The bottle vase painted in underglaze cobalt with a continuous design of a dragon clutching a flaming jewel amongst clouds, the foot adhered with kiln grit 11 1/4in (28.5cm) high

\$3,000 - 4,000

1301

A PORCELAIN VASE

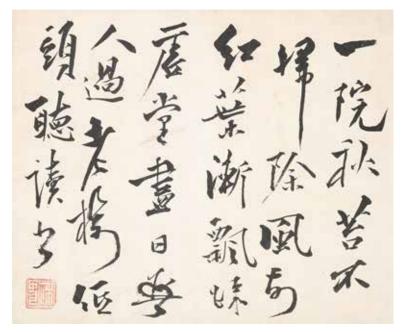
Joseon dynasty (1392-1897), 19th century The bottle vase with a compressed body and decorated in underglaze cobalt with a crane in flight and a prancing deer among pine trees, grasses and clouds 10 3/4in (27.3cm) high

\$1,200 - 1,800









1302



1304



1303

ATTRIBUTED TO KIM JEONG-HUI 김정희, 金正喜 (1786-1856)

Calligraphy

Joseon dynasty (1392-1910), 18th century Ink on paper, framed and glazed, sealed Chusa

22 x 22cm; 41.4 x 46.2cm overall

\$3,000 - 4,000

1303

ANONMYOUS

Tiger and Magpie

Joseon dynasty (1392-1910), 19th century Hanging scroll, ink and color on paper; folk painting of a tiger beneath a magpie in a pine tree, unsigned

23 2/4 x 13 1/4in (59.2 x 33.6cm)

\$800 - 1,200

1304

UNIDENTIFIED ARTIST

Geese and Reeds Joseon dynasty (1392-1910), 19th/20th century

Hanging scroll, "burnt" painting depicting two geese at water's edge with an inscription, signed and with three seals With a wood storage box 11 1/4 x 35 3/8in (28.6 x 89.8cm)

\$800 - 1,200

The theme of *noan* (geese and reeds) has a double meaning in Korean. The first character *no* can be interpreted either as "reed" or "old" while the second character *an* can mean either "reed" or "comfort"; thus, this subject can be viewed as a wish for a comfortable life in old age.

This hanging scroll was executed using a hot tool held to the paper surface leaving a scorched image.

ANONYMOUS

Landscape and scholar's hut Joseon dynasty, (1392-1910), 18th century Hanging scroll, ink and color on silk depicting a lone scholar in his hut in a mountainous landscape; unsigned With a wood storage box 14 3/4 x 11 5/8in (37.7 x 29.5cm)

US\$1,200 - 1,500

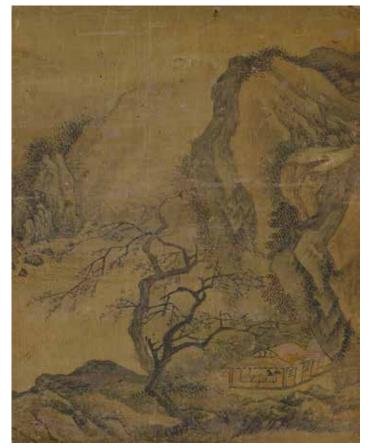
1306

ANONYMOUS

A Landscape with a Walled City Joseon dynasty (1392-1897), 18th century

A large hanging scroll, ink, ink wash and slight color on paper, mounted as a two-panel folding screen depicting a walled city set in a mountainous landscape, some smaller, more modest dwellings outside the walls in the foreground 41 3/4 x 34 5/8in (109x 87.3cm) each panel

\$4,000 - 6,000



1305



1306



1307

KIM KI-CHANG 김기창 金基昶 (UNBO 운보 雲甫) (1913-2001)

20th century
Ink and watercolor on paper, depicting a bird with wings outstretched, signed *Kim* in Roman and *Ki-chang* in *hangul*, framed a glazed 12 7/16 x 15 3/8in (31.6 x 39cm), image only

\$3,000 - 5,000

GLOSSARY

BAKU

Mythical creature, with a long trunk, that consumes bad dreams

BIWA

Plucked musical instrument of Chinese origin, similar to a lute

E-NASHIJI

Nashiji used to decorate small areas of a design

FUNDAME

Fine gold dust sprinkled repeatedly on wet lacquer to give a smooth, matte appearance

GINBARI

Transparent enamels applied over heavy, stamped silver foil

GOSU

Underglaze blue decoration on porcelain

GYOBU-NASHIJI

Nashiji using particularly large flakes of gold

HIRAMAKI-E

Basic maki-e technique in which metal powders are sprinkled onto wet lacquer and then usually covered with a further layer of lacquer

HIRAME

Flat flakes of gold lying on or near a lacquer surface

HIRAZOGAN

Flush metal inlay

INRO

Small container made up of several interlocking sections, ostensibly for carrying medicines

IRO

Chiseled relief decoration in gold, silver, and copper alloys

ISHIME

Stone-like surface texture in lacquer or metal

KAMI

Shinto deity

KAO

Cursive monogram used in art signatures

KARAKO

Small Chinese boy with tufted hairdo often seen in Edo-period art

KATAKANA

The more angular of the two Japanese phonetic scripts

KATAKIRI-BORI

Angled engraving technique used in metalwork to achieve an effect imitating brushwork

KEBORI

Thin engraved lines

KEMAN

Hanging gilt-copper Buddhist ritual decoration

KINJI

Shiny gold-lacquer ground

KIRIKANE

Small squares of cut gold foil

KIRIN

Imaginary Chinese being with a deer's body, a horse's hooves, an ox's tail, and a single horn on its head

кото

Plucked 13-stringed musical instrument

MAKI-E

generic term for lacquer decoration using powdered metals; see also hiramaki-e, takamaki-e, and togidashi maki-e

MENUKI

Decorative fittings on a sword hilt

MINOGAME

Turtle or tortoise which has acquired a "tail" of weed by living for a long time in a pond; emblematic of longevity

MOKUGYO

Wooden gong used in Buddhist ritual

MON

Heraldic crest used by prominent samurai families

MURA-NASHIJI

Nashiji with contrasting areas of densely and thinly packed gold flakes

MUSEN

Enameling with completely hidden wires (or sometimes no wires), producing a soft, painterly outline

NANAKO

Pattern of small punched granulations used in metalwork

NASHIJI

Irregularly shaped flakes of gold, suspended at different angles in several layers of clear or yellowish lacquer

NUNOME-ZOGAN

Overlay of gold or silver on iron, similar to damascening

OJIME

Bead for tightening the cord of an inro or other item hanging from the belt

ROIRO-NURI

The characteristic black background of Japanese lacquer, achieved by the chemical reaction between clear lacquer and a small quantity of iron

SEIGAIHA

Pattern of stylized semi-circular overlapping waves

SENCHA

Chinese-inspired formalized drinking of tea made with whole rather than powdered leaves

SHAKUDO

Blue-black patinated alloy of copper with a small quantity of gold

SHIBUICHI

Gray-green patinated alloy of copper with varying quantities of silver

SHIKISHI

rectangular card for writing poetry

SHISHI

Lion-like imaginary creature of Chinese origin

SHISHIAIBORI

relief carving below the general level of the rest of a piece of metalwork

TAKABORI

high-relief carved metalwork decoration

TAKAMAKI-E

lacquering technique in which the design is built up in high relief by adding powdered charcoal or clay to the lacquer

TAKAZOGAN

high-relief metalwork inlay

TANZAKU

long, narrow card for writing poetry

TETSUBIN

Handled cast-iron teapot for sencha

TOGIDASHI MAKI-E

Form of maki-e in which a finished design is covered with several further layers of lacquer; when these layers are polished away the design reappears, flush with the new ground

TOMEI JIPPO

Transparent enamel on a base of chased metal incised with a decorative design

TORII

Archway at the entrance to a Shinto shrine

USU-NASHIJI

Thinly sprinkled nashiji





March 13-23, 2019

Asia Week New York 2019 is a collaboration among Asian art specialists, 5 auction houses, and 19 museums and Asian cultural institutions in the metropolitan New York area from March 13–23, 2019. Simultaneous exhibitions presented by more than 40 prominent Asian art dealers from the U.S. and abroad, auctions at Bonhams, Christie's, Doyle, iGavel, and Sotheby's as well as dozens of special events are planned for this period. All exhibitions, auctions, and events will be listed in a comprehensive illustrated guide with maps, available at the participating galleries, auction houses, and cultural institutions in February 2019 as well as on the Asia Week New York website.

www.asiaweekny.com

Bonhams

AUCTIONEERS SINCE 1793





Chinese Works of Art and Paintings

New York | Monday September 10

PREVIEW
September 6-9

INQUIRIES +1 917 206 1677 bruce.maclaren@bonhams.com bonhams.com/chinese A RARE AND UNUSUAL PAIR OF CLOISONNE RHOMBUS-SHAPED VASES

Jiaqing/Daoguang period 14 ½ inch high \$30,000 - 50,000

CONDITIONS OF SALE

The following Conditions of Sale, as amended by any published or posted notices or verbal announcements during the sale, constitute the entire terms and conditions on which property listed in the catalog shall be offered for sale or sold by Bonhams & Butterfields Auctioneers Corp. and any consignor of such property for whom we act as agent. If live online bidding is available for the subject auction, additional terms and conditions of sale relating to online bidding will apply; see www.bonhams.com/WebTerms for the supplemental terms. As used herein, "Bonhams," "we" and "us" refer to Bonhams & Butterfields Auctioneers Corp.

- 1. As used herein, the term "bid price" means the price at which a lot is successfully knocked down to the purchaser. The term "purchase price" means the aggregate of (a) the bid price, (b) a PREMIUM retained by us and payable by the purchaser EQUAL TO 25% OF THE FIRST \$250.000 OF THE BID PRICE, 20% OF THE AMOUNT OF THE BID PRICE ABOVE \$250,001 UP TO AND INCLUDING \$4,000,000, AND 12.5% OF THE AMOUNT OF THE BID PRICE OVER \$4,000,000, and (c) unless the purchaser is exempt by law from the payment thereof, any Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Massachusetts, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Texas, Virginia, Washington, D.C., Washington state, or other state or local sales tax (or compensating use tax) and other applicable taxes. With regard to New York sales tax, please refer to the "Sales and Use Tax" section of these Conditions of Sale.
- 2. On the fall of the auctioneer's hammer, the highest bidder shall have purchased the offered lot in accordance and subject to compliance with all of the conditions set forth herein and (a) assumes full risk and responsibility therefor, (b) if requested will sign a confirmation of purchase, and (c) will pay the purchase price in full or such part as we may require for all lots purchased. No lot may be transferred. Any person placing a bid as agent on behalf of another (whether or not such person has disclosed that fact or the identity of the principal) may be jointly and severally liable with the principal under any contract resulting from the acceptance of a bid.

Unless otherwise agreed, payment in good funds is due and payable within five (5) business days following the auction sale. Whenever the purchaser pays only a part of the total purchase price for one or more lots purchased, we may apply such payments, in our sole discretion, to the lot or lots we choose. Payment will not be deemed made in full until we have collected good funds for all amounts due.

Payment for purchases may be made in or by (a) cash, (b) cashier's check or money order, (c) personal check with approved credit drawn on a U.S. bank, (d) wire transfer or other immediate bank transfer, or (e) Visa, MasterCard, American Express or Discover credit, charge or debit card. A processing fee will be assessed on any returned checks. Please note that the amount of cash notes and cash equivalents that can be accepted from a given purchaser may be limited.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law: The purchaser grants us a security interest in the property, and we may retain as collateral security for the purchaser's obligations to us, any property and all monies held or received by us for the account of the purchaser, in our possession. We also retain all rights of a secured party under the California Commercial Code. If the foregoing conditions or any other applicable conditions herein are not complied with, in addition to all other remedies available to us and the consignor by law, we may at our election: (a) hold the purchaser liable for the full purchase price and any late charges, collection costs, attorneys' fees and costs, expenses and incidental damages incurred by us or the consignor arising out of the purchaser's breach; (b) cancel the sale, retaining as liquidated damages all payments made by the purchaser; and/or (c) cancel the sale and/or resell the purchased property, at public auction and/or by private

sale, and in such event the purchaser shall be liable for the payment of all consequential damages, including any deficiencies or monetary losses, and all costs and expenses of such sale or sales, our commissions at our standard rates, all other charges due hereunder, all late charges, collection costs, attorneys' fees and costs, expenses and incidental damages. In addition, where two or more amounts are owed in respect of different transactions by the purchaser to us, to Bonhams 1793 Limited and/or to any of our other affiliates, subsidiaries or parent companies worldwide within the Bonhams Group, we reserve the right to apply any monies paid in respect of a transaction to discharge any amount owed by the purchaser. If all fees, commissions, premiums, bid prices and other sums due to us from the purchaser are not paid promptly as provided in these Conditions of Sale, we reserve the right to impose a finance charge equal to 1.5% per month (or, if lower, the maximum nonusurious rate of interest permitted by applicable law), on all amounts due to us beginning on the 31st day following the sale until payment is received, in addition to other remedies available to us by law.

- 3. We reserve the right to withdraw any property and to divide and combine lots at any time before such property's auction. Unless otherwise announced by the auctioneer at the time of sale, all bids are per lot as numbered in the catalog and no lots shall be divided or combined for sale.
- 4. We reserve the right to reject a bid from any bidder, to split any bidding increment, and to advance the bidding in any manner the auctioneer may decide. In the event of any dispute between bidders, or in the event the auctioneer doubts the validity of any bid, the auctioneer shall have sole and final discretion either to determine the successful bidder or to re-offer and resell the article in dispute. If any dispute arises after the sale, our sales records shall be conclusive in all respects.
- 5. If we are prevented by fire, theft or any other reason whatsoever from delivering any property to the purchaser or a sale otherwise cannot be completed, our liability shall be limited to the sum actually paid therefor by the purchaser and shall in no event include any compensatory, incidental or consequential damages.
- 6. If a lot is offered subject to a reserve, we may implement such reserve by bidding on behalf of the consignor, whether by opening bidding or continuing bidding in response to other bidders until reaching the reserve. If we have an interest in an offered lot and the proceeds therefrom other than our commissions, we may bid therefor to protect such interest. CONSIGNORS ARE NOT ALLOWED TO BID ON THEIR OWN ITEMS.
- 7. All statements contained in the catalog or in any bill of sale, condition report, invoice or elsewhere as to authorship, period, culture, source, origin, measurement, quality, rarity, provenance, importance, exhibition and literature of historical relevance, or physical condition ARE QUALIFIED STATEMENTS OF OPINION AND NOT REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES. No employee or agent of Bonhams is authorized to make on our behalf or on that of the consignor any representation or warranty, oral or written, with respect to any property.
- 8. All purchased property shall be removed from the premises at which the sale is conducted by the date(s) and time(s) set forth in the "Buyer's Guide" portion of the catalog. If not so removed, daily storage fees will be payable to us by the purchaser as set forth therein. We reserve the right to transfer property not so removed to an offsite warehouse at the purchaser's risk and expense, as set forth in more detail in the "Buyer's Guide." Accounts must be settled in full before property will be released. Packing and handling of purchased lots are the responsibility of the purchaser. Bonhams can provide packing and shipping services for certain items as noted in the "Buyer's Guide" section of the catalog.

- 9. The copyright in the text of the catalog and the photographs, digital images and illustrations of lots in the catalog belong to Bonhams or its licensors. You will not reproduce or permit anyone else to reproduce such text, photographs, digital images or illustrations without our prior written consent.
- 10. These Conditions of Sale shall bind the successors and assigns of all bidders and purchasers and inure to the benefit of our successors and assigns. No waiver, amendment or modification of the terms hereof (other than posted notices or oral announcements during the sale) shall bind us unless specifically stated in writing and signed by us. If any part of these Conditions of Sale is for any reason invalid or unenforceable, the rest shall remain valid and enforceable.
- 11. These Conditions of Sale and the purchaser's and our respective rights and obligations hereunder are governed by the laws of the State of California. By bidding at an auction, each purchaser and bidder agrees to be bound by these Conditions of Sale. Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this agreement, or the breach, termination or validity thereof, brought by or against Bonhams (but not including claims brought against the consignor by the purchaser of lots consigned hereunder) shall be resolved by the procedures set forth below.

SALES AND USE TAX

New York sales tax is charged on the hammer price, buyer's premium and any other applicable charges on any property collected or delivered in New York State, regardless of the state or country in which the purchaser resides or does business. Purchasers who make direct arrangements for collection by a shipper who is considered a "private" or "contract" carrier by the New York Department of Taxation and Finance will be charged New York sales tax, regardless of the destination of the property. Property collected for delivery to a destination outside of New York by a shipper who is considered a "common carrier" by the New York Department of Taxation and Finance (e.g. United States Postal Service, United Parcel Service, and FedEx) is not subject to New York sales tax, but if it is delivered into any state in which Bonhams is registered or otherwise conducts business sufficient to establish a nexus, Bonhams may be required by law to collect and remit the appropriate sales tax in effect in such state. Property collected for delivery outside of the United States by a freight-forwarder who is registered with the Transportation Security Administration ("TSA") is not subject to New York sales tax.

MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION PROCEDURES

- (a) Within 30 days of written notice that there is a dispute, the parties or their authorized and empowered representatives shall meet by telephone and/or in person to mediate their differences. If the parties agree, a mutually acceptable mediator shall be selected and the parties will equally share such mediator's fees. The mediator shall be a retired judge or an attorney familiar with commercial law and trained in or qualified by experience in handling mediations. Any communications made during the mediation process shall not be admissible in any subsequent arbitration, mediation or judicial proceeding. All proceedings and any resolutions thereof shall be confidential, and the terms governing arbitration set forth in paragraph (c) below shall govern.
- (b) If mediation does not resolve all disputes between the parties, or in any event no longer than 60 days after receipt of the written notice of dispute referred to above, the parties shall submit the dispute for binding arbitration before a single neutral arbitrator. Such arbitrator shall be a retired judge or an attorney familiar with commercial law and trained in or qualified by experience in handling arbitrations. Such arbitrator shall make all appropriate disclosures required by law. The arbitrator shall be drawn from a panel of a national arbitration service agreed to by the parties, and shall be selected as follows: (i) If the national arbitration service has specific rules or procedures, those rules or procedures shall be followed; (ii) If the national arbitration service does not

CONDITIONS OF SALE - CONTINUED

have rules or procedures for the selection of an arbitrator, the arbitrator shall be an individual jointly agreed to by the parties. If the parties cannot agree on a national arbitration service, the arbitration shall be conducted by the American Arbitration Association, and the arbitrator shall be selected in accordance with the Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The arbitrator's award shall be in writing and shall set forth findings of fact and legal conclusions.

- (c) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or provided by the published rules of the national arbitration service:
- (i) the arbitration shall occur within 60 days following the selection of the arbitrator:
- (ii) the arbitration shall be conducted in the designated location, as follows: (A) in any case in which the subject auction by Bonhams took place or was scheduled to take place in the State of New York or Connecticut or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the arbitration shall take place in New York City, New York; (B) in all other cases, the arbitration shall take place in the city of San Francisco, California; and
- (iii) discovery and the procedure for the arbitration shall be as follows:
- (A) All arbitration proceedings shall be confidential;
- (B) The parties shall submit written briefs to the arbitrator no later than 15 days before the arbitration commences;
- (C) Discovery, if any, shall be limited as follows: (I) Requests for no more than 10 categories of documents, to be provided to the requesting party within 14 days of written request therefor; (II) No more than two (2) depositions per party, provided however, the deposition(s) are to be completed within one (1) day; (III) Compliance with the above shall be enforced by the arbitrator in accordance with California law;
- (D) Each party shall have no longer than eight (8) hours to present its position. The entire hearing before the arbitrator shall not take longer than three (3) consecutive days;
- (E) The award shall be made in writing no more than 30 days following the end of the proceeding. Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered by any court having jurisdiction thereof.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, and except as

required by applicable arbitration rules, each party shall bear its own attorneys' fees and costs in connection with the proceedings and shall share equally the fees and expenses of the arbitrator.

LIMITED RIGHT OF RESCISSION

If within one (1) year from the date of sale, the original purchaser (a) gives written notice to us alleging that the identification of Authorship (as defined below) of such lot as set forth in the BOLD TYPE heading of the catalog description of such lot (as amended by any saleroom notices or verbal announcements during the sale) is not substantially correct based on a fair reading of the catalog (including the terms of any glossary contained therein), and (b) within 10 days after such notice returns the lot to us in the same condition as at the time of sale, and (c) establishes the allegation in the notice to our satisfaction (including by providing one or more written opinions by recognized experts in the field, as we may reasonably require), then the sale of such lot will be rescinded and unless we have already paid to the consignor monies owed him in connection with the sale, the original purchase price will be refunded.

If, prior to receiving such notice from the original purchaser alleging such defect, we have paid the consignor monies owed him in connection with the sale, we shall pay the original purchaser the amount of our commissions, any other sale proceeds to which we are entitled and applicable taxes received from the purchaser on the sale and make demand on the consignor to pay the balance of the original purchase price to the original purchaser. Should the consignor fail to pay such amount promptly, we may disclose the identity of the consignor and assign to the original purchaser our rights against the consignor with respect to the lot the sale of which is sought to be rescinded. Upon such disclosure and assignment, any liability of Bonhams as consignor's agent with respect to said lot shall automatically terminate.

The foregoing limited right of rescission is available to the original purchaser only and may not be assigned to or relied upon by any subsequent transferee of the property sold. The purchaser hereby accepts the benefit of the consignor's warranty of title and other representations and warranties made by the consignor for the purchaser's benefit. Nothing in this section shall be construed as an admission by us of any representation of fact, express or implied, obligation or responsibility with respect to any lot. THE PURCHASER'S SOLE AND

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"Authorship" means only the identity of the creator, the

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period, culture and source or origin of the lot, as the

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or impractical to use at the time of such publication.

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SELLER'S GUIDE

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AUCTION ESTIMATES

The first step in the auction process is to determine the auction value of your property. Bonhams' world-renowned specialists will evaluate your special items at no charge and in complete confidence. You can obtain an auction estimate in many ways:

- Attend one of our Auction Appraisal Events held regularly at our galleries and in other major metropolitan areas. The updated schedule for Bonhams Auction Appraisal Events is available at www.bonhams.com/us.
- Call our Client Services Department to schedule a private appointment at one of our galleries. If you have a large collection, our specialists can travel, by appointment, to evaluate your property on site.
- Send clear photographs to us of each individual item, including item dimensions and other pertinent information with each picture.
 Photos should be sent to Bonhams' address in envelopes marked

as "photo auction estimate". Alternatively, you can submit your request using our online form at **www.bonhams.com/us**. Digital images may be attached to the form. Please limit your images to no more than five (5) per item.

CONSIGNING YOUR PROPERTY

After you receive an estimate, you may consign your property to us for sale in the next appropriate auction. Our staff assists you throughout the process, arranging transportation of your items to our galleries (at the consignor's expense), providing a detailed inventory of your consignment, and reporting the prices realized for each lot. We provide secure storage for your property in our warehouses and all items are insured throughout the auction process. You will receive payment for your property approximately 35 days after completion of sale.

Sales commissions vary with the potential auction value of the property and the particular auction in which the property is offered. Please call us for commission rates.

PROFESSIONAL APPRAISAL SERVICES

Bonhams' specialists conduct insurance and fair market value appraisals for private collectors, corporations, museums, fiduciaries and government entities on a daily basis. Insurance appraisals, used for insurance purposes, reflect the cost of replacing property in today's retail market. Fair market value appraisals are used for estate,

tax and family division purposes and reflect prices paid by a willing buyer to a willing seller.

When we conduct a private appraisal, our specialists will prepare a thorough inventory listing of all your appraised property by category. Valuations, complete descriptions and locations of items are included in the documentation.

Appraisal fees vary according to the nature of the collection, the amount of work involved, the travel distance, and whether the property is subsequently consigned for auction.

Our appraisers are available to help you anywhere and at any time. Please call our Client Services Department to schedule an appraisal.

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Since 1865, Bonhams has been serving the needs of fiduciaries – lawyers, trust officers, accountants and executors – in the disposition of large and small estates. Our services are specially designed to aid in the efficient appraisal and disposition of fine art, antiques, jewelry, and collectibles. We offer a full range of estate services, ranging from flexible financial terms to tailored accounting for heirs and their agents to world-class marketing and sales support.

For more information or to obtain a detailed Trust and Estates package, please visit our website at **www.bonhams.com/us** or contact our Client Services Department.

BUYER'S GUIDE

BIDDING & BUYING AT AUCTION

Whether you are an experienced bidder or an enthusiastic novice, auctions provide a stimulating atmosphere unlike any other. Bonhams previews and sales are free and open to the public. As you will find in these directions, bidding and buying at auction is easy and exciting. Should you have any further questions, please visit our website at **www.bonhams.com** or call our Client Services Department at +1 (212) 644 9001.

Catalogs

Before each auction we publish illustrated catalogs. Our catalogs provide descriptions and estimated values for each 'iot." A lot may refer to a single item or to a group of items auctioned together. The catalogs also include the dates and the times for the previews and auctions. We offer our catalogs by subscription or by single copy. For information on subscribing to our catalogs, you may refer to the subscription form in this catalog, call our Client Services Department, or visit our website at

www.bonhams.com/us

Previews

Auction previews are your chance to inspect each lot prior to the auction. We encourage you to look closely and examine each object on which you may want to bid so that you will know as much as possible about it. Except as expressly set forth in the Conditions of Sale, items are sold "as is" and with all faults; illustrations in our catalogs, website and other materials are provided for identification only. At the previews, our staff is always available to answer your questions and guide you through the auction process. Condition reports may be available upon request.

Estimates

Bonhams catalogs include low and high value estimates for each lot, exclusive of the buyer's premium and tax. The estimates are provided as an approximate guide to current market value based primarily on previous auction results for comparable pieces, and should not be interpreted as a representation or prediction of actual selling prices. They are determined well in advance of a sale and are subject to revision. Please contact us should you have any questions about value estimates.

Reserves

Unless indicated by the paymbol next to the lot number, which denotes no reserve, all lots in the catalog are subject to a reserve. The reserve is the minimum auction price that the consignor is willing to accept for a lot. This amount is confidential and does not exceed the low estimate value.

Auction House's Interest in Property Offered at Auction

On occasion, Bonhams may offer property in which it has an ownership interest in whole or in part or otherwise has an economic interest. Such property, if any, is identified in the catalog with a **A** symbol next to the lot number(s).

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Bidding at Auction

At Bonhams, you can bid in many ways: in person, via absentee bid, over the phone, or via Bonhams' live online bidding facility. Absentee bids can be submitted in person, online, via fax or via email.

Valid Bonhams client accounts are required to participate in bidding activity. You can obtain registration information online, at the reception desk or by calling our Client Services Department.

By bidding at auction, whether in person or by agent, by absentee bid, telephone, online or other means, the buyer or bidder agrees to be bound by the Conditions of Sale.

Lots are auctioned in consecutive numerical order as they appear in the catalog. Bidding normally begins below the low estimate. The auctioneer will accept bids from interested parties present in the saleroom, from telephone bidders, and

from absentee bidders who have left written bids in advance of the sale. The auctioneer may also execute bids on behalf of the consignor by placing responsive or consecutive bids for a lot up to the amount of the reserve, but never above it.

We assume no responsibility for failure to execute bids for any reason whatsoever.

In Person

If you are planning to bid at auction for the first time, you will need to register at the reception desk in order to receive a numbered bid card. To place a bid, hold up your card so that the auctioneer can clearly see it. Decide on the maximum auction price that you wish to pay, exclusive of buyer's premium and tax, and continue bidding until your bid prevails or you reach your limit. If you are the successful bidder on a lot, the auctioneer will acknowledge your paddle number and bid amount.

Absentee Bids

As a service to those wishing to place bids, we may at our discretion accept bids without charge in advance of auction online or in writing on bidding forms available from us. "Buy" bids will not be accepted; all bids must state the highest bid price the bidder is willing to pay. Our auction staff will try to bid just as you would, with the goal of obtaining the item at the lowest bid price possible. In the event identical bids are submitted, the earliest bid submitted will take precedence. Absentee bids shall be executed in competition with other absentee bids, any applicable reserve, and bids from other auction participants. A friend or agent may place bids on your behalf, provided that we have received your written authorization prior to the sale. Absentee bid forms are available in our catalogs, online at www.bonhams.com/ us, at offsite auction locations, and at our San Francisco, Los Angeles and New York galleries.

By Telephone

Under special circumstances, we can arrange for you to bid by telephone. To arrange for a telephone bid, please contact our Client Services Department a minimum of 24 hours prior to the sale.

Online

We offer live online bidding for most auctions and accept absentee bids online for all our auctions.
Please visit www.bonhams.com/us for details.

Bid Increments

Bonhams generally uses the following increment multiples as bidding progresses:

\$50-200	by \$10s
\$200-500	by \$20/50/80s
\$500-1,000	by \$50s
\$1,000-2,000	by \$100s
\$2,000-5,000	by \$200/500/800s
\$5,000-10,000	by \$500s
\$10,000-20,000	by \$1,000s
\$20,000-50,000	by \$2,000/5,000/8,000s
\$50,000-100,000	by \$5,000s
\$100,000-200,000	by \$10,000s
above \$200,000	at auctioneer's discretion

The auctioneer may split or reject any bid at any time at his or her discretion as outlined in the Conditions of Sale.

Currency Converter

Solely for the convenience of bidders, a currency converter may be provided at Bonhams' auctions. The rates quoted for conversion of other currencies to U.S. Dollars are indications only and should not be relied upon by a bidder, and neither Bonhams nor its agents shall be responsible for any errors or omissions in the operation or accuracy of the currency converter.

Buyer's Premium

A buyer's premium is added to the winning bid price of each individual lot purchased, at the rates set forth in the Conditions of Sale. The winning bid price plus the premium constitute the purchase price for the lot. Applicable sales taxes are computed based on this figure, and the total becomes your final purchase price.

Unless specifically illustrated and noted, fine art frames are not included in the estimate or purchase price. Bonhams accepts no liability for damage or loss to frames during storage or shipment.

All sales are final and subject to the Conditions of Sale found in our catalogs, on our website, and available at the reception desk.

Payment

All buyers are asked to pay and pick up by 3pm on the business day following the auction. Payment may be made to Bonhams by cash, checks drawn on a U.S. bank, money order, wire transfer, or by Visa, MasterCard, American Express or Discover credit or charge card or debit card. All items must be paid for within 5 business days of the sale. Please note that payment by personal or business check may result in property not being released until purchase funds clear our bank. For payments sent by mail, please remit to Cashier Department, 220 San Bruno Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94103.

Sales Tax

Residents of states listed in Paragraph 1 of the Conditions of Sale must pay applicable sales tax. Other state or local taxes (or compensation use taxes) may apply. Sales tax will be automatically added to the invoice unless a valid resale number has been furnished or the property is shipped via common carrier to destinations outside the states listed in the Conditions of Sale. If you wish to use your resale license please contact Cashiers for our form.

Shipping & Removal

Bonhams can accommodate shipping for certain items. Please contact our Cashiers Department for more information or to obtain a quote. Carriers are not permitted to deliver to PO boxes.

International buyers are responsible for all import/export customs duties and taxes. An invoice stating the actual purchase price will accompany all international purchases.

Collection of Purchases

Please arrange for the packing and transport of your purchases prior to collection at our office. If you are sending a third party shipper, please request a release form from us and return it to +1 (212) 644 9009 prior to your scheduled pickup. To schedule collection of purchases, please call +1 (212) 644 9001.

Handling and Storage Charges

Please note that our office has requirement for freight elevator usage. Please contact us to schedule an elevator appointment for pickup of any large or awkward items. Bonhams will hold all purchased lots in our galleries until 5pm Wednesday 12 September without penalty. After Wednesday 12 September oversized lots (noted as W next to the lot number and listed on page 154) will be sent to Door To Door where transfer and full value protection fees will be immediately applicable. Storage charges will begin accruing for any lots not collected within 5 business days of the date of auction. All other sold lot will be retained in Bonhams Gallery until Wednesday 26 September without penalty provided however that if buyers of oversized lots also buy other non listed lots these other lots will also be sent to Door to Door where Transfer and full value protection fees will be immediately applicable. Collection of lots will be by appointment only.

Storage charges of \$5 per lot, per day will begin accruing for any lots not collected within 14 calendar days of the date of auction. Bonhams Reserve the right to remove uncollected sold lots to the warehouse of our choice at the buyer's risk and expense. further transfer handling, storage and full value protection fees will apply if move to a warehouse of our choice.

Please call +1 (212) 644 9001 at least 24 hours in advance

Auction Results

to make an appointment.

All you need is a touch-tone telephone and the lot number. Auction results are usually available on the next business day following the sale or online at **www.bonhams.com/us.**

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Auction Registration Form

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(Attendee / Absentee / Please circle your bidding			g)			D	Jililali	12
			Sale title:	Fine Japanese and Kor	rean Art	Sale da	ute: September 12, 2018	
Paddle number (for office use only)			Sale no.	Sale no. 24862 Sale			nue: New York	
General Notice: This sale will be conducted in accordance with Bonhams Conditions of Sale, and your bidding and buying at the sale will be governed by such terms and conditions. Please read the Conditions of Sale in conjunction with the Buyer's Guide relating to this sale and other published notices and terms relating to bidding. Payment by personal or business check may result in your property not being released until purchase funds clear our bank. Checks must be drawn on a U.S. bank.			General Bid Increments: \$10 - 200 by 10s \$10,000 - 20,000 by 1,000s \$200 - 500 by 20 / 50 / 80s \$20,000 - 50,000 by 2,000 / 5,00 \$500 - 1,000 by 50s \$50,000 - 100,000 by 5,000s \$1,000 - 2,000 by 100s \$100,000 - 200,000 by 10,000s \$2,000 - 5,000 by 200 / 500 / 800s above \$200,000 at the auctioneer has discretion to split any				0,000by 2,000 / 5,000 / 8,000s 00,000by 5,000s 200,000by 10,000s ,000at the auctioneer's discret	er's discretion
Notice to Absentee Bidders: In the table below, please provide details of the lots on which you wish to place bids at			Customer N	lumber		Title		
least 24 hours prior to the sale	. Bids will be	e rounded down	First Name Last Name					
to the nearest increment. Please refer to the Buyer's Guide in the catalog for further information relating to instructions to Bonhams to execute absentee bids on your behalf. Bonhams		Company name (to be invoiced if applicable)						
will endeavor to execute bids liable for any errors or non-exe	on your beha		Address					
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card statement etc. Corporate copy of their articles of associa	clients shou	ld also provide a	Telephone n	nobile		Telepho	ne daytime	
documents, together with a letter authorizing the individual to bid on the company's behalf. Failure to provide this may result		Telephone e			Fax			
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Type of bid (A-Absentee, T-Telephone)	Lot no.			ot number and not lot des o need to complete this s		n.) (6	MAX bid in US\$ excluding premium and applicable t rmergency bid for telephone bidders	ax) s only*
You instruct us to execute amount indicated above.	each abser	tee bid up to the co	rresponding bi		only if we are unable		of Buyer's Premium and tax) to be exect you by telephone or should the conr	
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